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# PACKET MODIFICATIONS

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June 3, 2025

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*Addition of Commissioner Hunter's Comments Regarding Comprehensive Plan and Public Comments Received.*

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Town of Paonia  
214 Grand Avenue  
Monday, June 2, 2025 6:00 PM  
Planning Commission Agenda  
<https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89873855488>  
Meeting ID: 898 7385 5488

## Roll Call

## Approval of Agenda

## Public Hearing

## Approval of Minutes

- 1) May 5, 2025 Planning Commission Minutes

## Actions & Presentations

Public comments must be related to the agenda item, 3-minute time limit.

Item #1 - Consideration of Public Comments Received Within the Comment Period for the Accepted Draft Master Plan

## Adjournment

### Comm. Hunter Comments:

1. Former P.C. Members Steve Klisset → <sup>Steve</sup> Clisset
2. Comments from Dave Knutson seem clerical in nature - I have no issues with including these recommended changes.
3. Comments from Elizabeth Joy Mueller are great, but not appropriate for inclusion in Comp Plan



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Item #1 - Consideration of Public Comments Received Within the Comment Period for the Accepted Draft Master Plan

## **Adjournment**

As Adopted By:  
Town of Paonia, Colorado  
Resolution No. 2017-10 – Amended May 22, 2018

I. Rules of Procedure

Section 1. Schedule of Meetings. Regular Board of Trustees meetings shall be held on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month, except on legal holidays, or as re-scheduled or amended and posted on the agenda prior to the scheduled meeting.

Section 2. Officiating Officer. The meetings of the Board of Trustees shall be conducted by the Mayor or, in the Mayor's absence, the Mayor Pro-Tem. The Town Clerk or a designee of the Board shall record the minutes of the meetings.

Section 3. Time of Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Trustees shall begin at 6:30 p.m. or as scheduled and posted on the agenda. Board Members shall be called to order by the Mayor. The meetings shall open with the presiding officer leading the Board in the Pledge of Allegiance. The Town Clerk shall then proceed to call the roll, note the absences and announce whether a quorum is present. Regular Meetings are scheduled for three hours, and shall be adjourned at 9:30 p.m., unless a majority of the Board votes in the affirmative to extend the meeting, by a specific amount of time.

Section 4. Schedule of Business. If a quorum is present, the Board of Trustees shall proceed with the business before it, which shall be conducted in the following manner. Note that all provided times are estimated:

- (a) Roll Call - (5 minutes)
- (b) Approval of Agenda - (5 minutes)
- (c) Announcements (5 minutes)
- (d) Recognition of Visitors and Guests (10 minutes)
- (e) Consent Agenda including Approval of Prior Meeting Minutes (10 minutes)
- (f) Mayor's Report (10 minutes)
- (g) Staff Reports: (15 minutes)
  - (1) Town Administrator's Report
  - (2) Public Works Reports
  - (3) Police Report
  - (4) Treasurer Report
- (h) Unfinished Business (45 minutes)
- (i) New Business (45 minutes)
- (j) Disbursements (15 minutes)
- (k) Committee Reports (15 minutes)
- (l) Adjournment

\* This schedule of business is subject to change and amendment.

Section 5. Priority and Order of Business. Questions relative to the priority of business and order shall be decided by the Mayor without debate, subject in all cases to an appeal to the Board of Trustees.

Section 6. Conduct of Board Members. Town Board Members shall treat other Board Members and the public in a civil and polite manner and shall comply with the Standards of Conduct for Elected Officials of the Town. Board Members shall address Town Staff and the Mayor by his/her title, other Board Members by the title of Trustee or the appropriate honorific (i.e.: Mr., Mrs. or Ms.), and members of the public by the

appropriate honorific. Subject to the Mayor's discretion, Board Members shall be limited to speaking two times when debating an item on the agenda. Making a motion, asking a question or making a suggestion are not counted as speaking in a debate.

Section 7. Presentations to the Board. Items on the agenda presented by individuals, businesses or other organizations shall be given up to 5 minutes to make a presentation. On certain issues, presenters may be given more time, as determined by the Mayor and Town Staff. After the presentation, Trustees shall be given the opportunity to ask questions.

Section 8. Public Comment. After discussion of an agenda item by the Board of Trustees has concluded, the Mayor shall open the floor for comment from members of the public, who shall be allowed the opportunity to comment or ask questions on the agenda item. Each member of the public wishing to address the Town Board shall be recognized by the presiding officer before speaking. Members of the public shall speak from the podium, stating their name, the address of their residence and any group they are representing prior to making comment or asking a question. Comments shall be directed to the Mayor or presiding officer, not to an individual Trustee or Town employee. Comments or questions should be confined to the agenda item or issue(s) under discussion. The speaker should offer factual information and refrain from obscene language and personal attacks.

Section 9. Unacceptable Behavior. Disruptive behavior shall result in expulsion from the meeting.

Section 10. Posting of Rules of Procedure for Paonia Board of Trustees Meetings. These rules of procedure shall be provided in the Town Hall meeting room for each Board of Trustees meeting so that all attendees know how the meeting will be conducted.

## II. Consent Agenda

Section 1. Use of Consent Agenda. The Mayor, working with Town Staff, shall place items on the Consent Agenda. By using a Consent Agenda, the Board has consented to the consideration of certain items as a group under one motion. Should a Consent Agenda be used at a meeting, an appropriate amount of discussion time will be allowed to review any item upon request.

Section 2. General Guidelines. Items for consent are those which usually do not require discussion or explanation prior to action by the Board, are non-controversial and/or similar in content, or are those items which have already been discussed or explained and do not require further discussion or explanation. Such agenda items may include ministerial tasks such as, but not limited to, approval of previous meeting minutes, approval of staff reports, addressing routine correspondence, approval of liquor licenses renewals and approval or extension of other Town licenses. Minor changes in the minutes such as non-material Scribner errors may be made without removing the minutes from the Consent Agenda. Should any Trustee feel there is a material error in the minutes, they should request the minutes be removed from the Consent Agenda for Board discussion.

Section 3. Removal of Item from Consent Agenda. One or more items may be removed from the Consent Agenda by a timely request of any Trustee. A request is timely if made prior to the vote on the Consent Agenda. The request does not require a second

or a vote by the Board. An item removed from the Consent Agenda will then be discussed and acted on separately either immediately following the consideration of the Consent Agenda or placed later on the agenda, at the discretion of the Board.

### III. Executive Session

Section 1. An executive session may only be called at a regular or special Board meeting where official action may be taken by the Board, not at a work session of the Board. To convene an executive session, the Board shall announce to the public in the open meeting the topic to be discussed in the executive session, including specific citation to the statute authorizing the Board to meet in an executive session and identifying the particular matter to be discussed "in as much detail as possible without compromising the purpose for which the executive session is authorized." In the event the Board plans to discuss more than one of the authorized topics in the executive session, each should be announced, cited and described. Following the announcement of the intent to convene an executive session, a motion must then be made and seconded. In order to go into executive session, there must be the affirmative vote of two thirds (2/3) of Members of the Board.

Section 2. During executive session, minutes or notes of the deliberations should not be taken. Since meeting minutes are subject to inspection under the Colorado Open Records Act, the keeping of minutes would defeat the private nature of executive session. In addition, the deliberations carried out during executive session should not be discussed outside of that session or with individuals not participating in the session. The contents of an executive session are to remain confidential unless a majority of the Trustees vote to disclose the contents of the executive session.

Section 3. Once the deliberations have taken place in executive session, the Board should reconvene in regular session to take any formal action decided upon during the executive session. If you have questions regarding the wording of the motion or whether any other information should be disclosed on the record, it is essential for you to consult with the Town Attorney on these matters.

### IV. Subject to Amendment

Section 1. Deviations. The Board may deviate from the procedures set forth in this Resolution, if, in its sole discretion, such deviation is necessary under the circumstances.

Section 2. Amendment. The Board may amend these Rules of Procedures Policy from time to time.



**Town of Paonia  
214 Grand Avenue  
Monday, May 5, 2025 6:00 PM  
Planning Commission Minutes**

**Record of Proceedings**

Chair Watson calls the meeting to order at 6:01PM

**Roll Call**

Present:

Chair Watson

Vice Chair Howe

Commissioner Hunter

Commissioner Wynn

Commissioner Smith

Commissioner Stelter

Absent:

Commissioner Bachran

**Approval of Agenda**

Commissioner Hunter makes a motion to approve the agenda. Seconded by Commissioner Howe.

The motion carries unanimously.

**Approval of Minutes**

March 3, 2025 Planning Commission Minutes

April 7, 2025 Planning Commission Minutes

Commissioner Smith stated she does not have any changes to the minutes but would like to add a clarification for the record that Chair Watson, at the April 7th meeting, voted "NO" on the scheduling. At that meeting, Chair Watson explained she was voting that way due to not being able to attend the Planning Hearing scheduled for July 16th.

Chair Watson requested clarification on why an individual would make a motion and then vote against it. Clerk Vetter explained that this is permitted, as motions may be made solely to initiate discussion.

Commissioner Smith makes a motion to approve the March 3, 2025, meeting minutes. Seconded by Vice Chair Howe.

The motion carries unanimously.

Commissioner Smith makes a motion to approve the March 7, 2025, meeting minutes. Seconded by Commissioner Hunter.

The motion carries unanimously.

### **Actions & Presentations**

Public comments must be related to the agenda item, 3-minute time limit.

Item #1 - Presentation of the Draft Comprehensive "Master" Plan to the Public -

Topics covered of presentation and discussion of the final draft **Comprehensive Plan** (68-page core + appendices = ~147 pages).

Key Updates: Updated acknowledgements, new appendices (housing survey comments & needs assessment), enhanced maps (floodways, gateways, facilities), clarified policies (dark skies, ADA compliance, urban forestry).

Public Outreach: Plan available physically (Library, Senior Center, etc.) and digitally (website, QR codes). Notifications through various social media platforms were also utilized of availability and how to submit comments.

Public Comments Received: No written comments received by meeting time (deadline May 22).

Public Comment:

Unknown: commented on the social quality of engagement.

C. Ostrander: commented on the amount of comment already received through the process.

J. Dervin Ackerman: commented in support of the draft Plan.

Chair Watson notes public comments can be sent to [paonia@townofpaonia.com](mailto:paonia@townofpaonia.com). The deadline for comments is May 22, 2025. Handwritten comments can be handed over to the front desk or mailed to Town of Paonia, PO Box 460, Paonia, CO 81428-0460.

### **Adjournment**

Chair Watson adjourns the meeting at 7:14 PM.

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Samira M. Vetter, Town Clerk

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Paige Smith, Mayor

# Summary of Public Comments on Town Comprehensive Plan

## Overview

The Town received four public comments regarding the draft Comprehensive Plan between May 5-21, 2025. Comments came from local residents and business owners expressing support for the plan and offering specific suggestions for improvement.

## Key Themes

### Strong Support for Dark Sky Protection

Two commenters (Melisa Brady and Aaron Watson) specifically praised the plan's attention to protecting nighttime skies and the nocturnal environment. Both expressed appreciation for this environmental protection measure being included in the Community Vision.

### Organizational Inclusion Suggestions

David Knutson provided detailed recommendations to better recognize Home Owners' Associations within the plan, noting that four HOAs exist within town limits. He suggested three specific text additions:

- Page 8: Add "Home Owners' Associations" after "Environmental, Agricultural"
- Page 61, Housing Policy 25: Include HOAs after "community based organizations"
- Page 67, Gov Goal 2: Reference HOAs alongside other local organizations

### Environmental Sustainability Proposals

Elizabeth Mueller submitted comprehensive suggestions focusing on waste management and community health:

- **Waste Separation Program:** Recommended implementing separate collection for trash, food waste, and recycling to reduce methane emissions and create compost for local agricultural use
- **Blue Zones Model:** Suggested incorporating research-based community health and wellness factors that promote longevity

## Overall Reception

All commenters expressed appreciation for the extensive work put into the Comprehensive Plan and supported its adoption. The feedback demonstrates community engagement with environmental protection, organizational representation, and sustainability initiatives.

## Ruben Santiago

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**From:** Flower [REDACTED]  
**Sent:** Monday, May 5, 2025 11:47 AM  
**To:** Paonia  
**Subject:** Town Comprehensive Plan draft

You don't often get email from [REDACTED] [Learn why this is important](#)

Blessed Greetings ~

I am writing to say I really appreciate how our nighttime skies are mentioned in Paonia's Community Vision and fully support protection of the nocturnal world and how it survives and thrives here because we care enough to protect and nurture it, just as much as the daytime skies. :)

Thank you thank you thank you so much for your diligence and commitment to this beautiful place we all call home!!!!

With reverence for the Land Waters Folks and All Life~

Melisa Brady

Resident of Paonia (Pitkin Mesa) and business owner in town limits for the past 6 years

**Ruben Santiago**

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**From:** Aaron Watson [REDACTED]  
**Sent:** Wednesday, May 7, 2025 3:59 PM  
**To:** Paonia  
**Subject:** Comp. Plan Comment

Hello Town of Paonia,

Thank you so much for hosting the Comprehensive Plan presentation at the planning committee meeting this week.

I especially appreciate the attention towards protecting the night and dark skies.

It is clear that a lot of work has gone into this plan and I think it should be adopted for the Town.

Many thanks for your tremendous work,

Aaron

Aaron Watson

## Ruben Santiago

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**From:** David Knutson [REDACTED]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, May 6, 2025 6:21 PM  
**To:** Paonia  
**Subject:** General Plan Comment

You don't often get email from [REDACTED] [Learn why this is important](#)

Hi Stef, Board Members, Planning Commission, Contractors, and Staff (not listed in order of importance, all of you did great work on moving this forward! Thanks tons, Dave)

These are some suggested additions so that the plan includes some reference to Home Owners' Associations. I believe we have four in the Town limits.

1. Page 8 of the plan top paragraph, fifth line down after the words "Environmental, Agricultural," add **Home Owners' Associations,**
2. Page 61 of the plan, Housing Policy 25, after the words "community based organizations" then add a coma and insert **Home Owners' Associations,**
3. Page 67 of the plan, Gov Goal 2, add with local organizations such as non-profits, Home Owners' Associations, schools, and advocacy organizations.

David Knutson  
[REDACTED]

## Ruben Santiago

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**From:** Elizabeth Joy Mueller [REDACTED]  
**Sent:** Wednesday, May 21, 2025 3:36 PM  
**To:** Paonia  
**Cc:** Elizabeth Joy Mueller  
**Subject:** Comments for Town Planning Report  
**Attachments:** Community BZP Brochure.pdf; BlueZones.Private Sector Benefits.pdf; BlueZones Overview.Factsheet.pdf

You don't often get email from [REDACTED] [Learn why this is important](#)

Hello,

Thank you so much for all the hard work put into the Plan for Town of Paonia!

I would like to bring to the attention one issue that could be very beneficial on many levels esp given the levels of farming and gardening in our valley.

Could we look to a plan that would separate trash from food waste and recycling? Many cities and states are moving towards programs that separate these three into different bins to be picked up and processed separately instead of into one huge landfill site. Doing so greatly reduces methane production ( a significant contributor to climate change) that occurs when these are all dumped together. Additionally when a compost site is set aside to process food scraps and waste it can be turned into compost and recycled back into our public green spaces and shared with gardeners and farmers in the area. Thus enriching the soils and green spaces instead of depleting resources in the valley.

If a program to pick this up separately for each household isn't feasible could there be more convenient locations for individual households to do drop offs for recycling and food waste or compost scraps?

There are many resources out there that speak to this

<https://www.usda.gov/foodlossandwaste/why>

<https://drawdown.org/programs/drawdown-stories/neighborhood/alexis-cromer>

<https://drawdown.ecochallenge.org/about/resources>

Another suggestion is to consider how we can strengthen community through the Blue Zones model. The Blue Zone model is based on extensive research done around the world on the communities where people live the longest in the healthiest ways.

Find more specific details in these articles that outline the 9 community factors that increase health and wellness in communities.

Much appreciated,



# COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

TOWN OF PAONIA

DRAFT ACCEPTED BY THE PLANNING ON MARCH 3, 2025



PHOTO CREDIT: STEVE HUNTLEY

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

## Town of Paonia Mayors & Board of Trustee Members

Paige Smith (Mayor), Kathy Swartz (Mayor Pro-Tempore), Walter Czech (Trustee), Lucy Hunter (Trustee) Rick Stelter (Trustee), John Valentine (Trustee), Mike Heck (Trustee), Mary Bachran (Mayor, Retired), David Knutson (Mayor Pro-Tempore, former), Morgan MacInnis (Trustee, former), Thomas Markle (Trustee, former), William Brunner (Trustee, former)

## Town of Paonia Planning Commission

Suzanne Watson (Chair), Lyn Howe (Vice-Chair), Mary Bachran, Paige Smith, Lucy Hunter, Rick Stelter, Stefen Wynn

The following former Planning Commission Members also assisted in this Plan:

David Knutson, Steve Klisset, Bill Brunner, Peter McCarthy

## Town of Paonia Staff

Stefen Wynn, Town Administrator & Treasurer

Samira Vetter, Town Clerk

Ruben Santiago, Deputy Town Clerk

Cory Heiniger, Public Works Director

Matt Laiminger, Police Chief

## Town of Paonia Committees

Parks Committee, and Tree Board

## Consultant Team

Calla Rose Ostrander (Phoenix Rising Resources, LLC), Marissa Mommaerts (Resilience & Regeneration LLC), Molly Wheelock and Mara Mantoiu (Studio MW), Scott Brown (Active Peace), Jess Dervin-Ackerman (JDA Consulting), Shay Coburn (Urban Rural Continuum)

## Past Plans, Studies, and Work

The 2024 Town of Paonia Comprehensive Plan draws information and inspiration from the following:

- [1996 Paonia Comprehensive Plan](#)
- Draft Paonia Master Plans including EMB Consultants (2021) and Barbara Peterson (2012)
- [2010 Highway 133 Corridor Plan](#)
- 2010 Growth Management Agreement for the Unincorporated Areas Surrounding the Town of Paonia
- 2010 North Fork Valley Vision 2020
- 2014 North Fork Valley Heart & Soul Project
- 2017 Town of Paonia Zoning Map
- [2022 Paonia in Motion: Parks, Recreation & Trails Master Plan \(PRTMP\)](#)
- 2022 Town of Paonia Community Strategic Planning Session
- [2023 Town of Paonia Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan](#)

For a full list of all documents and research please see Appendix C, Reference & Resource Documents.

**This project was supported by a generous grant from the  
Colorado Department of Local Affairs (DOLA).**

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## ABOUT THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

Municipalities in Colorado are authorized to prepare comprehensive plans as long-range guiding documents as prescribed in the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) Sections 31-23-206 through 209, which refer to the development, modification, and approval of procedures for such a plan.

The purpose of the Paonia Comprehensive Plan (the Plan) is to establish a course of action for addressing the pressures of future growth and development in the area while maintaining the Town's rural agricultural setting. The Plan is an officially adopted advisory document that outlines the community's vision and goals for the next ten to twenty years, and beyond. However, it is also a document that should be revisited and updated every five to seven years to ensure that it continues to meet the community's vision and goals for the future.

The Plan is comprehensive in nature—addressing issues related to land use, growth and development, community character, economic development, infrastructure needs, and tourism, parks and open space, and other topics of importance to the community. The Plan establishes goals, and policies to help achieve the community's vision. It also provides a blueprint for future growth within the Town of Paonia and its defined boundaries to be implemented through the Town's zoning and subdivision regulations and other regulatory tools. Achieving the vision and goals outlined in the Plan will be implemented incrementally over time through day-to-day decision-making.

According to the Colorado Department of Local Affairs (DOLA), the comprehensive plan “promotes the community's vision, goals, objectives, and policies, establishes a process for orderly growth and development, addresses both current and long-term needs, and provides for a balance between the natural and built environment.” Paonia's last comprehensive plan was adopted in 1996.

The discipline of planning has evolved significantly since Paonia's last comprehensive plan was adopted in 1996. Rather than limiting a plan's scope to land use and physical development, the American Planning Association emphasizes sustainability, equity, responsible regionalism, and especially community participation. The process of creating a plan is just as important as the outcome. The initial goals for this process, which the Town established in their call for the Paonia Comprehensive Plan, were as follows:

- Develop a shared vision and a clear, accessible plan to guide our community toward a thriving and resilient future.
- Utilize a participatory community engagement process that builds trust in local government and momentum toward addressing community needs and goals.

## PLAN ORGANIZATION

### Part I: Introduction

This part includes a brief background on the Town of Paonia and the vision articulated for the Town.



## Part II: Summary of Community Engagement Events

This part provides a summary of the three public engagement sessions held in 2023 and early 2024.

## Part III: Plan Elements

Each element contains a specific vision as well as a list of values in the form of Goals. Under each Goal is a series of policies that create a path for the community to achieve the vision and enhance the Goals. The policies provide guidance for day-to-day and long-term decision-making for the Board of Trustees, Planning Commission, Town staff, and community. They are not listed in any particular order.

## Appendix

The appendix provides background on several Plan Elements, resources and research used to inform this Plan.

## PLAN TIMELINE

- RFP was released in October 2022.
- Contract was awarded in March 2023.
- Kickoff meeting was conducted with the Planning Commission and Board of Trustees and existing plans and background materials were reviewed in March 2023.
- Community engagement workshops took place on April 27 and June 10, 2023.
- Future Land Use Plan public workshop was held on March 3, 2024.
- Planning Commission Public Hearing: Infrastructure Element held on March 13, 2024
- Planning Commission Public Hearing: Economic Development and Governance and Community Participation Element held on April 3, 2024
- Planning Commission Public Hearing: Transportation and Parks & Recreation, Trails and Urban Forest Elements held on May 1, 2024
- Contractor's presented Plan information and updates the Board of Trustees at seven meetings held from December 2022 to June 2024
- The Contractor's final draft Plan was submitted on June 21, 2024.
- Joint Board of Trustees & Planning Commission Meeting: presentation of plan and determination of process and timeline for adoption held on July 18, 2024.
- Planning Commission Meeting to discuss the final draft of comprehensive plan held on July 22, 2024.
- Planning Commission Meeting to discuss the final draft of comprehensive plan held on August 5, 2024.
- Planning Commission Meeting to discuss the final draft of comprehensive plan held on August 19, 2024.
- Joint Board of Trustees & Planning Commission Meeting: Discussion & Consideration of Comprehensive (Master) Plan Completion held on September 4, 2024  
Planning Commission Meeting to discuss proposed changes to the June 21<sup>st</sup> final draft of comprehensive plan held on October 15, 2024.
- Members of the consulting team met with the Planning Commission and Town Boards/Committees, including the Tree Board and Parks Committee, multiple times throughout the process.



## ABOUT THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

- The consulting team coordinated with Urban Rural Continuum; a consulting firm hired by the Town of Paonia to conduct a Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan at roughly the same time as this Comprehensive Plan.
- Final public hearing was held by the Planning Commission in July, 2025.



# PART I: INTRODUCTION



PHOTO CREDIT: MICHELLE PATTISON

## PAONIA'S COMMUNITY VISION

The community vision that informs this Plan was inspired by the work of the North Fork Heart & Soul project and was further developed with the public through the Town of Paonia Comprehensive Plan community engagement process.

### VISION

Paonia is a unique and welcoming small town with strong ethics of self-reliance and care for our families and neighbors. We honor and respect Paonia's rich history and heritage, including arts, agriculture, mining, and the original inhabitants of this land, the Ute.

We prioritize maintaining our small-town character, economic and cultural diversity, creativity, existing community resources and as a Dark Sky internationally designated Dark Skies Town, the protection of our nighttime skies. Any development or growth in our community must align with and enhance these core values focusing on strategic infill, small scale projects that complement our Town's unique identity rather than large scale expansion. We share a deep connection to our rural landscape and natural resources.

We support opportunities to cultivate ecological regeneration and stewardship, protection of wildlands, healthy living, and a thriving place-based economy.



## ABOUT PAONIA

### PAONIA

Paonia, Colorado, is a small, statutory town approximately 500 acres in size which is situated in an agricultural valley nestled between the North Fork of the Gunnison River and the West Elks range of the Rocky Mountains. Known for its peaches, cherries, vineyards, cider, ranches, small farms, breathtaking views, and access to nature and the arts, Paonia is consistently ranked as one of the best small towns in Colorado and is home to the highest density of organic farms in the state of Colorado. Those who call Paonia home cherish and seek to protect its small-town character, rural landscape, agricultural heritage, surrounding wildlands, and self-reliant way of life.

### HISTORY & HERITAGE

The North Fork Valley was part of the ancestral homeland of the Ute people. In 1881, the US federal government closed the North Fork Valley Ute Reservation and relocated the remaining Ute people to a reservation in Utah. Soon after, Paonia was settled by Civil War veteran Samuel Wade and preacher William Clark, who had initially traveled to the area with Enos Hotchkiss. Samuel Wade officially incorporated Paonia in 1902, naming it after his favorite flower, the peony, which he brought to the settlement along with the first fruit trees. Farming, ranching, and mining became some of the Town's primary industries. Paonia is a misspelling of the genus for peony – *Paeonia*.

### CULTURE & CHARACTER

The floral reference to peonies in the Town's name inspires pride in the community's natural and agricultural heritage. The North Fork Valley's long history of cattle ranching, mining, and pioneering spirit remains today. Early horticulturalists living in the valley planted Paonia Town Park with trees now at more than 100 years old, offer a beautiful, shaded haven for both community members and tourists. Paonia Town Park is home to popular festivals and gatherings including the Mountain Harvest Festival, the BMW "Top of the Rockies" Rally, the Pickin' in the Park summer concert series, and Cherry Days—one of the longest running 4th of July festivals in Colorado.

The people of Paonia value their cultural, political, and economic diversity. Ranchers, miners, and families who have been in the area for generations share the Town with artists and creatives, entrepreneurs, organic farmers, outdoor enthusiasts, wellness practitioners, and an increasing number of people who work remotely. Neighbors with different lifestyles and political views often come together and help each other in times of need. A 2014 community-led initiative called "The North Fork Heart & Soul Project" succeeded in capturing many of the shared values of Paonia's diverse residents; those values have informed this Plan. During the engagement process for this plan, community members expressed their values related to Paonia's culture and character, including the following:

- The small-town community feel—a culture that is welcoming, safe, respectful, and inclusive
- Community resources and offerings such as a library, schools, a radio station, festivals, art and cultural creatives, churches, and nonprofits
- Honoring the history and heritage, farms and festivals, arts and creative culture



## DEMOGRAPHICS

The Town of Paonia’s population has remained relatively stable over the past 40+ years; the population in 2023 is just 3.5% higher than in 1980 with a total of 1475 residents. Paonia’s population has aged, with 43% over age 55, while the percentage of adults between 18-54 has decreased over the past decade. However, single working adults and families are also drawn to the area because of the high quality of life, sense of community, safety, and access to both traditional and alternative forms of education.

## ECONOMY & GROWTH

Coal mining was Paonia’s economic lifeblood for decades and remains a source of pride as well as a source of income for the community. In recent years two of three nearby mines have closed; however, the remaining nearby West Elk Mine in Gunnison County is currently the most productive mine in Colorado and offers well-paying mining and wholesale trade jobs. The economic impact of the other closures was strongly felt by the community and has begun to be partially offset by the growth of other industries, particularly remote work (supported by the introduction of high-speed internet in 2017) and tourism.

The 1996 Comprehensive Plan and subsequent land use planning, regulations, and codes sought to limit sprawl and preserve rural character. Over the past three decades, Paonia’s remote location and distance from downhill skiing and other high-end recreation has provided some natural buffer to the growth and development seen in many Colorado resort towns.

Growth has generally been constrained since the Town’s adoption of a moratorium on the sale of new water taps or other new uses of domestic water that went into effect on January 29, 2020. This prohibition on new taps limits the ability for new residential and commercial construction in the Town of Paonia and the 27 water companies (consecutive systems) in the surrounding mesas receiving water from Paonia’s water treatment facility. Measuring the amount of source water available from the Town’s spring fed system throughout the year will be the first step in contemplating the lifting of the moratorium and what level of growth (if any) can be supported by the available water supply. In addition, an increase in housing demand was observed between 2020 – 2023, determined mainly by the migration of people living in urban cores relocating to Paonia during the COVID pandemic.

These two factors have greatly increased the cost of housing in Paonia. Housing price increases have outpaced a rise in wages by a ratio of 5.5 to 1, displacing residents and creating barriers for businesses looking to hire seasonal and full-time wage workers.

## EDUCATION, CIVIL SOCIETY & HEALTH CARE

For a small community, Paonia has abundant educational opportunities. Children have access to diverse preschools and elementary schools within the Delta County School District including Paonia K-8 elementary school; the North Fork School of Integrated Studies, a Waldorf-inspired public charter school with associated Backpack Early Learning Academy Preschool; and North Fork Montessori in Crawford. Teenagers living in Paonia attend the public North Fork High School in neighboring Hotchkiss.



Paonia is rich in arts, as well as vocational and social nonprofits—many located in the downtown Creative District including the iconic Paradise Theatre, KVNF Community Radio, Blue Sage Center for the Arts, and more. The community is proud of its library, a hub of activity in a beautiful building constructed in 2009. Just outside Paonia is Solar Energy International, a long-running renewable energy vocational school that attracts students from around the world. Environmental, agricultural, and service organizations round out Paonia’s civil society, along with churches of many denominations. Finally, nonprofits and private businesses provide access to extracurriculars and education including healthy cooking, organic farming, art and music lessons, karate and dance classes, yoga and exercise, and nature and horse camps, to name a few.

Healthcare within the Town of Paonia is limited to private enterprises including Paonia Care & Rehabilitation Center, a licensed 60-bed skilled nursing and rehabilitation facility, and several private practices including physical therapy, dentistry, acupuncture, chiropractic, and numerous other alternative and integrated wellness practitioners. The nearest public medical clinic is West Elk Clinic in Hotchkiss, part of the Delta Health system (which features multiple clinics throughout the county) and Delta County Memorial Hospital in Delta.

## ECOLOGY, CLIMATE & WATERSHED

Paonia is located at an elevation of 5,682 feet (about 1.73 kilometers) and is known for its mild climate that has historically been especially suitable for growing fruit. Much of the Town of Paonia and surrounding agricultural land is green thanks to a network of privately managed irrigation systems, which are governed by local ditch companies and complex water laws. The surrounding wildlands are at a similar elevation and include dryland/high desert juniper-sagebrush ecosystems. The North Fork of the Gunnison River runs through the west side of Town, and its riparian corridor is home to abundant wildlife including beavers, mule deer, elk, fox, coyotes, and more. The Town is surrounded by vast expanses of public land managed by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the US Forest Service (USFS)—which has an office in Paonia, and private ranchers with grazing permits on public lands.

The Paonia region is one of the more extreme climate hotspots in the country. According to the US Geological Survey, Delta County, most of the Western Slope, and parts of Utah have already experienced warming of more than 3.9 degrees Fahrenheit. Like the majority of the Colorado River Basin, Paonia suffers from greater drought stress and has heightened risk for catastrophic wildfire. Paonia’s municipal source water springs are located on USFS land, which is leased for cattle grazing. Irregular and decreased snowpack levels and changes in snowmelt patterns are already affecting the infiltration dynamics of the mountain springs that feed the municipal domestic water system and numerous privately managed water systems in the surrounding unincorporated areas.



# PART II: COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT EVENTS

# COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT EVENTS

## SUMMARY OF COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT EVENTS

### Public Engagement Session #1

The first Comprehensive Plan community engagement session was held on April 27, 2023, and attracted more than 60 participants. The main objective for this session was to gather feedback on an initial set of community values to guide the Plan. In addition, participants had the opportunity to provide input on all components of the Plan—including Vision, Goals, and Policies—through interactive ranking, brainstorming, and group-discussion activities. Some of the key issues and themes identified were

- protecting the rural, agricultural, and small-town character of Paonia;
- prioritizing the municipal water system and other key infrastructure and services;
- addressing the housing emergency;
- finding a balanced role for tourism as an economic driver;
- identifying climate resilience and ecosystem health; and
- providing transparency and improved communication between the Town and community.



## Public Engagement Session #2

The second Comprehensive Plan community engagement session was held on June 24, 2023, and had 44 registered participants. The main objectives for this session were to develop a shared community vision and dig deeper into key issues that were brought forward during the first community engagement session. The Community Vision statement and the Vision statements included at the beginning of each element were developed by participants attending this session and informed by the research conducted for this Plan. Some of the community priorities identified during this session are presented below.

### Land Use and Housing

- Preserve and increase open space and river access
- Develop and implement a housing action plan
- Regulate short-term rentals
- As appropriate, increase residential density rather than sprawl
- Conduct a zoning study
- Create design standards and preserve historic character

### Infrastructure

- Plan and implement needed water system repairs, improvements, and maintenance
- Follow the guidance of the Town engineer (or firm) to understand source water availability
- Integrate planning and maintenance for water, sewer, streets, sidewalks, and street-trees to improve efficiency and cost-effectiveness

### Economic Development

- Retain the existing downtown commercial corridor
- Provide support for small businesses and entrepreneurship
- Grow Town capacity for economic development

### Parks and Recreation

- With community and partner organizations, prioritize and implement recommendations from the Parks, Recreation & Trails Master Plan
- Prioritize youth recreation and Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) accessibility, including safe routes to schools and designated nonmotorized and accessible routes

### Governance and Participation

- Facilitate engagement events to improve working relationship between Town and community members
- Improve accessibility of publicly available information
- Provide training and resources to educate the Town and the public on good governance and participation
- Hold productive and healthy Town Board meetings that enable community participation



### **Public Engagement Session #3**

The third community engagement session was held on March 3, 2024, and included 47 people. This session focused on presenting a draft Future Land Use Plan and map along with the public comment, existing planning, environmental, and geological elements that informed it. Members of the public, Town Staff, and elected officials were given worksheets to provide written comments. Members of the public expressed support for the focus on the following:

- Develop commercial property in the Downtown Core instead of along Highway 133
- Preserve culture and character of the Downtown Core and residential neighborhoods
- Create urban agricultural area designations along the river, in the Highway 133 corridor, and in specific areas of Town
- Integrate cottage industries into more business-heavy areas of Town
- Acknowledge and take wildlife corridors into consideration with all zoning and development
- Provide safe access to parks and places of education and recreation for children

Some members of the public expressed surprise regarding areas with geological hazards including land slides and flooding, and indicated they were not previously aware of these.



# PART III: PLAN ELEMENTS



PHOTO CREDIT: AARON WATSON

SKIES ΔLIVE

# LAND USE AND FUTURE GROWTH FRAMEWORK

## OVERVIEW

Growth outside of Town limits is currently defined by the Paonia - Delta County Inter Governmental Agreement (IGA) and the Highway 133 Corridor Master Plan (see Figures 1 and 2 below). The current growth planning strategy focuses on protecting productive agricultural areas, open land and scenic viewsheds, specifically the West Elk Scenic Byway. It states that annexation and new residential development should be concentrated in proximity to existing infrastructure, and the fiscal impacts of new development should be covered by the residents who benefit from any extension of municipal utility services. Future development within the 3-Mile Growth Area and the Urban Growth Areas along Highway 133 should be compatible with its surroundings and should focus on maintaining a critical mass of agricultural land.

Paonia has the ability through its policies and regulations, intergovernmental agreements, and other tools to help inform where and how growth will occur in the future, the types of growth the community would like to see and guide the character and form of future development. Goals and policies ensure that future growth occurs incrementally in a manner that is consistent with Paonia's values and maintains a commitment to the needs and desires of local residents.

## VISION

Maintain Paonia's rural character and slower pace of life that are interconnected with the landscape, seasons, and thriving community life. Ensure that urban agriculture thrives; the community continues to feel connected to the surrounding farmland and natural landscape. Wildlife corridors, dark nighttime skies, greenways, and viewsheds are protected and cherished. Ensure the Town has walkable, tree-lined streets that surround a small but vibrant historic downtown. Make sure the historic core neighborhoods are celebrated, while "gentle" growth harmoniously adds to the character of the Town and provides housing for all walks of life that make up the diverse local community.

## GOALS FOR LAND USE

- LU GOAL 1:** Preserve open space, agricultural land, interconnection with nature and wildlife habitats, and dark nighttime skies.
- LU GOAL 2:** Maintain the town's rural character, historic heritage, and farming and ranching legacy.
- LU GOAL 3:** Clear planning for a growing community with well-managed, growth objectives.



## GOAL

**LU GOAL 1:** Preserve open space, agricultural land, interconnection with nature and wildlife habitats, and dark nighttime skies.

## POLICIES

**POLICY LU 1:** Prioritize efforts to reduce light pollution in compliance with Town of Paonia Code, Chapter 19, Article 7 Outdoor Lighting Regulations in order to maintain the natural darkness (dark skies) to preserve the nighttime view of the stars and the many other benefits of dark skies.

**POLICY LU 2:** Ensure responsible growth and development that supports open space by referring to and regularly revisiting and adjusting (as needed) the Paonia Growth Management Agreement with Delta County that applies to the 3-mile Urban Growth Boundary surrounding the Town of Paonia

**POLICY LU 3:** Maintain nodes of open space along Highway 133 in order to establish a clear separation between commercial development and avoid “stripping” development along the arterial.

**POLICY LU 4:** Ensure that new development does not significantly impair wildlife resources.

## GOAL

**LU GOAL 2:** Maintain the town’s rural character, historic heritage, and farming and ranching legacy.

## POLICIES

**POLICY LU 5:** Balance economic growth, housing and redevelopment with the desire to preserve Paonia’s rural character.

**POLICY LU 6:** Promote a built environment that is in harmony with the existing scale and historic character of Paonia while remaining open to contemporary, energy efficient, and alternative building methods.

## GOAL

**LU GOAL 3:** Clear planning for a growing community with well-managed growth objectives.

## POLICIES

**POLICY LU 7:** Approach development with clear and consistent regulations and procedures that are effective and fair.

**POLICY LU 8:** Support diverse and affordable housing options.

**POLICY LU 9:** Encourage energy efficiency for residential and commercial structures.



- POLICY LU 10:** Ensure that community desires exemplified in the Future Land Use Map are considered when contemplating the annexation of properties leading up to and along the Highway 133 corridor to increase Town revenue.
- POLICY LU 11:** Prioritize development that activates vacant spaces and rejuvenates blighted properties.
- POLICY LU 12:** Ensure that development and annexation proposals result in growth that is compatible with Paonia's character and provides community benefits and enhancements.
- POLICY LU 13:** Encourage infill and redevelopment within the Town's existing limits and where infrastructure and services already exist.
- POLICY LU 14:** Encourage collaboration between the Town, developers, and other relevant stakeholders to reduce the cost of extending utilities and roads to prospective property as much as feasible.
- POLICY LU 15:** Ensure that prior to annexation all existing utilities and roads are brought up to Town standards before approval of annexation, or that a plan is adopted ahead of annexation that ensures the roadway will be brought up to Town standards, which could include special assessments levied on properties for annexation.
- POLICY LU 16:** Encourage that the leadership for members of key neighborhoods and consecutive water systems existing in areas contemplated for annexation have been engaged in the deliberations of annexation.
- POLICY LU 17:** Discourage close proximity of incompatible land uses.
- POLICY LU 18:** Enhance the Town's resiliency to natural disasters and environmental hazards.



Figure 1: Growth Management Agreement for the Unincorporated Areas Surrounding the Town of Paonia

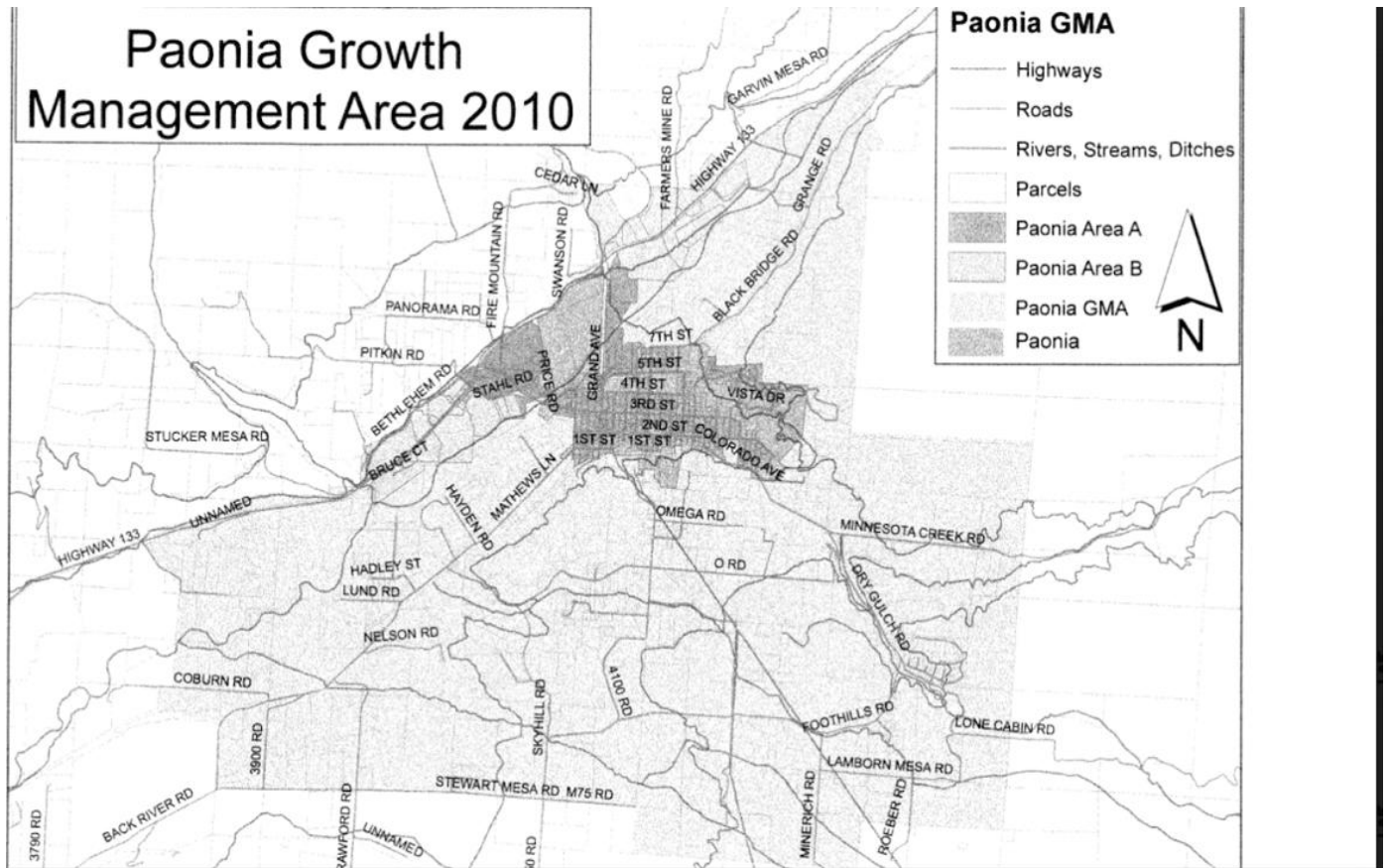
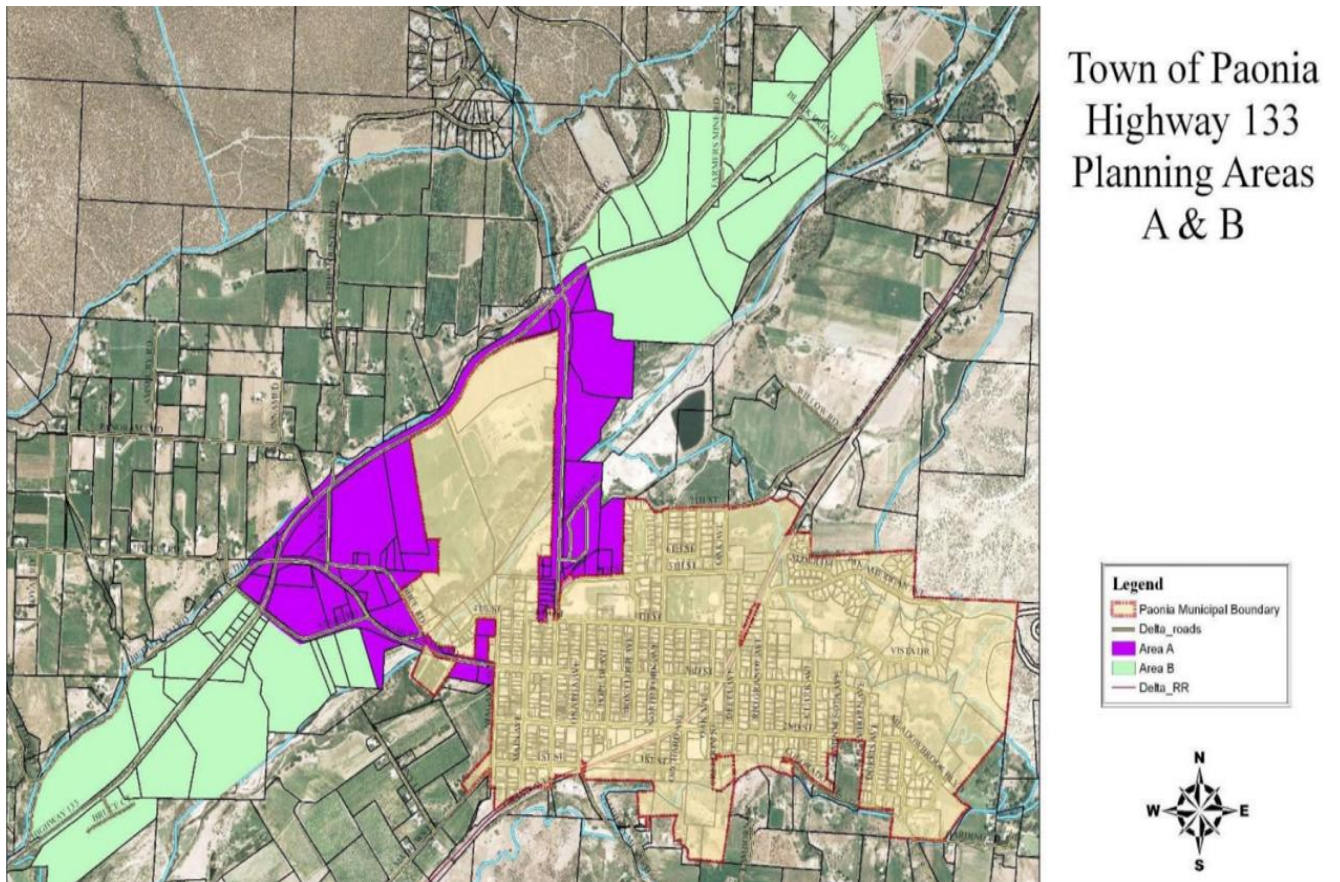


Figure 2: Town of Paonia Highway 133 Corridor Master Plan



## FUTURE LAND USE PLAN

This Future Land Use Plan consists of a Future Land Use Map (Figure 3 below) and various broad land use categories to inform growth and development in and around Paonia. This includes where and how growth should occur, what types may be appropriate, and how does the potentially approved growth impact the general character of the Town.

The Future Land Use Plan is a tool to help guide the general type, location, and intensity of future development. This tool is intended to be referred to when making decisions about growth in and near Paonia, and provide for consideration of the visions, goals, and policies adopted in this Comprehensive Plan. It is intended to help guide decision making for the Town Board, Planning Commission, and staff by:

- Serving as a reference for day-to-day decision making with regards to physical growth in the Town limits and surrounding 3-Mile Growth Area;
- Guiding consideration of future rezoning and annexation requests;
- Informing future updates to existing zoning districts and development standards;
- Tracking the Town's overall capacity for future development;
- Informing infrastructure and facility planning; and.
- Ensuring future development is supportive of the community's vision.

### KEY CONSIDERATIONS

- Preserve Paonia's small-town feel and rural and historic character.
- Maintain the Town's agricultural legacy and its connection to agricultural and public lands.
- Identify areas to accommodate the increasing demand for affordable housing.
- Identify areas for gradual increases in density.
- Maintain the economic vitality of the historic downtown.
- Maintain commercial development along Grand Avenue and cluster new commercial development near the Town's gateways and still preserve the rural aesthetic of the gateways.
- Identify areas for creative mixed use and business opportunities.
- Preserve and increase public access to open space and the river.
- Protect wildlife habitat and riparian corridors.
- Structure zoning and land use codes to protect solar access of buildable lot area of neighboring properties. Height, setback, ridgeline location and orientation should be considered. The height and location of trees and other vegetation shall not apply to existing buildings, structures, trees or vegetation except for new growth on such vegetation.
- Throughout the planning, design and construction of new and remodeled structures, special attention should be given to conservation of energy, taking advantage of solar use without impacting solar access of adjacent lots.



## MAP AREA

Future land use categories presented in the Future Land Use Map have been associated with land within the Town of Paonia's boundary as well as Planning Areas A and B as designated by the Town of Paonia Highway 133 Corridor Master Plan. The future land use for land outside those areas was not discussed in detail throughout the planning process; however, feedback indicated there is a desire to preserve the existing uses and character of such land. Agricultural land, open space, and the general rural feel of these areas is valued by the community. Expansion of existing neighborhoods into areas not assigned a future land use category should be limited to those areas where it is practical to do so, like where utilities and access are readily available.

## MAP ELEMENTS

### Future Land Use Categories

#### Downtown Commercial Core

Composed of the vibrant commercial heart of Paonia with a unique historic character, this area is oriented toward local businesses and pedestrian access. Restaurants and historic buildings, including the Paradise Theater, and the small urban Poulos Park, make up the gravitational center of the community. Commercial activities generally include a mix of retail, professional offices, and restaurants in existing buildings. This district helps maintain local businesses that serve the community's daily needs and provides a core for activity and visitors. New development should respect the character of existing development, and streetscape improvements are encouraged to improve the pedestrian experience.

- Primary Uses: Retail, restaurants, offices, other commercial uses
- Supporting Uses: A range of residential uses typically mixed in with other uses, pocket parks and plazas, institutional

#### Mixed Use

These areas support a range of uses that serve and complement the Downtown Commercial Core while transitioning to residential areas. The commercial and residential mix contributes to maintaining access to services and provides diverse housing and employment options. Mixed Use areas are more auto oriented than those in the Downtown Commercial Core but should still be walkable and connected to nearby amenities. Uses should be compatible with neighboring uses by limiting nuisances and mitigating their impacts through screening or other measures.

- Primary Uses: All types of residential; commercial including restaurants, offices, art studios, and retail
- Supporting Uses: Institutional, home businesses, small-scale creative industries

#### Light Industry

This category supports employment opportunities within the Town that are more intense than Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed-Use areas. These areas are typically near major roads for easy access. Uses in these areas should mitigate impacts on neighboring uses, especially residential. While this category is not included in many locations on the Future Land Use Map adopted with this Plan, it is anticipated that there will be a growing interest in this use; therefore, this land use category will be available for future map updates and amendments.



- Primary Uses: Small-scale manufacturing and fabrication, commercial, creative industries
- Supporting Uses: Storage, warehousing, wholesale retail, agricultural processing, institutional

### **Mixed Neighborhood**

Part of the oldest residential areas within the historic town grid, this area is predominantly defined by historical architecture styles. Residential density is slightly higher than other residential areas due to the proximity to the Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed-Use areas. Maintaining the historic character and general scale while allowing for increased density is the focus in this area.

- Primary Uses: Residential including single-family, duplex, and triplex dwellings
- Supporting Uses: Home businesses, accessory dwelling units (ADUs), institutional

### **Town Original Neighborhood**

This category encompasses the central residential neighborhood in the historic town grid and is characterized by tree-lined streets and alleys. This area has older architecture (from turn of the century to the 1940s); this, along with its walkability and small neighborhood feel, is highly valued by the community. Development and redevelopment in this area should respect the scale and character of existing development.

- Primary Uses: Single-family dwellings
- Supporting Uses: Home businesses, ADUs, institutional

### **Traditional Neighborhood**

This category includes more recent residential development (post-1950), with mostly single-family homes not always on the Town's historic grid. It represents a transition from the historic core area toward the lower-density residential areas that border agricultural land and open space. Residential density in this area could increase gradually over time with the addition of ADUs or duplex dwellings.

- Primary Uses: Single-family dwellings
- Supporting Uses: Duplex dwellings, home businesses, ADUs, institutional

### **Conservation Neighborhoods**

This category comprises low-density areas along the edge of Town, dedicated to preserving open space and other natural resources. These areas act as a transition between the Town and the surrounding rural land. These areas offer a pedestrian and visual connection to the Town core and the recreational areas outside the Town limits. Conservation measures such as clustered residential uses are encouraged here to protect natural resources and to mitigate the impacts of natural hazards, like flood and fire. Where existing agricultural uses exist, they are encouraged to continue as desired by the property owner.

- Primary Uses: Single-family dwellings
- Supporting Uses: ADUs, parks and trails, natural resource preservation, institutional



## Urban Farm

This area is defined by agricultural land that supports the practice of cultivating crops, raising livestock, and agritourism. It creates a transition between Town living and the surrounding rural farmland and contributes to conserving open space and agricultural land. This category plays a critical role in preserving Paonia’s rural history and character and in reinforcing its local culinary farm-to-table tradition. Development in this area is minimal but could include clustered and single-family housing to support agricultural-uses, land conservation, wildlife corridors and avoiding flagpole development.

- Primary Uses: Single-family residential and ADUs, as appropriate
- Supporting Uses: Agriculture and uses that support agriculture to include farm-worker housing (which is defined as housing affixed to a permanent foundation as also presented in Econ Policy 14), small-scale retail, open space conservation, institutional, parks and trails

## Historic Core

This central area of Town is defined as approximately from Niagara Avenue to Rio Grand Avenue, and from First Street to Fourth Street. The buildings and streets in these areas reflect the original settlement of Paonia around the turn of the 20th century and into the 1940s. While not all properties are historic, this area generally displays a unique architectural character made up of a traditional street and alley grid with tree-lined streets displaying the rich historic legacy that is highly valued by the community. Redevelopment and new development in this area should be compatible with the general character and scale of the existing lots and development.

## Gateways

The two main gateways to Paonia play a crucial role in connecting the Town to Highway 133 and represent key entry points into Town. They provide opportunities for beautification, improved signage, and safe pedestrian paths.

- Samuel Wade Road represents the main access point from the highway. While some Mixed Use is desired in this area, it is crucial to preserve agricultural land and the scenic viewsheds. Any development near this gateway should be concentrated in order to maintain Paonia’s small-town, agricultural character.
- Grand Avenue is the secondary access to the Town from the highway. Any development near this gateway should focus on landscaping and beautification, integrating the Paonia River Park, and creating a safe bike and pedestrian-friendly access between the Historic Core and the Paonia K-8 School.

## Water/Wildlife Corridors

These areas consist of the North Fork of the Gunnison River and Minnesota Creek along with a 200-foot buffer as prescribed by Colorado Parks and Wildlife. These areas often overlap with identified wildlife habitats and migration corridors as well as recreational opportunities. In these areas it is important to recognize and protect nature including wildlife, vegetation, habitat, and migration corridors as well as the river and creek corridors. These corridors should be the focus of further conservation and protection efforts, as well as improved accessibility for recreation where appropriate.



Figure 3: Future Land Use Map

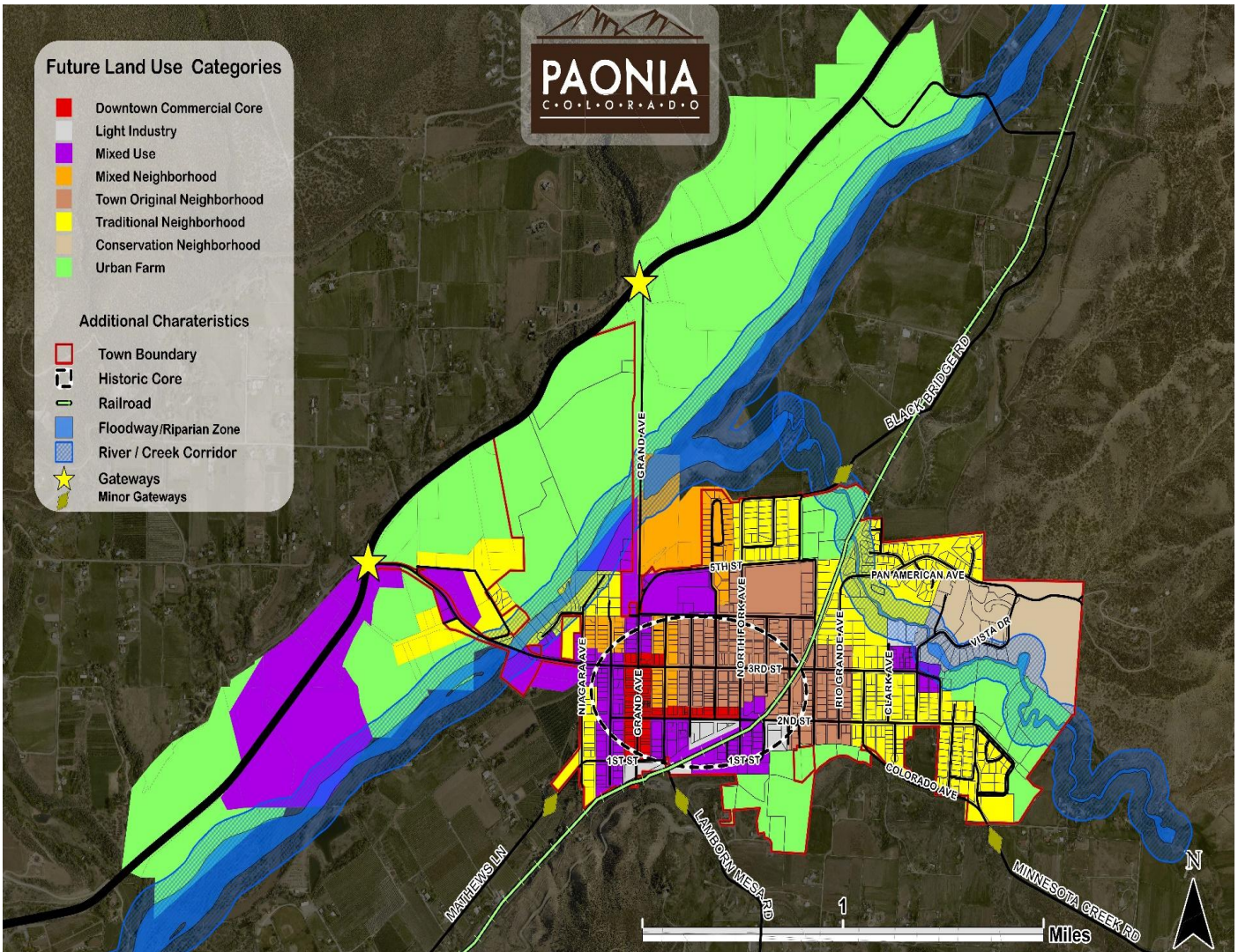


Figure 4: Public Places and Facilities

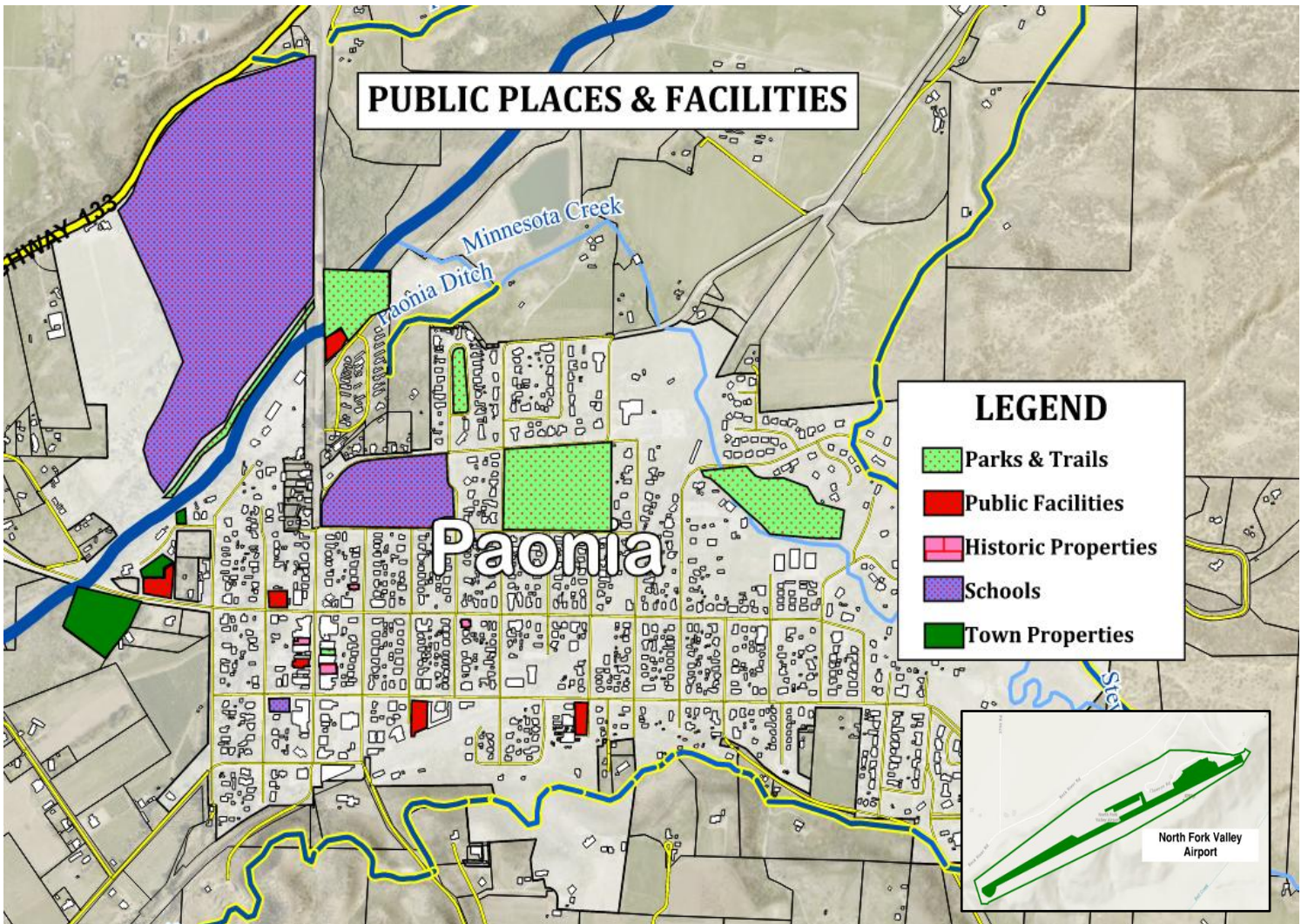
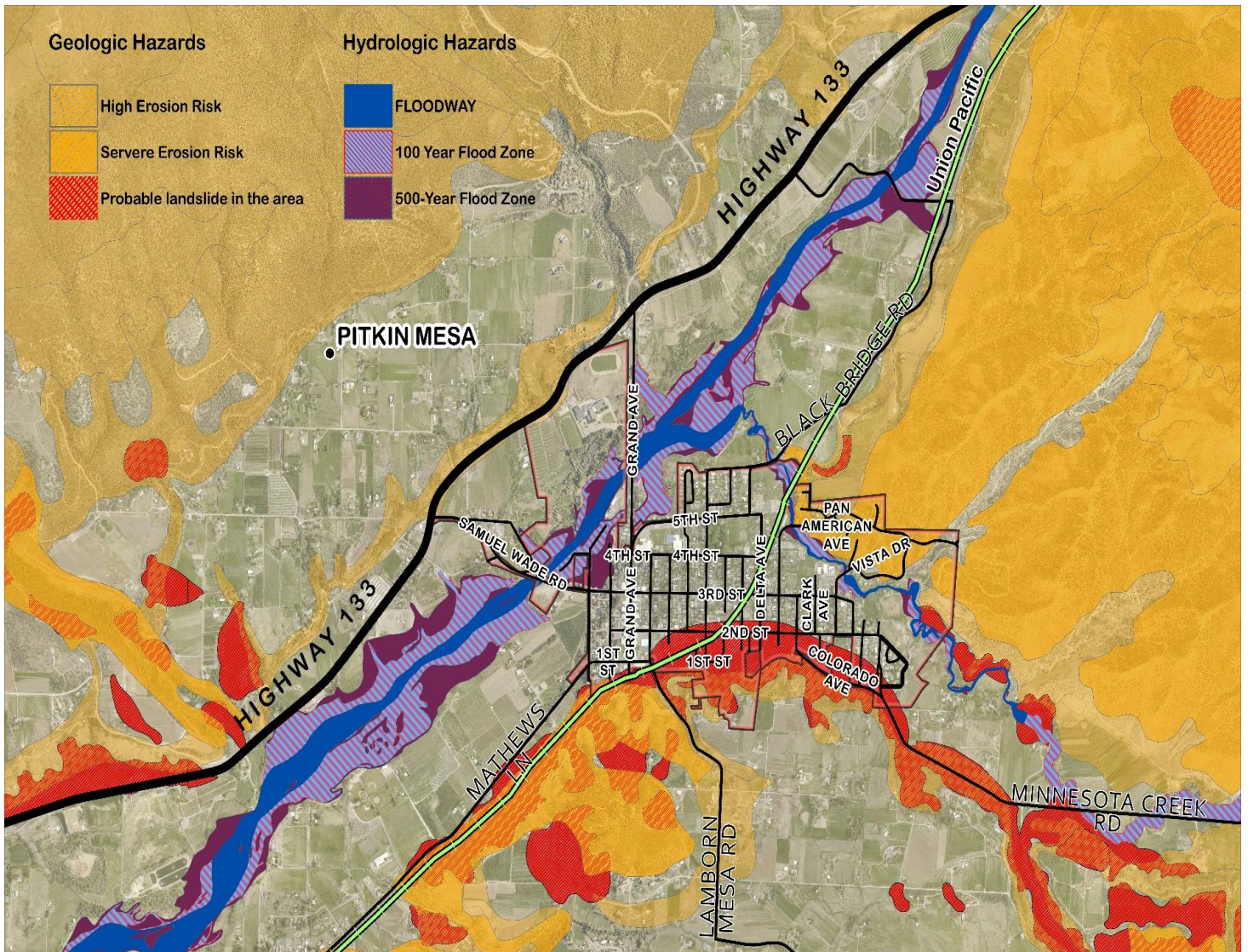


Figure 5: Hazard Areas



# INFRASTRUCTURE

## OVERVIEW

The Town of Paonia is responsible for managing key infrastructure that collectively shapes the community’s quality of life and economic viability. This includes the full water system from raw water to treated water for distribution, the collection and treatment of stormwater, and the collection and discharge of wastewater. The majority of source water infrastructure is aged and was designed prior to the impacts of desertification, long-term drought, and increasing heat.

A vital component of the Comprehensive Plan is to ensure that the Town can continue to provide enough water to adequately supply and deliver to the Town’s Residents and the extended Paonia community. The availability of water resources and utility infrastructure determines how Paonia grows and are essential considerations of future land use choices.

As a full-service community, Paonia owns and maintains its own water and wastewater utilities, manages the conveyance of stormwater from Town streets, and provides solid waste collections services. The associated infrastructure system is aging, but is still valued at \$11 million, and represents the Town’s largest asset. This system includes an operational water treatment plant, wastewater treatment plant, many miles of pipes, fire hydrants, pumps, tanks, valves and other critical infrastructure to ensure exceptional water, wastewater, and stormwater service for the Town and the extended Paonia Community.

Provision of utilities and services outside of the Town’s capability, such as energy and telecommunications, will be evaluated for adequacy and potential improvements as new development is proposed.

In 2022, the Town began a historic investment in its water utility and started designing systematic improvements to the water supply, treatment and distribution systems of the Town. Through these recent and ongoing utility planning efforts, Paonia also plans to promote water smart principles and increase sustainable planning efforts. These goals will be balanced with the need to address current market challenges while ensuring that natural resources aren’t unduly affected. The Comprehensive Plan and companion plans such as the Paonia, Recreation and Trails Master Plan (Paonia in Motion plan), Water Capital Improvement Plan, and Paonia Municipal Code, should continue to be evaluated and updated as needed to ensure alignment.

Our trees and areas of grass are an essential part of our “green” urban infrastructure. The character of Paonia and quality of life enjoyed by residents is shaped in no small part by the substantial presence of our Town’s forest. Paonia has been designated by the Arbor Day Foundation as a Tree City USA.

Streets and sidewalks are often considered infrastructure but are included in the Transportation element of this Plan.

### **Water Tap Moratorium:**

In January 2020 the Town of Paonia held a special election for the Citizens Initiative Petition and Water Moratorium which, upon passage, suspended the sale of all new domestic water taps that the Town of Paonia was not already legally obligated to serve. The citizen initiative arose from a critical water supply issue occurring in February of 2019 that resulted in the entire water system losing service. The decision as to if, when, and under what circumstances the moratorium should be lifted is included in the original moratorium and amendments.

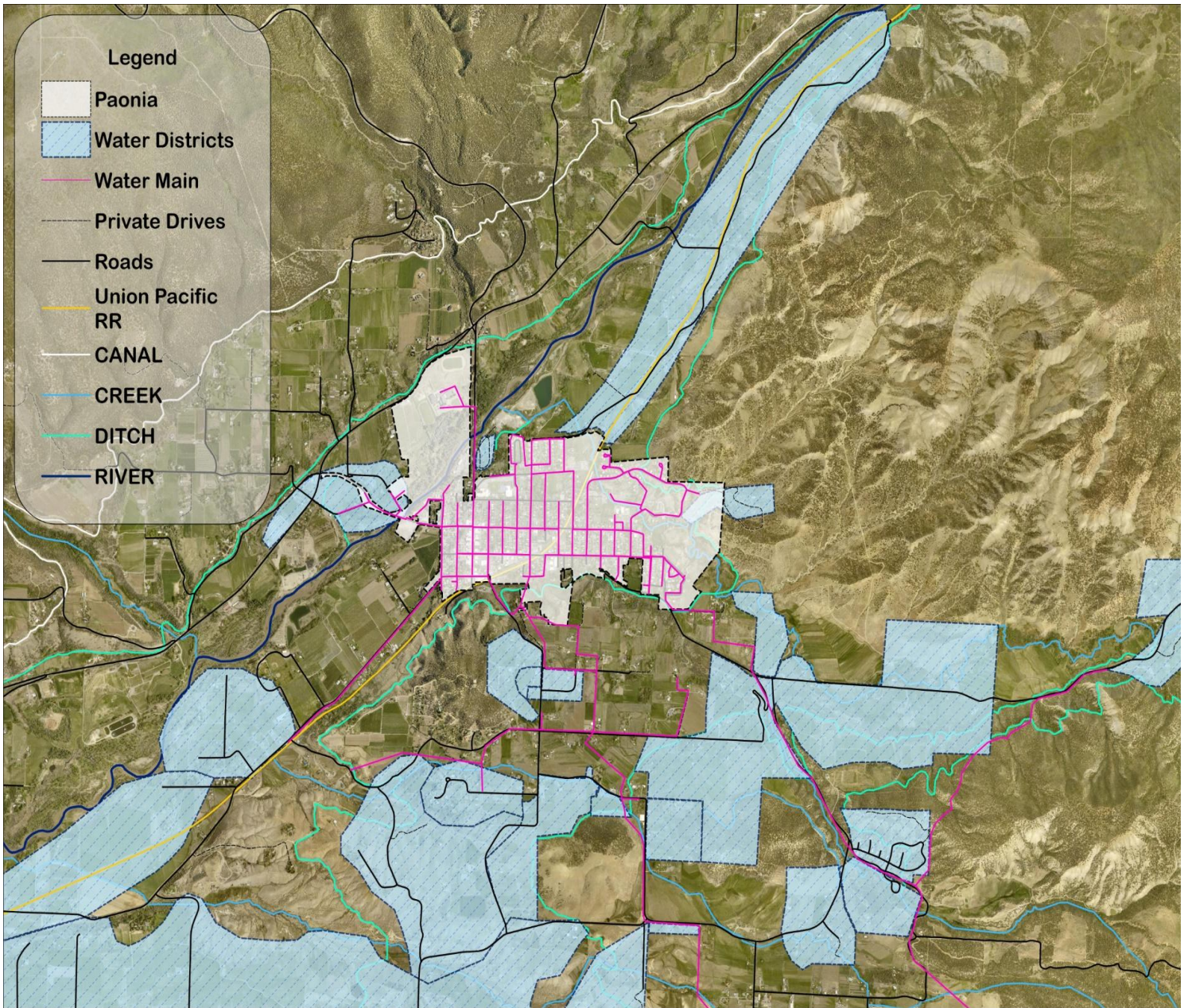


## VISION

Paonia’s robust infrastructure provides high-quality and reliable service to current residents. The systems are managed proactively such that today’s needs are met while future needs are understood and planned for. The water and wastewater systems are healthy and resilient. The water supply is strong, and the wastewater system plays a positive role in regional water cycle management. Paonia’s waste recovery systems are well maintained and the people of Paonia are encouraged to participate in manufactured and organic material reuse and recycling. Paonia is home to a thriving, safe, and uniquely beloved Town forest that is both resilient and adaptive to a changing climate and the aging of individual trees within the larger canopy. All parts of Paonia’s ecology—people, plants, animals, and natural cycles—are valued and considered with each investment/decision.



Figure 6: Infrastructure





*Photo Credit: Stefen Wynn*

The following goals and policies provide direction for all aspects of physical planning. Goals are defined as desired ideals and a value to be attained. Policies articulate a course of action that guides governmental decision-making to meet the goal.

### **GOALS AND POLICIES FOR THE INFRASTRUCTURE ELEMENT**

- INFRA GOAL 1:** Planning for infrastructure that is comprehensive, innovative, and forward thinking, and ensure current customers and new development maintain a balance between water supply and demand.
- INFRA GOAL 2:** Plan, budget, operate and maintain, construct and invest in stormwater, water treatment, and green infrastructure that support quality public services in health, water availability, and safety.
- INFRA GOAL 3:** Infrastructure that is dependable and provides locals stability and economic prosperity.



- INFRA GOAL 4:** Investing regularly in quality public infrastructure and timely maintenance.
- INFRA GOAL 5:** Support a healthy watershed that supports both water quality, water production, and groundwater recharge.
- INFRA GOAL 6:** Ensuring local businesses and residents can build economic prosperity and enhance food security.
- INFRA GOAL 7:** Provide a wastewater utility by exploring and pursuing innovative solutions for capital asset development.
- INFRA GOAL 8:** Ensure sanitation services that are well maintained, professionally staffed, and in compliance with all state laws.
- INFRA GOAL 9:** Encouraging solid and organic material resource recovery including reuse, recycling, and composting and ensuring the highest and best use of discarded materials.
- INFRA GOAL 10:** Ensure the continuation of the wonderful quality of life, ecosystem, and increased walkability and real estate values that our town forest provides.
- INFRA GOAL 11:** Protect the community from adverse flooding and pollution impacts of runoff with efficient and progressive stormwater management practices.
- INFRA GOAL 12:** Cultivate improved waste and materials management that supports source reduction, sustainable diversion, and regulatory compliance through accessible services and programs for residential and commercial land uses.
- INFRA GOAL 13:** Protect and maintain the unique quality of our dark nighttime skies through stewardship of the night sky that enhances the quality of life, our ecosystem and the economy.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR GENERAL INFRASTRUCTURE

### GOALS

- INFRA GOAL 1:** Planning for infrastructure that is comprehensive, innovative, and forward thinking, and ensure current customers and new development maintain a balance between water supply and demand.
- INFRA GOAL 2:** Plan, budget, operate and maintain, construct and invest in stormwater, water treatment, and green infrastructure that support quality public services in health, water availability, and safety.
- INFRA GOAL 3:** Infrastructure that is dependable and provides locals stability and economic prosperity.



**INFRA GOAL 4:** Investing regularly in quality public infrastructure and timely maintenance.

## **POLICIES**

**POLICY INFRA 1:** Ensure that all residents can obtain clean water and essential utility services.

**POLICY INFRA 2:** Prioritize investments in water, wastewater, stormwater, and reuse that builds confidence in the services and are reliable for existing users while considering future needs.

**POLICY INFRA 3:** Maintain a comprehensive Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) to proactively prepare for infrastructure maintenance and upgrade needs as well as other capital projects into the future. Regularly use the CIP for planning and budgeting improvements each fiscal year.

**POLICY INFRA 4:** Coordinate infrastructure repairs and upgrades across utilities and other property maintenance needs. Coordinate with overlapping agencies to minimize the number and scale of excavations when completing improvements to Town infrastructure.

**POLICY INFRA 5:** Maintain utility rates that cover the costs of the service provided and consider future needs by conducting regular rate studies.

## **WATER**

Water is precious in the West, and especially so for Paonia. The uniqueness and age of Paonia’s water system combined with the level of investment required in the coming years for upgrades, and transitions in climate and temperature, presents a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to not only rebuild the old system but to also reimagine how the Town and relevant regional stakeholders can work together to preserve the performance of the water source and enhance the longevity of the watershed.

Water in Paonia flows through three distinct systems:

- the North Fork of the Gunnison River and its tributaries, which provide for vegetation and wildlife and which cool, clean, and green the region;
- the river-connected ditches and their laterals that supply water for in-town and out-of-town agricultural users and in-town landscape use; and
- the spring-fed source water system that supplies municipal households and commercial users with drinking water.

### **Wildlife & Irrigation**

The river and ditch systems which support Paonia’s unique local microclimate, ecology, wildlife, and agriculture are fed throughout the summer by the reserve of water in Paonia Reservoir, and from the North Fork of the Gunnison that flows from the West Elks and Ragged Mountain ranges. Paonia Reservoir currently has a total holding capacity of 14,674 acre-feet. Its capacity has shrunk 25% since 1962 due to heavy sedimentation from Muddy Creek, its main water source. The reservoir is managed by the US Bureau of Land Management and the Army Corps of Engineers.



## **Municipal**

The municipal system which provides Town treated water is supplied by approximately 25 springs that form five spring complexes which ring the north and west basins of Mount Lamborn. The Town owns the land for Steven’s springs, but the majority of springs are located on US Forest Service lands and private property.

## **Past, Present, Future**

Paonia has a unique municipal water system, unlike any other in the State of Colorado. Leading achievements in water engineering at the time it was completed, the Paonia Project—which made the Paonia reservoir, and the series of ditches and pipes constructed around the five spring complexes surrounding the north and west slopes of Mount Lamborn—fed the growth of mining and agriculture in the region. However, complexity, age, change in climatic patterns, and human-caused desertification pose substantial challenges to the viability of the water system. The spring-fed municipal water system needs extensive repair, from restoration of the watershed itself to the treatment plants and the elaborate networks of pipes and valves that deliver water into and around Town. In 2019 the Town suffered a critical water supply issue that was exacerbated by the fact that “the lower treatment plant and 1-MG storage tank were not in service during this event [thus making] half of the Town’s raw water supply, half of its treatment capacity, and 33% of its finished water storage capacity unavailable to support demand during the emergency.”

## **Water Efficiency & Redundancy**

While customer water use efficiency has increased in the past decade, there remains room for further gains from water efficient appliances and practices in both commercial and residential use. There are substantial efficiency gains to be had from increasing performance in the water delivery system. Approximately 23-39% of water produced is currently unaccounted for in delivery between treatment plants and customers. As of the beginning of 2024, the first steps are already underway with the implementation of the first phase of the Capital Improvement Plan and associated rate increases which will support upgrades and fixes to this system and reduce overall water loss. Due to the overall age and nature of the gravity fed system some level of leaks will remain and should be taken into account when looking at overall water availability going forward.

Exploring redundancy in the water treatment system with neighboring systems is critical to the resilience of the Town’s system. Current and future proposed upgrades to address these issues including the conversion of the Clock treatment plant into a raw water storage and pumping facility, have been outlined in the Water Capital Improvement Plan that was started in 2023.

## **Water Volume & Source Reliability**

The springs that feed the Town of Paonia are highly sensitive to drought conditions due to their strict dependence upon snowfall and runoff season. While Colorado weather is already well known for its variability, the increase in severity and duration of drought, increased winter and spring temperatures, increased duration and severity of spring winds, increased rates of sublimation of snowpack and decreases in soil moisture due to vegetation degradation, and changes in precipitation patterns moving away from snow to rain mean there is and will continue to be less and less reliable or regular snowpack, and also that the moisture from melting snow is less likely to translate into liquid water run-off. The Town of Paonia recognizes these threats to its water supply.



Paonia’s watershed has high groundwater recharge potential and semi-arid climates are known to be especially sensitive to changes in vegetation and surface water making the system also potentially viable for regeneration and land management intervention to support both system water retention and ongoing supply.

Precipitation type (rainfall versus snowfall), amount, and temporal and spatial distribution are important for determining the amount of recharge that a groundwater system may receive, particularly as infiltration from precipitation to the shallow bedrock groundwater systems.

Average annual precipitation determines the climate of the Town’s watershed area, and in the case of the North Fork Valley, the topographically higher terrains near Grand Mesa and West Elk Mountains are sub humid and cool and have excellent recharge potential, both from rainfall in the spring, summer, and autumn months, and from the melting of snowpack throughout the winter and early spring, especially areas covered by gravels and slope deposits.

The Town of Paonia has a designated Municipal Watershed within its broader watershed, as defined in the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) Source Water Protection Plan. Most of this land lies within the Gunnison National Forest, which is managed by the US Department of Agriculture’s Forest Service (USFS). Other landowners in the protection area include the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and privately owned lands, which sit under jurisdiction of Delta County. Both BLM and USFS lease lands for grazing in these areas to private ranchers. Work to restore and regenerate the watershed will need to be conducted in concert with relevant landowners and stakeholders.

### **Water Rates**

In 2024, the Town of Paonia increased rates for water. Future increases in rates will be required to meet the base financials required to secure funding to implement the 2023 Water Capital Improvement Plan. While the Town will not wholly rely on water rate revenue, rate increases are likely essential for obtaining other funds in the form of grants and low interest loans needed to fully fund capital improvements.

## **GOALS AND POLICIES FOR WATER**

### **GOAL**

**INFRA GOAL 1:** Planning for infrastructure that is comprehensive, innovative, and forward thinking, and ensure current customers and new development maintain a balance between water demand and supply.

### **POLICIES**

**POLICY INFRA WATER 1:** Appropriately coordinate the Comprehensive Plan and Water Capital Improvement Plan to ensure existing and future customers have a safe and reliable water supply

**POLICY INFRA WATER 2:** Responsibly manage and conserve the Town’s limited water resources in both existing and new development.



**POLICY INFRA WATER 3:** Implement water conservation strategies and use the results of the Hydrogeological Study to inform those strategies.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 4:** Monitor demographic, development, water supply, and usage trends with regular reporting to the Board of Trustees and proactively identify where adjustments to the Comprehensive Plan may be needed should water use increase.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 5:** Strengthen the integration of land use and water planning and policies and manage growth so that the quantity, pace, and type of development does not exceed the capacity of public facilities.

## GOAL

**INFRA GOAL 4:** Investing regularly in quality public infrastructure and timely maintenance.

## POLICIES

**POLICY INFRA WATER 6:** Support long-range planning that addresses replacement of aging infrastructure within the municipal water system. These planning efforts will consider projections of future development, as identified in the Future Land Use Element, to anticipate the need to increase line sizes where necessary as replacement occurs.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 7:** Pursue long-term planning and development of the Town's water infrastructure to include water supply, storage and treatment options which provide the flexibility to accommodate full development within the planning area, as well as the ability to adapt to problems associated with any single water source.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 8:** New water facilities shall be constructed to conform to the Town's most recent water system design and construction standards.

## GOAL

**INFRA GOAL 5:** Support a healthy watershed that supports both water quality, water production, and groundwater recharge.

## POLICIES

**POLICY INFRA WATER 9:** Proactively protect the Town's source water by preventing contamination from wildfire, pollution, and ecological degradation with regional partners. Ensure that development does not adversely affect the Town's raw water sources.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 10:** Take a holistic and regenerative approach to watershed health and protection, including wildfire management and mitigation, soil health, and responsible use of grazing around municipal source waters in partnership with relevant stakeholders.



**POLICY INFRA WATER 11:** New development shall be connected to both the municipal water system and the Town’s sewer system. Prior to connection, the developer shall prepare and submit an impact report on the proposed development. This report will address the development’s impact on the existing water supply and existing sewer capacity.

## GOALS

**INFRA GOAL 3:** Infrastructure that is dependable and provides locals stability and economic prosperity.

**INFRA GOAL 6:** Ensuring local businesses and residents can build economic prosperity and enhance food security.

## POLICIES

**POLICY INFRA WATER 12:** Require all new development within the Town’s growth management area to annex or complete a pre-annexation agreement to be executed upon the final approval of a connection or tap and the development shall include in the agreements dedication of water rights to the Town that are sufficient in quantity and seniority to meet the needs of the project being constructed.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 13:** Discourage the construction of independent water or sewer systems or districts within urbanizing areas, except for the specified purpose of making improvements which will be transferred to the Town when the cost of improvements is paid.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 14:** Promote water conservation in accordance with Colorado’s Growing Water Smart Guidebook. Promote community awareness programs for best landscape management of drought and small water-cycle function in landscaping, new construction, and all irrigation activities.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 15:** Consider the long-term viability of source water production and explore nature based solutions to best protect and support the Town’s springs. Conduct regional water cycle management at the watershed level in coordination with regional partners. Continue to invest in and acquire water rights with potential new partnerships and within existing agreements or collaborations.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 16:** Create redundant raw water and finished water storage and explore opportunities with nearby consecutive systems for redundancy in delivery.

**POLICY INFRA WATER 17:** Ensure that all Paonia owned source water is available for treatment and distribution.



## WASTEWATER

Paonia's Wastewater Treatment Plant manages wastewater collection from residential and commercial customers. The treatment plant was brought online in 2006 and consists of a manual bar screen, two aerated lagoons, a settling/polishing pond, a serpentine chlorine contact chamber and a dichlorination feature. It has a permitted rated capacity of 0.495 million gallons per day (MGD) and typically treats 0.15 MGD. Wastewater from the system is discharged to the North Fork of the Gunnison River.

The 10.5 miles of pipe that make up the wastewater collection system are entirely gravity driven and consist of service laterals, manholes, and gravity sewer mains. The collection system is composed of approximately 63% PVC piping and 37% vitrified clay piping. The majority of the clay pipe is past its expected lifetime and an estimated 20,000 ft of PVC pipe will need to be replaced in near future making the entire system in need of upgrade.

It is worth noting that overall treatment levels of water treated are lower in the winter. The Water Tap Moratorium also has an effect here: as long as it remains in effect, wastewater treatment levels are unlikely to grow materially. With an ongoing increase in winter temperatures, it is worth considering the use of green infrastructure, in particular constructed wetlands in future wastewater treatment upgrades. Studies have shown the positive impacts that wetlands have in semi-arid regions when it comes to local temperature regulation, in particular when it comes to extreme heat mitigation, as they have been shown to lower ambient temperatures by 7-14 degrees as compared to similar areas where they are not present.

### Waste Water Rates

In 2023, the Town of Paonia increased rates for wastewater. Future increases in rates will be required to meet the base financials required to secure funding to implement necessary improvements to the existing sanitary sewer collections and treatment infrastructure. While the Town will not wholly rely on rate revenue, rate increases are likely essential for obtaining other funds in the form of grants and low interest loans needed to fully fund capital improvements.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR WASTEWATER

### GOALS

**INFRA GOAL 2:** Plan, budget, operate and maintain, construct and invest in stormwater, water treatment, and green infrastructure that support quality public services in health, water availability, and safety.

**INFRA GOAL 3:** Infrastructure that is dependable and provides locals stability and economic prosperity.

**INFRA GOAL 4:** Investing regularly in quality public infrastructure and timely maintenance.

### POLICIES

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 1:** New development shall be connected to both the municipal water system and the Town's sewer system. Prior to connection, the developer shall prepare and submit an impact report of the proposed development. This report will



address the development's impact on the existing water supply and existing sewer capacity.

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 2:** Maintain a wastewater system that returns high-quality, clean water to the North Fork of the Gunnison River and explore green infrastructure options for treatment that provide positive impacts on local temperature regulation and enhance the viability and resilience of local ecology.

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 3:** Consider water reuse and recycling when designing new wastewater and storm-water systems.

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 4:** New sewer infrastructure shall be constructed to conform to the current sewer design and construction standards.

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 5:** Discourage the construction of independent sewer systems or districts within urbanizing areas, except for the specified purpose of making improvements, which will be transferred to the Town when the cost of improvements is paid.

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 6:** Monitor the Utility Condition Index (UCI) as a measurement of amount of useful life remaining in the utility system and use the UCI to guide the Minimally Responsible Capital Improvements Project Package.

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 7:** Support long-range planning that addresses replacement of aging infrastructure within the municipal water system. These planning efforts will consider projections of future development, as identified in the Future Land Use Element, to anticipate the need to increase line sizes where necessary as replacement occurs.

## GOAL

**INFRA GOAL 7:** Provide a wastewater utility by exploring and pursuing innovative solutions for capital asset development.

## POLICIES

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 8:** Provide service consistent with established levels of service referencing applicable requirements of state regulations, Clean Water Act and the Safe Drinking Water Act.

**POLICY INFRA WASTEWATER 9:** Prioritize public health and safety through strategic and proactive efforts to protect water quality and the environment.

## STORMWATER

Paonia's Stormwater program historically has been an afterthought during road construction, maintenance and repair. The Town has experienced significant flood events throughout its history and on May 28, 1993, a nearly 100-year flood event was recorded that caused erosion to properties surrounding town. At the time, the Town's flood control facilities consisted mostly of bank armoring, and they were severely damaged by the flood event. Damage included erosion to the stone riprap at



the old location of Paonia’s wastewater treatment plant, and to homes along the Huff Subdivision. In 2018, the Town experienced a significant flood event and damage to Apple Valley Park, and again experienced economic distress after flooding caused a section of Highway 133 to wash out in 2023.

The Town has no current mechanism to budget, plan and fund improvements to the Stormwater infrastructure running through Town. The only funding that can currently go towards stormwater improvements is from the highway user tax fund. In some cases, irrigation companies convey their irrigation water through the Town’s existing Stormwater system, which causes significant wear on the existing culverts, pipes, and gutters that comprise the infrastructure of the stormwater system.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR STORMWATER

### GOALS

- INFRA GOAL 2:** Plan, budget, operate and maintain, construct and Investing in stormwater, water treatment, and green infrastructure that support quality public services in health, water availability, and safety.
- INFRA GOAL 3:** Infrastructure that is dependable and provides locals stability and economic prosperity.
- INFRA GOAL 4:** Investing regularly in quality public infrastructure and timely maintenance.

### POLICIES

#### POLICY INFRA

**STORMWATER 1:** Establish a Stormwater Utility to fund infrastructure improvements and create and implement a master stormwater plan for the entire Town.

#### POLICY INFRA STORMWATER 2:

Codify and or create standards and specifications for stormwater mitigation requirements for new development. Ensure that standards for drainage system design and construction are kept current. New development shall construct drainage systems that conform to these standards.

#### POLICY INFRA STORMWATER 3:

Ensure that new development will preserve natural drainage courses. Where necessary, a drainage system designed by a professional engineer, may be required.

### GOAL

**INFRA GOAL 11:** Protect the community from adverse flooding and pollution impacts of runoff with efficient and progressive stormwater management practices.

### POLICIES

#### POLICY INFRA STORMWATER 4:

Encourage green stormwater infrastructure measures to reduce pollutants from development and redevelopment.



- POLICY INFRA  
STORMWATER 5:** Coordinate storm drainage and flood management with appropriate agencies, including Delta County, local irrigation/ditch companies, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).
- POLICY INFRA  
STORMWATER 6:** Ensure that development and redevelopment activities are compliant with the Town’s Storm Drainage Design and Technical Criteria and the State’s Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) requirements.
- POLICY INFRA  
STORMWATER 7:** Establish and maintain floodplain buffers to ensure compliance with FEMA required floodplain regulations, to promote water quality and to improve riparian habitat. When possible, encourage the use of natural runoff filtration such as bio-swales, pervious pavement, etc. for on-site retention.
- POLICY INFRA  
STORMWATER 8:** Ensure the long-term financial viability and sustainability of the stormwater utility.

## SANITATION AND RESOURCE RECOVERY

The Town provides garbage collection services to approximately 900 accounts within Town limits. There are no municipal composting or recycling services. The majority of trash collection accounts are residential with a varying amount of commercial. Trash services offer 33 Gallon Cans, 2- and 3-cubic yard dumpsters and oversized items. Residents may also leave yard trimmings in bundles no bigger than 1’x3’ neatly tied next to the trash bins. Many individuals compost personally or report bringing food scraps to neighbors with farms or livestock. There are at least two private recycling haulers that service Paonia. Aluminum cans may be dropped off for recycling outside of Don’s Market and there are cardboard and paper recycling bins in the parking lot of City Market in Hotchkiss. Delta County supports free recycling at the Double J Recycle Center in Austin. CHT Resources operates a composting facility for organic waste in Austin.

Private recycling services combined with the free drop-off options appear to be servicing the area well. Curbside recycling and composting is unlikely to prove economical given the level of at home and on-farm composting and the small service area. However, the community ethos of self-sufficiency has led to a high individual participation rate in both manufactured and organic materials recycling.

### Sanitation and Resource Recovery Rates

In 2022, the Town of Paonia increased rates sanitation/refuse removal. Future increases in rates will be required to meet the growing cost of refuse removal. In order for the Town to improve on the sanitation service that it provides, such as adding a recycling program to its services, rate increases are likely essential for obtaining other funds in the form of grants and low interest loans needed to fully fund capital improvements.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR SANITATION AND RESOURCE RECOVERY

### GOALS

- INFRA GOAL 8:** Ensure sanitation services are well maintained, professionally staffed, and in compliance with all state laws.



**INFRA GOAL 9:** Encouraging solid and organic material resource recovery including reuse, recycling, and composting and ensuring the highest and best use of discarded materials.

**INFRA GOAL 12:** Cultivate improved waste and materials management that supports source reduction, sustainable diversion, and regulatory compliance through accessible services and programs for residential and commercial land uses.

## **POLICIES**

**POLICY INFRA SANITATION & RR 1:** Provide consistent and quality waste collection services for all new and existing residents and ensure residential participation is commensurate with rates charged and received.

**POLICY INFRA SANITATION & RR 2:** Utilize Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment technical assistance programs to develop and establish a recycling program.

**POLICY INFRA SANITATION & RR 3:** Support public awareness activities and information alongside businesses that provide recycling, composting, and other opportunities to reuse and recycle material resources within the Town and county.

**POLICY INFRA SANITATION & RR 4:** Increase reduction and recycling efforts within the Town to divert solid waste from landfills.

**POLICY INFRA SANITATION & RR 5:** Promote the importance of recycling industrial and construction waste.

## **URBAN FOREST**

All urban trees require management as they mature in the landscape. To increase tree diversity and canopy resilience in Town, new tree species must be consciously curated and properly planted and cared for. To sustain the urban forest's vital functions in Paonia, funding is needed to take care of existing trees and plant new ones. As Paonia's urban forest ages and comes under increasing stress from drought, increased heat, and high winds, formalizing care for the Town forest is critical. As trees reach maturity new smaller trees must be planted adjacent to them to support successful succession. The 2021 Paonia Street Tree Inventory provides a robust framework with direction for street-tree care and the establishment of regular and professional maintenance and replacement that will support their longevity and reduce risk to the Town. However, this report is just the first step, and several follow up actions are suggested in this Plan to establish the quality of service required to maintain our valuable urban canopy.



## GOAL AND POLICIES FOR URBAN FOREST

### GOAL

**INFRA GOAL 10:** Ensure the continuation of the wonderful quality of life, ecosystem, health, and increased walkability and real estate values that our town forest provides.

### POLICIES

**POLICY INFRA URBAN FOREST 1:** Monitor, properly care for, and carefully replace street and park trees to maintain, improve, and expand the Town's urban forest. Provide greater support and accountability for homeowners' maintenance of trees in public rights-of-way and engage and empower citizens to participate in street-tree care.

**POLICY INFRA URBAN FOREST 2:** Maintain compliance with Tree City USA designation and work to foster collaboration between the Town and its' appendant bodies, public, and local business community to support tree maintenance, safety, and overall beautification and shade coverage.

**POLICY INFRA URBAN FOREST 3:** Utilize the 2021 Colorado State Forest Service Inventory of Paonia's right-of-way trees and the 2024 Colorado State Forest Service inventory of trees in Town Park when assessing trees requiring removal, replacement, pruning or other management actions. Encourage updates to the inventory every three (3) years.

## DARK SKIES

Excess light at night endangers our ecosystem by harming wildlife and negatively affects our urban forest. Studies have shown the importance of dark nighttime skies to the health of our citizens. 80% of Americans cannot see the milky way. Areas designated as Dark Sky communities encourage ecotourism and help boost local economies. In September of 2024, the town of Paonia was awarded the designation of an "Internationally Recognized Dark Sky Community" by Dark Sky International (IDA). To maintain this important designation, three locations continuously monitor the quality of our nighttime skies; one located below Jumbo Mountain, one at River Park and one on the roof of Paonia Town Hall. Readings from these sky quality meters help determine if there are significant changes in sky quality and how any change can be mitigated. A dark sky lighting ordinance was passed in 2022, town streetlights were replaced to meet IDA standards.

## GOAL AND POLICIES FOR DARK SKIES

### GOAL

**INFRA GOAL13:** Protect and maintain the unique quality of our dark nighttime skies through stewardship of the night sky that enhances the quality of life, our ecosystem and the economy.



## **POLICIES**

### **POLICY INFRA DARK SKIES 1:**

Support and foster efforts for replacing non-conforming lights with night sky friendly lights and enforce the Town's existing Code at Chapter 16, Article 7 for new construction and developments as it relates to lighting.

### **POLICY INFRA DARK SKIES 2:**

Meet the requirements of the Dark Sky International IDA by 2032 through replacing existing residential and town owned lights with IDA certified fixtures.

### **POLICY INFRA DARK SKIES 3:**

Support dark sky educational efforts; sky viewing events and encourage dark sky tourism.

### **POLICY INFRA DARK SKIES 4:**

Support efforts to mitigate light trespass on neighboring properties and improve light quality. Develop an assistance program designed to help residents replace their existing light fixtures with IDA certified light fixtures.



## HEALTHY NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

### OVERVIEW

#### Urban Forest

Our town is recognized by the Arbor Day Foundation as a “Tree City USA.” Our urban forest is valued as an essential element of our infrastructure and environment. Our tree-lined streets and parks can act as part of the first line of defense in urban climate mitigation and adaptation and are an ecosystem asset. Forests deliver enormous utility-like benefits in cities and towns. City forests in the United States provide \$18.3 billion in benefits per year, and this number is expected to grow as urban areas continue to expand. [City Forests, Function, Scale and Value 2020](#)

#### North Fork of the Gunnison River Corridor

The corridor runs through the Town of Paonia. The Paonia River Park is the product of community collaboration and partnership. Once an in-stream gravel mine, the North Fork River Improvement Association (now the Conservation Center) worked hard to reclaim the river, restore riparian habitat, and make the park a family-friendly recreation area. With the help of the Minnesota Ditch & Reservoir Company, the Conservation Center completed the Paonia River Park Restoration Project in 2013, transforming the former in-stream gravel mine into a healthy aquatic ecosystem. In 2016, the park expanded to include an interpretive trail system. This expansion allows visitors the opportunity to explore the riparian habitat even further along the corridor without disturbing precious wildlife habitat.

The Paonia River Park is one of only two public access points along the North Fork river. Over 95 percent of land along the river is privately owned. The Conservation Center is committed to connecting the community to the river, maintaining a balance between natural and built structures, and ensuring project sustainability through public participation.

### GOALS AND POLICIES FOR A HEALTHY NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

**ENV GOAL 1:** Manage our urban “green infrastructure” as an interconnected web of natural elements and spaces that should be evaluated and maintained to continue to provide services such as storm water reduction, carbon capture and storage, reduction of heat island effect, enhance public health and air quality pollution removal, prevent road pavement fatigue, decrease rainwater runoff and enhance plant and animal health and habitats.

**ENV GOAL 2:** Ensure the Paonia River Park is managed to continue to provide public access to the North Fork of the Gunnison River.

### GOAL

**ENV GOAL 1:** Manage our urban “green infrastructure” as an interconnected web of natural elements and spaces that should be evaluated and maintained to continue to provide services such as storm water reduction, carbon capture and storage, reduction of heat island effect, enhance public health and air quality pollution removal, prevent road pavement fatigue, decrease rainwater runoff and enhance plant and animal health and habitats.



## POLICIES

**POLICY ENV 1:** Explore available funding sources carbon capture City Forest Credits developed as an Impact Scorecard <https://www.cityforestcredits.org/impact-certification/impact-standards/>). This endeavors, for the first time, to identify the attributes of equity, health, and environmental impacts of urban forest projects. New funding sources and economic potential may be available

**POLICY ENV 2:** Create a plan and follow recommendations of 2021 tree survey by Colorado State Forest Service See appendix [paoniatreeinventoryreport final 2021.pdf](#)

**POLICY ENV 3:** Parking of vehicles, trailers and any equipment should be adequately planned for and not impact the tree-growing zones.

## GOAL

**ENV GOAL 2:** Ensure the Paonia River Park is managed to continue to provide public access to the North Fork of the Gunnison River.

## POLICIES

**POLICY ENV 4:** Work with the community, the Conservation Center and private property owners to create a cohesive vision for the protection, management and use of the River Corridor.

**POLICY ENV 5:** Ensure concerns from all stakeholders are heard to balance the protection of the riparian zone, floodplain, waterway and wildlife habitat.



# ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

## OVERVIEW

The 2022 median household income in Paonia was \$53,646, median earning per worker was \$49,625, and 8.4% of the population was below the federal poverty line. These figures are far below both Colorado and national averages: the 2022 Colorado median household income was \$89,930 and the US median household income was \$74,580. Residents are increasingly in need of good jobs to keep up with rising costs of living, and in particular the cost of housing. According to the 2023 Paonia Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan, one in five Paonia households is burdened by housing costs, meaning they spend more than 30% of their income on housing. Of these, over 50% of those households are extremely cost burdened, meaning they spend more than 50% of their income on housing. Lack of affordable housing has been identified as a challenge by local business owners who have trouble recruiting and retaining employees in large part due to limited and costly housing stock.

“Jobs and housing are interconnected. The economic success and mix of jobs in a region inform the amount, type, and price point of housing needed to sustain the local economy. Likewise, a sufficiently diverse housing supply is needed to attract and keep quality employees that are invested in the community.”  
- Paonia Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan, 2023

A strong local economy is critical to Paonia’s future; it provides respectable job opportunities for locals, a robust tax base for the Town and its infrastructure systems, and overall, a desirable and livable community. This element focuses on strengthening our local economy, supporting local businesses and local agriculture, maintaining a vibrant downtown, balancing tourism benefits with impacts, and developing a workforce that is skilled in needed areas.

A significant portion of people employed within the Town of Paonia commute from outside of Town, and a significant portion of people who reside within Town limits commute to work elsewhere. This dynamic is due in part to relatively high housing costs paired with relatively low wages in the local economy and is addressed in greater detail in the 2023 Town of Paonia Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan (source of the data in the chart below).

Commuter Type	Source	Percentage of Workforce
Employed in Town of Paonia, live outside Town	US Census	79%
Employed in Paonia CCD, live outside this area (US Census)	US Census	53%
Employed in Paonia area, live outside this area	2023 Employer Questionnaire from Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan by Urban Rural Continuum	20%



Live in Town of Paonia, employed outside Town	US Census	77%
Live in Paonia CCD, employed outside this area	US Census	71%

### VISION

Paonia’s resilient, regenerative, localized economy meets community needs by providing desired goods and services as well as reliable job opportunities that pay living wages. Our economy emphasizes the production of local food and value-added agricultural products, human health and well-being, unique educational opportunities, and the creative and trade industries. Our economy attracts and serves visitors in a way that supports locals. The Town’s revenue is strong and steady and the quality of life among residents is constantly improving.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- ECON GOAL 1:** Ensure economic development aligns with preserving our community’s rural and agricultural character and caring for our natural resources.
- ECON GOAL 2:** Encourage the creation and maintenance of local, independent businesses in order to build community wealth and provide opportunities to individuals and families.
- ECON GOAL 3:** Maintain a healthy, vibrant, and beautiful commercial district on and around Grand Avenue.
- ECON GOAL 4:** Encourage economic diversity and resilience to ensure the local economy is not overly reliant on one industry.

### GOAL

- ECON GOAL 1:** Ensure economic development aligns with preserving our community’s rural and agricultural character and caring for our natural resources.

### POLICY

- POLICY ECON 1:** Plan and design trails with considerations around economic development with consideration of the popularity of biking and hiking trails accessible from Town.

### GOAL

- ECON GOAL 2:** Encourage the creation and maintenance of local, independent businesses in order to build community wealth.



## **POLICIES**

- POLICY ECON 2:** Support the retention and expansion of locally owned businesses and increase support for entrepreneurship.
- POLICY ECON 3:** Prioritize opportunities for local entrepreneurs or businesses that meet local needs, and operations that support overall local economic development.
- POLICY ECON 4:** Build partnerships that proactively nurture a diverse and resilient economy that prioritizes local needs and is centered in agriculture, health and wellness, tourism, creative industries, and skilled labor and trades.

## **GOAL**

- ECON GOAL 3:** Maintain a healthy, vibrant, and beautiful commercial district on and around Grand Avenue.

## **POLICIES**

- POLICY ECON 5:** Focus on encouraging new compatible commercial businesses to build and or relocate in the Paonia downtown core commercial area.
- POLICY ECON 6:** Encourage commercial development that is inconsistent with existing commercial areas within town limits to build and or relocate to the Highway 133 corridor, and utilize the recommendations made in the Town of Paonia Highway 133 Corridor Master Plan adopted August 13, 2019.
- POLICY ECON 7:** Utilize design standards for remodeling or new construction of structures in the downtown corridor.
- POLICY ECON 8:** Encourage the use of shared parking, on-street parking and other strategies to maximize the use of available resources. Use signage and other wayfinding to direct visitors to parking.
- POLICY ECON 9:** Ensure that all public buildings, businesses and event venues plan for and include ADA parking and entrances.
- POLICY ECON 10:** Encourage, enhance, and promote pedestrian access and walkability to and within the Historic Town Core.

## **GOAL**

- ECON GOAL 4:** Encourage economic diversity and resilience to ensure the local economy is not overly reliant on one industry.

## **POLICIES**

- POLICY ECON 11:** Support workforce development through skill-based education programs and other efforts to meet more of the community's basic needs like food production, food service, housing construction, skilled trades, energy production, education, and health care.



- POLICY ECON 12:** Encourage businesses that provide access to goods and services that meet real community needs.
- POLICY ECON 13:** Cultivate the integrated and balanced role for tourism in the local economy to allow local businesses, community members, and the Town of Paonia to receive the economic benefit of tourism-while balancing this with housing affordability and the development of year-round, well-paying, place-based jobs for residents.
- POLICY ECON 14:** Support the continuation and expansion of local agricultural production through the establishment of farm-worker housing (which is defined as housing affixed to a permanent foundation as also presented in the *Urban Farm* Future Land Use Category), agricultural education, and value-added food crop processing infrastructure.
- POLICY ECON 15:** Work with Delta County and the North Fork Valley Airport to identify potential revenue streams and economic development opportunities, and support connectivity with regional commercial airport locations.



# TRANSPORTATION

## OVERVIEW

Paonia sits to the south of State Highway 133, which serves to connect Paonia to Somerset, Crested Butte, and the Roaring Fork Valley to the east/northeast, and to the larger cities of Delta, Montrose, and Grand Junction to the west. A significant portion of people employed in the Town of Paonia commute from outside the Town, and a significant portion of people who reside within Town limits commute to work elsewhere.

Paonia is not connected to any major cities or transportation hubs by traditional public transit. The Town of Paonia supports All Points Transit a nonprofit organization that supports transit for seniors, people with disabilities, and the general public. Other than All Points Transit, public and private transit options to reach community facilities like schools and healthcare facilities are fairly limited. Lack of regional and local public transportation makes it challenging for individuals without personal vehicles to connect with larger cities and services offered there.

With its compact size and tree-lined streets, the Town of Paonia itself is a naturally walkable and bikeable community. According to Town residents, more than 50% sometimes walk and more than 30% sometimes ride a bike when traveling downtown. Like many towns in the rural West, the street system in Paonia was originally a series of dirt or gravel roads with horse access and later a common speed limit for cars and yield signs at key intersections. As roads have been paved, the traffic system has not formally identified pass-through/commercial traffic routes. However, some streets—in particular 3rd Street and the western portion of 5th Street—already naturally serve as informal mixed traffic, or shared streets, between multiple modes of transit. Much of Paonia’s shared transportation streets are supported by the old characteristics of the dirt road system, narrower lanes, and disrepair. These attributes naturally slow motorized traffic.

Paonia has four primary roads that run east to west and approximately 32 streets and alleyways that cross at least two of these longer thoroughfares from north to south. Collectively these equal approximately 22 miles of road, over 98% of which are asphalt roads, some concrete paved roadways, and some single lane gravel roads (largely alleyways or short dead-end branches). Only two of the four east/west streets, “2nd” and “3rd,” cross the railroad tracks that separate about one third of the Town to the east, while two thirds, including the downtown, remain to the west of the tracks. The downtown street is “Grand Avenue,” not to be confused with “Main” which is one street to the west of the commercial and creative downtown core.

### Characteristics of Complete Streets

- Sidewalks
- Bicycle lanes or wide, paved shoulders
- Shared-use paths
- Safe and accessible transit stops
- Frequent and safe crossings for pedestrians, including median islands, accessible pedestrian signals, and curb extensions
- Identified wildlife crossings that connect with green corridors
- Healthy trees and stormwater management
- Lighting for nighttime visibility and safety that complies with Dark Skies best practices



The Town maintains roads within its boundaries: the intersection of 4th and Grand to the north, intersection of Samuel Wade and Highway 133 to the west, the intersection of Mathews Lane and Niagara Ave, intersection of 1st St and Lamborn Mesa Rd, the intersection of Colorado Ave and Meadowbrook Blvd to the south, the intersection of 7th St and Black Bridge Rd to the east. The side streets between Highway 133 and the North Fork of the Gunnison River are the responsibilities of the County.

There are two main connection points from Town to Hwy 133: 4025 Road (also referred to as the “P” Road), which enters to the west of Town and becomes Third Street, and State Highway 187, which follows a southern direction from State Highway 133 and becomes Grand Avenue. Both of these roads utilize bridges that cross the North Fork of the Gunnison River. Access routes to the Town from the south include Matthew’s Lane from the southwest, 4100 Road from the south and Dry Gulch from the southeast.

According to the 2021 Asset Inventory, while there are some recent sections of newly paved concrete road, “most sections of Paonia asphalt roads exhibit moderate to severe surface wear and defects referred to as raveling and polishing, [while] virtually all sections of the roads exhibit some type of surface cracking. The PASER scale, which is a 1-10 rating system for road pavement condition, was used in asset evaluation which showed that only 4 major street sections were rated in “excellent” condition, 17 in “good” while 68 sections received “poor” or “fair” ratings and 11 section received “very poor” or “failing”.

According to the “Paonia in Motion” Parks, Recreation & Trails Master Plan there are 40 miles of sidewalk area, while less than half of this area has sidewalks installed. Much of the existing sidewalk infrastructure lacks curb ramps and/or ends abruptly at the neighboring yard. A sidewalk fee is currently assessed for all residents and businesses. Even with less than 50% of sidewalk areas paved, this fee does not cover annual maintenance needs. The current patchwork of sidewalk pavement is unnavigable for wheelchairs and dangerous for walking, performs poorly in heavy rain and under icy conditions, and is not designed to be copacetic with urban and street-trees as they continue to grow.

Revenue for the Town of Paonia’s Sidewalk Fund is generated by a \$3.00 per month sidewalk fee, approved in 2013, that is paid by in-town residents. The Town’s Sidewalk Fund is designated for the repair and replacement of existing sidewalks within Paonia. This fee is set to expire in December 2024 unless voters approve a renewal/extension.

## AIRPORT

The North Fork Valley airport is located 4 miles outside Paonia on Back River Road and is jointly owned by Delta County and the Town of Paonia. The airport currently offers a low volume of local and recreational flights, with potential to offer connecting commercial flights to regional airports in the coming decade. The Town should work proactively with Delta County to understand the potential to develop the Airport as both an Enterprise account and as a source of tourism income for the area.

## RAILROAD

The iconic coal train that runs through Paonia was inaugurated in 1902 as the North Fork Line of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad. The route was built to service the coal industry, with the added benefit of serving the agricultural regions up and down the valley, including transport of fruit, cattle, and



passengers. What is now the North Fork Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad is still utilized to export coal from the West Elk Mine in Somerset. The North Fork Branch connects Somerset to the City of Delta, where the North Fork Branch ties into the Montrose Branch. The Montrose Branch runs between the City of Montrose and the City of Grand Junction. The anticipated lifetime of the remaining active West Elk coal mine is projected to be less than 20yrs from the date of this Plan's creation. There is both state and national precedent for railways that are no longer in commercial use to be converted to trails. It could also be converted to a commuter rail after the coal mine ceases operation.

## VISION

Paonia's streets and sidewalks are well-maintained, safe, accessible, and comfortable thoroughfares for multiple modes of transport and support a rural and easy-paced quality of life for residents. Clear and differentiated routes for commercial and pass-through vehicular traffic and pedestrian and bicycle traffic provide safety and convenience. Paonia residents can access key facilities and services without owning or operating a motorized vehicle. Transportation stakeholders understand and are responsive to the transportation needs of our community.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR TRANSPORTATION

**TRANS GOAL 1:** Ensure existing streets and sidewalks are well maintained and are safe and accessible (including ADA accessibility) with ample street-tree presence.

**TRANS GOAL 2:** Ensure core identified streets and sidewalks are comfortable and safe for all members of our community regardless of whether they drive, walk, bike, or ride horseback.

**TRANS GOAL 3:** Ensure street redevelopment projects accommodate vehicles, pedestrian and non-motorized transport and are ADA compliant.

## GOAL

**TRANS GOAL 1:** Ensure existing streets and sidewalks are well maintained and are safe and accessible (including ADA accessibility) with ample street-tree presence.

## POLICIES

**POLICY TRANS 1:** Prioritize, plan, and implement street and sidewalk repairs along routes that connect to local schools, parks, and other everyday destinations to improve safety and access for community members who bike, walk, or use other forms of nonmotorized transportation.

**POLICY TRANS 2:** Identify and integrate daily and seasonal wildlife corridors and traffic into consideration when planning and developing new streets, redesigning Highway 133 access and in-Town crossings of motorized streets.



**POLICY TRANS 3:** Ensure that all sidewalk upgrades meet ADA design standards and include features that meet accessibility requirements such as standardized curb ramps at intersection crossings, ample sidewalk width, and an unobstructed pathway clear of overgrowth or tripping hazards.

**POLICY TRANS 4:** Require that new sidewalk construction and existing sidewalk repairs accommodate existing healthy trees and plan for replacement of unhealthy trees requiring removal.

## GOAL

**TRANS GOAL 2:** Ensure identified streets, alleys and sidewalks are comfortable and safe for all members of our community regardless of whether they drive, walk, bike, or ride horseback.

## POLICIES

**POLICY TRANS 5:** Identify specific streets for shared multimodal transportation including motorized travel and nonmotorized travel (pedestrians, bikes, children, wheelchairs, strollers, and the elderly) and enhance these routes through the development of complete designs that can accommodate mixed-traffic using best practice guidelines for rural communities.

**POLICY TRANS 6:** Ensure the Town plans all street improvements in a manner that supports mixed-use transport in appropriate thoroughfares that align with access to parks, schools, and the downtown commercial district, and other everyday destinations.

**POLICY TRANS 7:** Designate and improve appropriate nonmotorized routes for people with disabilities or the mobility-challenged, children attending school, commuter and recreational bicycling, wildlife, and nighttime safety.

**POLICY TRANS 8:** Increase and maintain safety of Paonia’s motorized gateways to Highway 133 and include nonmotorized access and safety in related planning and updates.

## GOAL

**TRANS GOAL 3:** Ensure street redevelopment projects accommodate vehicles, pedestrian and non-motorized transport and are ADA compliant.

## POLICIES

**POLICY TRANS 9:** Require all new streets, sidewalks, and developments to include a complete-streets approach to construction with curb and gutter collection systems for stormwater, to ensure daily travel for multimodal transportation and increase alternative transit activity to everyday destinations in Town.

**POLICY TRANS 10:** Identify, align, and incorporate the use of appropriate materials for sidewalks, trails, and walkways that are ADA-compliant, avoid removal of existing trees, and integrate stormwater management.



**POLICY TRANS 11:** Coordinate and communicate with regional transportation stakeholders, both nongovernmental and governmental, to enhance regional transportation services.



## HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOODS

### GREAT NEIGHBORHOODS

#### *Great Neighborhoods*

typically have characteristics such as:

- Identity shaped by its physical setting, streets, architecture, history, and Residents.
- Has a mix of housing types to support different needs, preferences, and lifestyles.
- Encourages a healthy economic diversity where a broad range of housing types and price levels can bring people of diverse ages, races, and incomes into daily interaction, strengthening the personal and civic bonds essential to an authentic community.
- Gathering places such as parks, plazas, sidewalks, shops, or dining options, and a discernible center where many activities of daily living can occur within walking distance.
- Easily Accessible and services are readily accessed including recreation, education, public safety, and other amenities that support quality of life.
- Pedestrian Friendly and have mobility options that may include travel by foot, bicycle, transit, or automobile; allowing for independence to those who do not drive such as the elderly and the young.

During extensive community outreach sessions, it was clear that the Residents of the Town of Paonia deeply care about our community and want to ensure its future is created by and for locals. The Town of Paonia seeks to maintain the integrity and variety of existing neighborhoods; maintain existing community character; create inclusive housing opportunities for the community – including housing for people of varying ages, household types, and income levels, and those who want to rent or own; emphasize connectivity of existing and new neighborhoods to amenities, services, and multimodal transportation options; improve the existing housing stock; integrate new infill development housing that fits well with the character of existing neighborhoods; and design and build sustainable homes. Focusing on neighborhoods supports not only the Paonia *Housing Needs Assessment and Action Plan*, but also *The Principles of Good Neighborhood Design* and the Charter of the *Congress for the New Urbanism*.

*“Cities [Towns] are cooperative human enterprises that exist to promote the best life possible for their citizens.”*  
-Phillip Bess, M.Arch.

*“Neighborhoods should be diverse in use and population; communities should be designed for the pedestrian and transit as well as the car; cities and towns should be shaped by physically defined and universally accessible public spaces and community institutions; urban places should be framed by architecture and landscape design that celebrate local history, climate, ecology, and building practice.”*

– excerpt from the Charter for the New Urbanism

These plan cornerstones are supported by thoughtful design improvements to the public realm, integrated planning for capital investments, focusing on local and community needs, and maintaining the existing community character. Constructed physical elements intentionally designed to provide a safe, attractive, and engaging environment contribute to a community that residents, workers, and visitors can all enjoy. Designing neighborhoods that are sensitive to social, cultural and local contexts also contributes to maintaining a sense of place and is what gives Paonia its identity.

Clearly identifiable gateways and vibrant streetscapes provide a clear and welcoming entrance to our community by reflecting shared values and civic pride. Preserving our sweeping vista views, as well as public art installations and other culturally significant landmarks such as the Miners’ Memorial, add to Paonia’s sense of history and character. This element is intended to provide policy direction

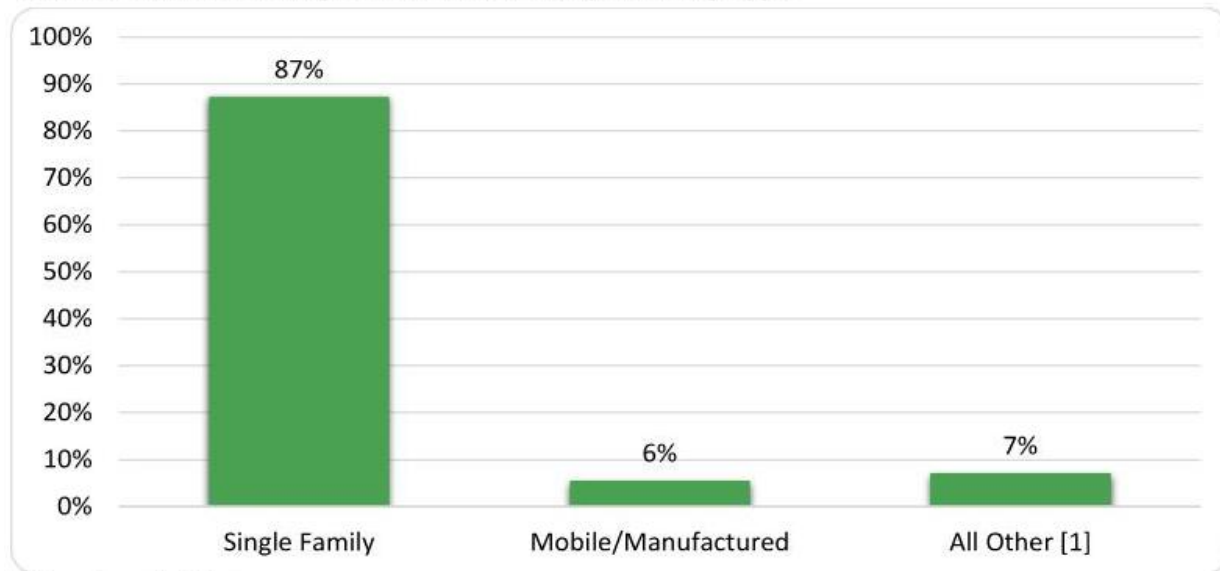


for maintaining and improving Paonia’s physical and visual composition, with emphasis on maintaining high-quality and diverse neighborhoods, sustaining Paonia’s strong community identity, highlighting amenities, and ensuring that a framework is established that meets the intent of the Housing Needs Assessment, “the full range of rental and ownership housing types and prices needed to support household changes over time and ensure Paonia remains a complete and vibrant community.”

## OVERVIEW

The Housing and Neighborhoods Element is informed by both the [2023 Housing Needs Assessment and the 2023 Housing Action Plan](#). Most housing in Paonia consists of single-family, owner-occupied homes on single or double lots. Approximately, nine out of ten homes (87%) are either single-family homes or mobile/manufactured homes. Few housing units exist that fall into the category of “missing middle” housing types, like duplexes. Other existing housing types include occasional townhomes, a few multiple tenant housing types, and shared common area/courtyard homes such as the Silver Leaf Co-housing project. Throughout the public input that was gathered by the Housing Needs Assessment, the community expressed a desire to maintain the existing residential character of Paonia, emphasize single-family housing, and increase housing security for locals.

Town of Paonia Housing Unit Distribution by Building Type



[1] 2+ units per building.

SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY 5-YEAR ESTIMATES, CONSULTANT TEAM

*Paonia Housing Needs Assessment Pg. 30*

According to the Housing Needs Assessment, the majority of homes are owner-occupied, and about 11% are classified as unoccupied or vacant, which includes those for sale or rent, those sold or rented but not yet occupied, vacation homes and short-term rentals, as well as homes not occupied year-round for other reasons (such as being uninhabitable). The same assessment determined that the majority (54%) of existing housing in Paonia’s town limits is 50+ years and older, which is 34% higher than the housing stock in the Paonia Census County Division (CCD), the unincorporated areas of Delta County with a census designation of Paonia (out-of-town areas). The out-of-town areas



experienced very robust housing construction from the 1970s to the 1990s, but like Paonia, new residential construction has been limited since 2000.

For the purposes of this Plan and its goals, the term neighborhood refers to geographic areas throughout Paonia made up of historic additions to the official Town plat. Within Paonia there is a lack of diversity of housing options within different neighborhoods that limit the variety of living environments, housing types, and levels of affordability.

### WHAT IS AFFORDABLE & WORKFORCE HOUSING?

- **Affordable Housing:** The 2023 Housing Needs Assessment defined “Affordable” as, “consistent with the federal standard that no more than 30% of a household’s gross income (before taxes) should be spent on housing costs, including utilities.” Housing affordability comes down to the relationship between the price of housing in a region (either for sale or rent) and the incomes of households within that region. The 2023 Housing Needs Assessment discussed in detail the relationship with wages within Paonia and the North Fork Valley and the availability of housing, housing prices and rent costs. When households spend more of their incomes on housing, they have less income to spend on essential services such as healthcare, and even less on discretionary items that benefit the local economy such as eating out at local restaurants.
- **Workforce Housing:** Workforce housing is a subset of affordable housing and generally refers to housing that is affordable to households earning between 80% and 120% of the area median income (AMI). Housing costs for households earning between 80% and 120% of AMI should not exceed 30% of those households’ gross annual incomes. Typically, workforce housing is targeted toward workers who are vital for the everyday function of the community such as teachers, public safety workers, first responders, public works employees, and workers in retail, food/beverage, hotel, and other core industries.

Reflecting broader societal changes, an increasing proportion of housing will need to meet the changing demands for multigenerational, or specialized units, and to provide options for affordable and workforce housing.

*“More apartments or accessory dwelling units for singles, low-income folks and elderly are needed.” - Housing Action Plan Open House Participant*

The 2023 Housing Action Plan identified allowing accessory dwelling units (ADUs) as a top priority for the Paonia community.<sup>1</sup> Contextual and integrated architectural and site design can help to bring together different uses and housing types to promote diversity and variety to build great neighborhoods.

Nothing within this element shall require the Town to allow development that is inconsistent with any vision, goals, and policies described within the Future Land Use Element. The Town of Paonia shall encourage and support the provision of housing for all Residents of the Town in accordance with the Vision, Goals, and Policies identified in this element. The following goals and policies provide direction for all aspects of physical planning. Goals are defined as desired ideals and a value to be sought. Policies articulate a course of action that guides governmental decision making to meet the goal. To further define how policies can be implemented in the short- and long-term specific strategies can be found in the 2023 Housing Action Plan. They are not inclusive of all actions and options.

<sup>1</sup> Colorado House Bill 24-1152 was passed and goes into effect on June 30, 2025, which eases restrictions and burdens on most Colorado residents to build an accessory dwelling unit, CRS §29-35-104.



## VISION

To create a thriving, sustainable and inclusive community where all Residents have access to affordable, safe and attainable housing that preserves the Town’s unique character and values. By leveraging the Town’s resources, and strategically utilizing the water tap moratorium as a catalyst, we will leverage our community’s resources and foster partnerships to develop a diverse range of affordable housing options that meet the needs of our Residents and ensure that our community remains a vibrant place to live, work, and grow for generations to come.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOODS

- HOUSING GOAL 1:** Maintain Paonia as a community that is accessible to a range of income levels, ages, and households by ensuring adequate and affordable housing options are available.
- HOUSING GOAL 2:** Enhance and maintain the character of Paonia’s existing residential neighborhoods, balance the need to accommodate infill development.
- HOUSING GOAL 3:** Commit to inclusivity by ensuring a diversity of housing options that meet the needs of residents including those for seniors and residents with special needs.
- HOUSING GOAL 4:** Preserve views of the mountains, natural amenities and scenic vistas from the public realm.
- HOUSING GOAL 5:** Identify, recognize and protect Paonia’s unique and irreplaceable historic and cultural heritage.
- HOUSING GOAL 6:** Preserve, protect and stabilize the character and visibility of residential neighborhoods, particularly within areas with natural hazards such as floodplain and steep slope conditions, or require demolition when rehabilitation is not possible nor economically feasible, such as in areas where a significant concentration of substandard housing exists that contributes to negative neighborhood or environmental conditions.
- HOUSING GOAL 7:** Encourage building and construction strategies, methods and practices that promote energy efficiency through low impact design principles, including the use of renewable energy resources in the construction of new homes and the rehabilitation of existing homes.

## GOAL

- HOUSING GOAL 1:** Maintain Paonia as a community that is accessible to a range of income levels, ages, and households by ensuring adequate and affordable housing options are available.



## POLICIES

- POLICY HOUSING 1:** Work with Delta County, private water companies (Consecutive water systems), and developers to develop housing units designed and priced for employees living and working in Delta County, with a primary focus on those living and working in Paonia or the Paonia Census tract<sup>2</sup>.
- POLICY HOUSING 2:** Promote the use of alternative zoning techniques and mechanisms to provide a mix of housing types within residential neighborhoods.
- POLICY HOUSING 3:** Encourage approaches such as reducing minimum lots sizes and encouraging accessory dwelling units that may be restricted as long-term rentals with affordable leases.
- POLICY HOUSING 4:** Provide fast-track processing and other incentives for proposed housing developments intended for persons with special housing needs including the elderly (persons aged 60 years or older), the handicapped, low-income residents, and large families.
- POLICY HOUSING 5:** Acknowledge the role of the private sector as a necessary partner in addressing the community's affordable and workforce housing needs.
- POLICY HOUSING 6:** Use annexations as an opportunity to expand Paonia's supply of affordable and workforce housing and continue to require pre-annexation agreements for new construction within the Growth Management Area as a condition of getting domestic water service.
- POLICY HOUSING 7:** Support the development of housing options designed to accommodate multi-generational needs to allow residents the opportunity to age in place.
- POLICY HOUSING 8:** Take advantage of all opportunities to add needed affordable and workforce housing to Paonia and the surrounding area while being mindful of the Town's desire to avoid overconcentration and overly dense construction in any one neighborhood.

## GOAL

- HOUSING GOAL 2:** Enhance and maintain the character of Paonia's existing residential neighborhoods, balance the need to accommodate infill development.

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<sup>2</sup> Census tract is defined as a small, relatively permanent geographic area within a county that is used to present data from the census and other statistical programs.



## POLICIES

- POLICY HOUSING 9:** Support enhancement programs and efforts to strengthen existing or aging residential neighborhoods.
- POLICY HOUSING 10:** Support flexibility in building design and type to allow neighborhoods to continue meeting the needs of community such as senior housing, intergenerational families, and special needs housing.

## GOAL

- HOUSING GOAL 3:** Commit to inclusivity by ensuring a diversity of housing options that meet the needs of residents including those for seniors and residents with special needs.

## POLICIES

- POLICY HOUSING 11:** Encourage new developments to accommodate a variety of housing sizes, household types, tenure types, densities, and prices.
- POLICY HOUSING 12:** Support the development of a range of housing options, as may be appropriate in different parts of the community, including, but not limited to small homes, accessory dwelling units, townhomes, live/work units, and limited small-scale apartments or condominiums.
- POLICY HOUSING 13:** Support strategies that help local residents maintain resident-occupied housing, rather than housing occupied by second homeowners.
- POLICY HOUSING 14:** Expand the supply of housing that is accessible to seniors, people with disabilities, or persons with mobility limitations through the use of universal design and visitability<sup>3</sup> principles in the construction of new housing and the rehabilitation of existing homes.
- POLICY HOUSING 15:** The Town shall discourage redevelopment and demolition practices that significantly reduce existing housing stock in older neighborhoods and that result in the displacement of very low, low, and moderate-income residents or special needs households.
- POLICY HOUSING 16:** The Town shall monitor all redevelopment and demolition activity to ensure that comparable relocation housing is available in accordance with federal regulations, regardless of whether federal monies are used in the activity, and the Town shall ensure that all adopted and proposed regulations maintain and encourage diversity in housing types that will support adequate relocation housing as required.

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<sup>3</sup> Visitability is defined as a single-family or owner-occupied housing designed in such a way that it can be lived in or visited by people who have trouble with steps or who use wheelchairs or walkers.



**POLICY HOUSING 17:** Expand housing options for the aging population to facilitate aging in place such as ADUs and intergenerational households and housing products for downsizing households.

**POLICY HOUSING 18:** Support a continuum of care from independent living to assisted living to transitional facilities.

## GOAL

**HOUSING GOAL 4:** Preserve views of the mountains, natural amenities and scenic vistas from the public realm.

## POLICIES

**POLICY HOUSING 19:** Maintain scenic vistas from rights of way, public facilities and public lands to Open Spaces, Jumbo Mountain, Mount Lamborn, Landsend Peak, the Core Commercial District of Downtown Paonia, as shown on the map entitled “Viewshed, Gateways, and Historic Context.”

**POLICY HOUSING 20:** Ensure views designated on the map entitled, “Viewshed, Gateways, and Historic Context,” are integrated into planning for new development. This may include dedication of land, setbacks, height restrictions, modified building orientations or modified placement on a lot.

## GOAL

**HOUSING GOAL 5:** Identify, recognize and protect Paonia’s unique and irreplaceable historic and culture heritage.

## POLICIES

**POLICY HOUSING 21:** Protect historic and cultural resources for the aesthetic, cultural, educational, environmental, and economic contribution they make to maintaining and constructing Paonia’s identity and quality of life.

**POLICY HOUSING 22:** Acknowledge and support Paonia’s artisan, artistic and multi-cultural heritage and community diversity in planning Town facilities, programs, events, and resources.

## GOAL

**HOUSING GOAL 6:** Preserve, protect and stabilize the character and visibility of residential neighborhoods, particularly within areas with natural hazards such as floodplain and steep slope conditions, or require demolition when rehabilitation is not possible nor economically feasible, such as in areas where a significant concentration of substandard housing exists that contributes to negative neighborhood or environmental conditions.



## POLICIES

- POLICY HOUSING 23:** Commercial uses that are adjacent to residential districts may expand if the expansion will not have an adverse impact on the character or viability of the surrounding neighborhood, or if the expansion will not substantially increase non-residential traffic in the surrounding neighborhood.
- POLICY HOUSING 24:** Support and encourage individual homeowners and developers to increase reinvestment that improves resilience, stormwater and groundwater management, and water conservation type improvements to landscape and/or structures on private property, as well as enhancing the design, structural quality, and aesthetic conditions of existing housing and the neighborhoods through the pursuit of building form standards in future updates to the Town's Land Development Code, as may be required from time to time, which ensure that new development and redevelopment preserve the existing community character.
- POLICY HOUSING 25:** Support efforts of community-based organizations and neighborhood improvement initiatives which contribute to the stabilization, conservation, enhancement, and improvement of existing housing, structures, and other physical facilities within neighborhoods.
- POLICY HOUSING 26:** The Town will create programs and/or develop code to reduce substandard housing; defined as, "a condition that puts the safety, health or welfare of occupants at risk."

## GOAL

- HOUSING GOAL 7:** Encourage building and construction strategies, methods and practices that promote energy efficiency through low impact design principles, including the use of renewable energy resources in the construction of new homes and the rehabilitation of existing homes.

## POLICIES

- POLICY HOUSING 27:** Encourage individual homeowners and private developers to use currently acceptable green housing specifications as made available from the U.S. Green Building Council for the rehabilitation of existing housing structures and the construction of new homes.
- POLICY HOUSING 28:** Promote and enforce efficient design and construction standards as these become adopted as part of the International Building Code. The Town shall also promote commercial and residential standards, such as passive houses, that are promulgated from time to time by the Colorado Green Building Guild.



**POLICY HOUSING 29:** Ensure that all energy efficient designs and construction contemplate both noise trespass and light trespass.



## PARKS, RECREATION, & TRAILS

### OVERVIEW

Paonia is home to a beautiful park system consisting of three major parks—Paonia Town Park, Apple Valley Park, and Paonia River Park (which is owned and operated by Western Slope Conservation Center, a local nonprofit)—and several smaller parks and green spaces. Volunteer Park, a popular field for youth sports, is outside Town limits on Matthews Lane, owned by Delta County, and maintained by volunteers. Surrounding the Town are undeveloped public, private, and agricultural lands with diverse wildlife populations and ample opportunities for recreation. Paonia’s access to nature and park and recreational assets are important to the well-being and character of the community. These assets provide immense value to the community and require care including long-term planning and ongoing investment.

“Easy access to green space contributes to the quality of life that’s key to attracting and keeping residents and businesses, [and] research has shown that people who regularly use parks get more and better exercise than people who don’t. A park close by can improve the well-being of everyone from a child managing ADHD to a senior recovering from hip surgery.”

- The Trust for Public Land

Recreational opportunities in Paonia are growing but are still limited for youth and elders. Amenities that support these age groups are critical to ensuring good health and well-being and maintaining Paonia’s attractiveness as a place to raise a family or retire. Area recreational opportunities—in particular hunting, mountain biking, and hiking—already attract visitors. In response to feedback from the Comprehensive Plan community engagement process, this Plan addresses tourism separate from recreation in the Economic Development element.

The 2022 Paonia, Recreation and Trails Master Plan (PRTMP, Paonia in Motion) convened community members and local recreation leaders to define priorities for parks and recreation. The PRTMP, Paonia in Motion provides a detailed plan for the development of Paonia’s parks, recreation, and trails and is considered an element of this Comprehensive Plan. The Vision, Goals, and Policies below were developed by the public in addition to the PRTMP, Paonia in Motion.

### VISION

Paonia’s parks, recreation amenities, and trail system are well-maintained, adequately funded, and recognized for the value they provide to the community first and to recreational visitors second.

### GOALS AND POLICES FOR RECREATION

**RECREATION GOAL 1:** Maintain, enhance, and increase parks, trails, and other recreation amenities, prioritizing the needs and desires of youth, elders, and residents.



**RECREATION GOAL 2:** Maintain and improve safe access to parks, open space, and opportunities for a full range of recreational uses.

**RECREATION GOAL 3:** Ensure that planning and budgeting procedures for parks, recreation assets, and trails are included during the annual budgeting process.

## GOAL

**RECREATION GOAL 1:** Maintain, enhance, and increase parks, trails, and other recreation amenities, prioritizing the needs and desires of youth, elders, and residents.

## POLICIES

**POLICY REC 1:** Increase capacity and resources for local parks, recreation amenities, and trails through partnerships with community volunteer organizations, relevant local and regional organizations and government agencies, and private landowners.

**POLICY REC 2:** Prioritize development initiatives that preserve and enhance community access to open space.

**POLICY REC 3:** Require that new large-scale developments, and Planned Unit Developments (PUDs) include recreational, greenspace and other like components within their plan.

**POLICY REC 4:** Integrate park and trail development into land use activities that take place in key areas or corridors of connectivity.

**POLICY REC 5:** When developing new, or considering new uses for parks or recreational assets, collaborate with land managers and agency professionals to implement best practices that minimize the impact on wildlife (e.g., seasonal closures, habitat improvement/mitigation, and stewardship).

**POLICY REC 6:** Integrate trail development and nonmotorized connectivity into development/land use requirements for properties in key transportation corridors.

**POLICY REC 7:** Focus on implementation of the Paonia, Recreation and Trails Master Plan.

**POLICY REC 8 :** In alignment with Delta County's Recreation and Trails Master Plan, proactively plan and coordinate with stakeholders and other government agencies to reuse or convert the existing coal-train railroad track to regional rail or trail system that can serve members of the public and visitors should coal-train operations cease in the future.



## GOAL

**RECREATION GOAL 2:** Maintain and improve safe access to parks, open space, and opportunities for a full range of recreational uses.

## POLICIES

**POLICY REC 9:** Increase and maintain accessibility of parks, trails, and sidewalks by ensuring ADA standards are met when appropriate and feasible.

**POLICY REC 10:** Preserve and enhance safe access for all public lands that connect to the river, riparian corridor, and wildland while implementing seasonal restrictions as appropriate to protect wildlife and avoid human/wildlife encounters.

**POLICY REC 11:** Support and enhance the recreational use of rivers and creeks in local parks by improving safe public access while providing for sustainable flow for recreation and/or wildlife needs. Where open channels are unsafe, provide habitat mitigation and safe open water areas when re-engineering.

**POLICY REC 12:** Ensure that all parks include ADA parking and entrances.

## GOAL

**RECREATION GOAL 3:** Ensure that planning and budgeting procedures for parks, recreation assets, and trails are included during the annual budgeting process.

## POLICIES

**POLICY REC 13:** Discuss and decide all in-town parks and recreation amenities, including River Park additions or maintenance projects in the Town budget are adopted only after the Town has solicited public feedback typically through public meetings.

**POLICY REC 14:** Ensure Town staff can reasonably manage and finance the long-term maintenance of existing parks, trails, open spaces, and facilities prior to dedicating, building, or assuming ownership or maintenance responsibilities of additional amenities.



# GOVERNANCE & COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

## OVERVIEW

Good governance and informed community participation are essential to the Town of Paonia’s ability to implement the vision and values of this Comprehensive Plan. Fostering cooperative and respectful interactions between the public and the Town at public meetings will support long-term engagement and success. Clear and regular public communication designated transparent access to decision-makers, and regular outreach by Board of Trustee members to the community will enhance trust and improve accuracy of information-sharing.

## VISION

Paonia’s governance processes and operations are effective and efficient, breeding trust and buy-in from Town residents. Relevant information is easily accessed by Town residents to help them engage regularly and in constructive manner. The Town practices responsible regionalism, regularly engaging with regional partners.

## GOALS AND POLICIES FOR GOVERNANCE AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

- GOV GOAL 1:** Maintain a culture of respect, healthy communication, cooperation, transparency, trust and accountability within and between Town staff, elected and appointed officials, and community members.
- GOV GOAL 2:** Maintain constructive and informed community engagement, communication and partnerships.
- GOV GOAL 3:** Ensure town staffing is adequate, and the Town can retain qualified, professional employees.
- GOV GOAL 4:** Engage in regional cooperation and coordination.

## GOAL

- GOV GOAL 1:** Maintain a culture of respect, healthy communication, cooperation, transparency, trust and accountability within and between Town staff, elected and appointed officials, and community members.

## POLICIES

- POLICY GOV 1:** Build citizen capacity through well-managed community engagement and providing volunteer pathways for interested citizens.
- POLICY GOV 2:** Prioritize filling any vacant elected and appointed positions such as the Planning Commission and Tree Board.



- POLICY GOV 3:** Ensure consistent interpretation and enforcement of existing code and resolutions to build trust in Town governance and accountability.
- POLICY GOV 4:** Prioritize and support implementation of adopted community plans.
- POLICY GOV 5:** Provide opportunities for the community to learn about local government functions and services, including opportunities to participate in government decision-making processes.

## GOAL

- GOV GOAL 2:** Maintain constructive and informed community engagement, communication and partnerships.

## POLICIES

- POLICY GOV 6:** Provide accessible information to the public on key issues (e.g., larger infrastructure projects and policy discussion) to promote effective participation.
- POLICY GOV 7:** Ensure planning and budgeting processes are transparent and informed by professionals to appropriately prepare for the future.
- POLICY GOV 8:** Engage with local Non-Governmental Organizations to help create platforms to engage the public and utilize the expertise that exist within the community.
- POLICY GOV 9:** Create dedicated public communication from the Town and members of the Board.
- POLICY GOV 10:** Create and publish regular, professional communication outwardly to citizens via newsletters and text messages, social media, local print media and other means of direct contact.
- POLICY GOV 11:** Ensure consistent usage of the Town logo, letterhead and announcements to clearly identify what is official Town business.

## GOAL

- GOV GOAL 3:** Ensure town staffing is adequate, and the Town can retain qualified, professional employees.

## POLICIES

- POLICY GOV 12:** Build Town capacity by maintaining adequate and qualified staff and ensuring proper funding, training and resources.



**POLICY GOV 13:** Maintain a public works and police departments that has the staff, resources, and training necessary to provide the community with the desired level of public safety and Code Enforcement Services.

## GOAL

**GOV GOAL 4:** Engage in regional cooperation and coordination.

## POLICY

**POLICY GOV 14:** Proactively engage with regional, state, and federal partners including but not limited to those below. Ensure local plans and policies account for and are coordinated with relevant partners.

- Delta County
- Private water companies (Consecutive water systems) receiving Town provided treated domestic water
- North Fork Valley Creative Coalition
- North Fork Chamber of Commerce
- Other Local Chambers of Commerce
- Delta County School District
- Delta County Libraries
- One Delta County
- Delta County Tourism Cabinet
- Region 10
- All Points Transit
- Delta Montrose Electric Association (DMEA)
- Gunnison Basin Roundtable
- Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT)
- Colorado Department of Health and Environment (CDPHE)
- Bureau of Land Management (BLM)
- United States Forest Service (USFS)
- Other state and federal agencies



# APPENDICES



PHOTO CREDIT: AVERIE CECILE

## APPENDIX A, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

### PAONIA INCOME, JOBS, & WORKFORCE

Due to the nature of the food, agricultural, and entertainment businesses located here, and the associated increase in tourists that these businesses also bring in, many of Paonia’s current wage jobs are seasonal. During the public process for this plan, it was clear that the community is motivated to diversify its economic functions.

The age of residents is important to the local economy. The share of residents who are in their prime working years, those aged 25 to 54 as defined by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment, has declined from 37% in 2010 to 33% in 2020. The aging population of both the state and the Town of Paonia is pronounced. The median age of residents was 41 in 2000, 44 in 2010, and 49 in 2020. This same trend is occurring in Delta County at large. A decline in the prime working-age cohort coupled with an increase in seniors creates a challenging economic environment, and local employers report difficulty recruiting and retaining workers. At the same time, industries aimed at supplying the goods and services required by a retired population are primed to thrive if they can be successfully cultivated. Housing access is another factor contributing to labor availability and is discussed in detail in the Town of Paonia Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan, an element of this Comprehensive Plan.

#### **Economic Development Capacity & Planning**

One Delta County was formed in 2020 as an investor-based non-profit economic development agency for Delta County and has representation from the County and each municipality. Current key initiatives include workforce education, industrial park expansion and a large workforce housing development in the City of Delta. Beginning in 2015, its predecessor, Delta County Economic Development, commissioned an economic assessment, market assessment, and economic development strategy to better understand how to adapt to a changing economic climate. The strategy was never officially adopted, but consistent with the recommendations of the Region 10 Regional Economic Development Strategy, it argues for focusing on export-oriented sectors including organic agriculture, manufacturing, and to a lesser degree tourism.

Recently the Hotchkiss Chamber of Commerce has been rebranded as the North Fork Chamber of Commerce to serve Hotchkiss, Crawford and Paonia. In addition, several industry-specific groups and shared artist spaces exist. The North Fork Chamber of Commerce and existing county-level economic development efforts like One Delta County may serve as resources for Paonia businesses if engaged regularly by Paonia leadership. In addition, some Paonia businesses take advantage of business development opportunities through Region 10.

#### **Fossil Fuel Extraction**

Historically, coal mining was a major employer and economic driver; local reserves of “clean coal” are valued for their relatively low ash and sulfur content. The town experienced significant economic impacts with the closure of two of the area’s three mines in 2004 and 2014. The remaining West Elk Coal Mine in neighboring Somerset is the most productive mine in Colorado and still employs several hundred people and has no known plans to scale back. This mine is also the largest single industrial point source of methane emissions in Colorado. Many residents are also concerned about impacts on local water quality from upstream fracking for natural gas. The importance of the fossil fuel industry



to the local economy and its simultaneous negative impacts on other industries that are dependent on stable climate and ample clean water access—in particular farming and ranching—is an ongoing tension within the economic fabric of the Paonia community.

## FUTURE ECONOMIES

### **Agriculture, Arts, & Tourism**

Paonia is known throughout the state for its excellence in organic, regenerative and biodynamic agriculture. The North Fork Valley’s West Elks American Viticultural Area (AVA) is one of only two recognized AVAs in Colorado. The draft Delta County Economic Development Strategy calls for the County to rebrand its economy as an Organic Center of Excellence as the cornerstone of a strategy focused on uplifting the entire agricultural industry and enhancing its synergies with tourism, manufacturing, and education. Though the Delta County EDS was never adopted, it provides a useful framework to inform the development of Paonia’s own agricultural economy.

A key element of this approach is investing in agritourism. Agritourism is any recreational or educational activity on a working farm or ranch which consumers can access. It is a nationally recognized entrepreneurial activity that can diversify market outlets for local agricultural businesses and simultaneously stimulate rural development of surrounding communities. The average agritourism visit provides a surplus from \$93 to \$164 per person per trip for primary purpose travelers according to data from Colorado State University. Agritourism creates economic opportunity rather than competition for agricultural producers, because an agritourism destination attracts visitors who will likely want to visit other agritourism destinations. Local restaurants and bakeries, caterers, food trucks, pop-ups, farm and farmers’ markets, and value-added businesses are positive examples of farm-to-table enterprise and retail manufacturers that serve locals and attract tourists to enjoy the rural aesthetic and purchase organic value-added agricultural products. Opportunities exist to incubate, strengthen and expand more traditional working farms as well as agritourism-related enterprises in Paonia and the NFV, including developing a regional food hub and expanding value-added food processing facilities.

The Paonia area is also home to many organic, biodynamic and climate smart or regenerative farms with highly skilled farmers. Another opportunity for economic development may lie in the cultivation of educational programs focused on these growing areas of agriculture that utilizes the existing Hotchkiss USDA and Colorado State University Organic Research Station, and the knowledge and practice based in the North Fork Valley. Similar to the successful Solar Energy International, such a school could be located within Town boundaries and would increase economic value for area residents employed as teachers as well as attracted out-of-town visitors and students. The Colorado Workforce Development Council has indicated that agricultural and farmer education is one of its primary areas of focus and has funding available to support the development of such programming. The State of Colorado’s 2023 Talent Pipeline Report emphasizes the agricultural sector as one of the key areas of economic development for the state. In particular, it notes that “bringing the next generation of workers into the agricultural industry is important to the sustainability of rural economies and Colorado’s agricultural sector.”

### **Wellness Tourism, Outdoor Recreation, & Retirement Services**

Tourism is a large and fast-growing industry, however unbalanced by regular year-round well-paying and placed based jobs, deplete a community and lock out locals from housing. This is a major



challenge for many communities in Colorado. However, a rapidly growing subset of tourism called, “wellness tourism” offers a less extractive and more beneficial impact on the communities that develop it. Unlike traditional tourism, wellness tourism is largely based on the authenticity of a place and the continuation of natural local attributes that our community values such as dark skies, clean water and local food. Furthermore, it has been shown to bring in more revenues and create more permanent jobs for the local population than regular tourism. Wellness tourists are high-yield tourists who bring greater economic impacts than traditional tourists and their desire for local healthy food as part of their experience can be a complement to our focus on sustaining and growing local agriculture.

Paonia boasts abundant opportunities for outdoor enthusiasts, offering a wealth of activities such as hiking, mountain biking, fishing, hunting, cross-country skiing, snowmobiling, backpacking, and much more. Tourists and visitors who are attracted to recreational opportunities at the North Fork of the Gunnison River, adjacent BLM land (Jumbo), Grand Mesa, Black Canyon National Park, and Kebler Pass also patronize local restaurants, wineries, lodging and gear shops. The Parks, Recreation and Trails Master Plan details potential economic benefits of outdoor recreation.

Colorado has the fourth fastest growing 65+ age group in the US and Paonia over the past several decades has become known as a retirement community. This is also a potentially important source of future economic activity for the Town and relates to the wellness industry with regards to trained services providers in both allopathic and complementary medicine and the food service industries. Retired seniors consume large amounts of local goods and services and thus require a year-round workforce to support their needs. The growth in retirees will impact every age bracket in the labor force, causing robust demand for replacement workers and increased need for caregiving occupations such as direct care workers. The population of the greater Paonia CCD is also aging. Just under half (48%) of residents in this part of the valley are aged 55+, a much higher share of residents than in 2000 (29%) and 2010 (40%). Paonia currently lacks several key services that would benefit this population, including a pharmacy, walk-in clinic, and in-home care services. These services would also generate stable, year-round jobs.

### **Downtown & Creative District**

In 2013, Paonia became a Certified Colorado Creative District with a unique emphasis on arts and agriculture. A primary goal of this designation is to attract more tourists. Several organizations exist to support the arts and agriculture and to connect these sectors with the tourism industry, including the North Fork Valley Creative Coalition (which manages the Creative District designation), Valley Organic Growers Alliance, and the West Elks American Viticulture Association. The North Fork Valley Creative Coalition has contributed to the vitality of the downtown economic corridor through creative placemaking, wayfinding and signage, events and programming. In recent years new businesses, workspaces, boutiques and galleries have also opened downtown, yet as of January 1, 2024 there are approximately eight empty commercial locations along Grand or in the downtown core. At the same time, there are days when downtown food trucks’ average wait times for food range between 20-40 minutes, suggesting strong demand.

In recent years the growth of music events and festivals has grown with Big B’s summer music series and Pickin in the Park. These events bring out locals and bring in tourists from the area and around the state. They can also attract other business to come and vend in Town, however, Paonia does not currently collect sales tax for vendors who are selling in Town limits but not registered here. Lodging



businesses see boosts during these times, however the overuse of short-term rentals, especially in summer months to accommodate visitors has presented a challenge for both year-round Paonia residents and seasonal workers in need of housing.

### **Trades & Skilled Labor**

The absence of a business that provides year-round, living-wage jobs—other than the remaining coal mine—is felt in the local economy. A key growth opportunity for the local economy is in workforce development, particularly in skilled labor and trades.

Skilled labor is generally characterized by advanced training (expertise attained through experience and certifications or licenses in their specific fields) and likewise generally corresponds with higher wages. Three converging factors—an aging workforce (both Paonia and Colorado have a majority of workers in the aging category), the rural nature of the Town, and what is projected to a rapid rise in automation of the US workforce by AI technology—provide a background for a focus on developing trade and skilled labor education. Solar Energy International (SEI) offers an excellent example of this with their training program. SEI also is an example of the kind of business that brings in people year-round for training.

The State of Colorado has emphasized the need to invest in the infrastructure workforce, advanced manufacturing workforce, medical workforce to support an aging population, and rural workforce. These careers can be stable and lucrative. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, many of the fastest-growing career fields in the US are skilled trades.

“Rural communities have often had a difficult time retaining younger generations for number of reasons, including wages, education, and social issues. Communities depend on younger, more educated workers and leaders to grow and survive, this poses a serious risk.”

Report: Rural Economic Resiliency in Colorado (Colorado Office of Economic Development & International Trade)

### **Construction**

Since 2020, housing construction has been constrained by the moratorium on water taps. Despite the moratorium, General Contractors, carpenters, electricians, plumbers and other related trades are in demand. The Town of Paonia Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan calls for 100 new homes to be built in and around Paonia over the next five years, with 25-35 units built “as quickly as possible” after the moratorium is lifted. Further, much of Paonia’s housing stock is considered “extremely old” and will require repairs. Skilled tradespeople will be increasingly needed as construction accelerates over the coming decades.

## **CHALLENGES**

Central to the continued sustainable development of the art, service, agricultural, and tourism sectors will be policies aimed at regulating short term rentals and the creation of affordable housing to ensure that artists and wage workers can continue to reside within the community. The tension between growth in tourism and housing for locals due to the rise of short-term-rentals is detailed in the Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan.

The success of export industries such as agriculture and tourism depend largely on macro-economic and ecological trends. Both the Delta County Tourism Board Marketing Plan and the Region 10



Economic Development Strategy point to the negative economic impacts of natural disasters (fire, drought, fluvial hazards, etc.). Pollution from fossil fuel extraction and other heavy industries could seriously damage the region's reputation for organic excellence. Thus, protecting and caring for the watershed and ecosystems that underpin Paonia's economy, as detailed in the Infrastructure Element of this Plan, is an essential strategy for economic resilience.

## RESOURCES

Delta County is designated an enhanced rural enterprise zone by the State of Colorado. This designation allows local businesses to receive state income tax credits and sales and use tax exemptions for specific business investments. Taxpayers who contribute to enterprise zone projects may also earn income tax credits. Taking advantage of these tax credits and exemptions could help existing businesses become more viable as well as incentivize and lower the barrier to entry for new businesses.

The Colorado Rural Resiliency and Recovery Roadmaps program provided technical assistance and grants for regional teams of rural communities to drive economic relief, recovery, diversification, and long-term resilience.

The Rural Technical Assistance Program (RTAP), formerly known as Colorado Blueprint 2.0, provides free technical assistance, consulting, and funding to help rural communities create economic development strategies

The Career Development Incentive Program, or Career Development Success Program, provides financial incentives for school districts and charter schools that encourage high school students, grades 9-12, to complete qualified industry credential programs, pre-apprenticeships and apprenticeships, and internships.

The Northwest and Rocky Mountain Regional Food Business Center supports a more resilient, diverse, and competitive food system. This Center is designed to be a node for our region's small and mid-tier food and farm businesses and local and regional food sector development initiatives by supporting cross-regional collaboration, providing and analyzing relevant and timely data, and serving as a gateway for USDA programs and other third-party funding opportunities, with a focus on underserved farmers, ranchers, and food businesses.



## APPENDIX B, TRANSPORTATION

“The size, shape and speed of automobiles have changed. There is more interest in the walkability of the Town and we see more bicycles, e-bikes, skateboards and scooters on Grand Ave. With an aging, yet active, population there are more people walking and riding bikes than ever. Sidewalks and crosswalks must accommodate wheelchairs and walkers.”

- CDOT Revitalizing Main Street, Interim Report 2021

### GETTING TO PAONIA

The nearest international airports are in Denver (4.5 hours) and Salt Lake City (5.5 hours), with regional airports located in Montrose (1 hour) and Grand Junction (1 hour 20 min).

Amtrak train stations are located in Glenwood Springs (1 hour 30 min) and Grand Junction (1 hour 15 minutes).

The shortest route to reach Paonia from I-70 or Roaring Fork Valley (Aspen, Snowmass Village, Basalt, Glenwood Springs, and Carbondale) to the north is by crossing McClure Pass (elevation 8,755 ft), which is occasionally closed for hours or days due to inclement weather, particularly in the winter. In late spring/early summer 2023, damage from a sinkhole caused Highway 133 north of Paonia to be closed for nearly two months, severely impacting tourism and commuting between the North Fork Valley and Roaring Fork Valley until the highway was repaired by Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT). Following this incident, CDOT began a \$33.4 million slope stabilization project to reduce erosion and improve highway safety and functionality. Alternate routes from Denver to Paonia are via Grand Junction or Gunnison, adding an additional 50 minutes to 1.5 hours of travel time.

From nearby cities, Carbondale and Delta, there are no regular public transit options available to reach Paonia, nor are there any taxis or commercial ride sharing services in Paonia or the surrounding areas. Travelers without a car can hitch, rideshare, or pay for a private ride to Delta or Glenwood Springs and then utilize the Bustang public bus service operated by CDOT, which travels along I-70 to and from Denver and between Grand Junction and Durango. Currently there are no known plans to expand Bustang service to the North Fork Valley. From Glenwood Springs or Carbondale travelers can also utilize the Roaring Fork Transportation Authority bus system to reach Aspen Airport.

### HEALTHCARE ACCESS

Lack of regional and local public transportation makes it challenging to connect Paonia and the North Fork Valley to larger cities where hospitals are located. EMS ambulance services are provided by North Fork EMS, a local five-member board special district funded by a mill levy. The ambulance service is responsible for responding to all 9-1-1 calls in a 1,500-square-mile area over three counties as well as maintaining three stations in the region. The nearest nonemergency healthcare clinic is in neighboring Hotchkiss (9 miles/17 minutes). This location does not provide 24-hour services. The nearest hospital and emergency room with 24hr services is in Delta (26 miles/39 minutes), with more specialized care available in Montrose (50 miles/1 hour) and Grand Junction (71 miles/1 hour 20 min). Several private taxi services exist which accept insurance and Medicaid to pay for travel to



healthcare visits. Health First Colorado (Colorado’s Medicaid program) operates its own Med-Ride service available 24/7 for nonemergency healthcare visits. In addition, the nonprofit All Points Transit offers low-cost trips predominantly for seniors and disabled people (healthcare visits can be covered by Medicaid) and the North Fork Senior Connections nonprofit runs Neighborly Connections, a volunteer-based program to help seniors get to their healthcare visits.

## SCHOOL ACCESS

Delta County Joint School District 50J buses students from Paonia to North Fork High School, the area’s only public high school, located in Hotchkiss (11 miles/20 minutes from Paonia); and to the North Fork Montessori School, located in Crawford (16 miles/25 minutes) from Paonia). The Paonia K-8 school, and the North Fork School of Integrated Studies are both located within walking distance of downtown Paonia.

## WALKABILITY & BIKEABILITY

Like many towns in the West, the street system in Paonia was originally a series of dirt or gravel roads with horse access and then a common speed limit for cars and yield signs at key intersections. As roads have been paved, the traffic system has not formally evolved to control for speed or passthrough/commercial traffic routes. Neither has it formally incorporated other means of transportation such as biking or pedestrians. While surveys have shown that many people in Paonia ride their bikes to school, to do errands or to social outings, or reach the Mount Jumbo trail system, there are no designated bike lanes on Paonia’s streets. Likewise, there are no dedicated bike paths nor bike lanes to connect Town residents to Big B’s or other businesses along Hwy 133, nor to Volunteer Park on Mathews Lane which is heavily used for youth sport leagues and other activities. There is no continuous system of sidewalks or routes for residents to walk downtown or for children and youth to walk to school.

“Do everything possible to promote responsible, progressive, growth. Walking-friendly towns tend to promote excellent business opportunities, which is what I want to see more of in this town.”  
- Participant in the 2020 CDOT Main St Revitalization Survey

In addition to repairing and maintaining sidewalks, walkability and bikeability can be enhanced by dedicating routes and building new pathways for these modes of transport. There is a prime opportunity to support measures that encourage biking and walking along 3rd Street while funneling non-residential vehicle traffic to 2nd Street. 3rd Street is almost entirely residential east of Onarga Avenue and is already heavily used by pedestrians and cyclists accessing the parks and schools, while 2nd Street is currently zoned commercial and light industrial from Main Street to Oak Avenue. At a Town of Paonia Board meeting in June 2023, citizens requested ToP reduce the speed limit while improving signage and enforcement for safety purposes, particularly on 3rd Street and Rio Grande Avenue near Apple Valley Park. In addition, the Parks, Recreation & Trails Master Plan provides recommendations for a trail along Mathews Lane to improve safety and connectivity between Town and Volunteer Park. Clearly directing vehicular and nonmotorized traffic along distinct, designated routes—supported by well-maintained sidewalks, and bike lanes, and trails; appropriate speed limits and signage; and safe crossings—would improve safety and traffic flows through Town.



Key Takeaways from the 2020 CDOT Main St Revitalization Interim Report:

- Strong perception of inadequate parking on Grand Ave
- Lack of awareness of alternate parking options (side streets, public lots, etc.)
- General support for more trees, flowers, green space, benches, bike racks, and art in the downtown economic corridor

## PARKING & SIGNAGE

A community survey from the 2020 CDOT-funded Main Street Revitalization study identified a strong perception of inadequate parking on Grand Ave coupled with a lack of awareness of alternate parking options (side streets, public lots, etc.) as one of the main limitations of the downtown business and creative district.



## APPENDIX C, REFERENCE & RESOURCE DOCUMENTS

- American Planning Association's Comprehensive Plan Standards for Sustaining Places, 2015
- Asset Inventory and Capital Improvement Plan, SGM, 2021
- Bottom-Up Delta County Economic Development Goals, 2011
- CO 133 Paonia Slope Stabilization, Colorado Department of Transportation, 2023
- CO Creative Districts
- Colorado Bike Law
- Colorado Department of Transportation Main Street Revitalization Grant Application, 2022
- Colorado Department of Transportation Main Street Revitalization Grant Town of Paonia Interim Report, 2021
- Colorado Department of Transportation Main Street Revitalization Grant, 2020
- Colorado Growing Water Smart Guidebook: The Water Land-Use Nexus
- Colorado State Demographer Office Paonia Profile, 2023
- Comprehensive Plans. Colorado Department of Local Affairs, 2023
- Connected Communities: Local Governments as a Partner In Citizen Engagement and Community Building, 2010
- Delta County Economic Assessment, 2015
- Draft Delta County Economic Development Strategy, 2015
- Delta County Land Use Code & Zoning Maps
- Delta County Market Assessment, 2015
- Delta County Tourism Marketing Plan, 2017
- Developing a Sediment Management Plan for Paonia Reservoir, Kent Collins, Hydraulic Engineer, Bureau of Reclamation, Denver, Colorado
- DOLA Affordable Housing Guide for Local Officials
- Draft Paonia Master Plan, 2018
- Draft Paonia Master Plan, Barbara Peterson, 2012
- Draft Paonia Master Plan, EMB Consultants, 2021
- Economic Power of Heritage and Place
- EPA Water Quality Scorecard
- Global Energy Monitor Wiki, West Elk Coal Mine
- Growth Management Agreement for the Unincorporated Areas Surrounding the Town of Paonia, 2010
- Highway 133 Corridor Plan, 2010
- Impact of wetland change on local climate in semi-arid zone of Northeast China. Liu, Y., Sheng, L. & Liu, J., 2015
- JDS Hydro Water System Evaluation, 2021
- Land Use Law presentation by Leslie Klusmire
- Land Use Planning in Colorado
- Local Government Land Use Authority in Colorado
- Master Plan Primer, DOLA
- Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan for Delta County - Volume 1, 2018
- Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan for Delta County - Volume 2, 2018
- North Fork Valley and Terraces Groundwater System, Delta County, Colorado, 2013



- North Fork Valley Heart & Soul Project, 2014
- North Fork Valley Vision, 2020
- Paonia Comprehensive Plan, 1996
- Paonia Housing Needs Assessment and Action Plan
- PRTMP, 2022
- Paonia Municipal code (Ord. No. 2014-04, § 1, 1-13-2015)
- Paonia Tree Inventory Report Final, 2020
- Region 10 Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy
- Ridgway Master Plan, 2019
- Rural Economic Resiliency in Colorado
- Snoflo.org, 2023
- Snowpack Sublimation - Measurements and Modeling in the Colorado River Basin, 2009
- Spatial variation of snowmelt and sublimation in a high-elevation semi-desert basin of western Canada, Scott I. Jackson, Terry D. Prowse, 2009
- Summary of Town of Paonia Community Strategic Planning Session, 2022
- Summary of Town of Paonia Draft Water/Wastewater Capital Improvement Plan
- Town of Paonia Community Strategic Planning Session, 2022
- Town of Paonia Housing Needs Assessment & Housing Action Plan, 2023
- Town of Paonia Source Water Protection Plan, 2010
- Town of Paonia Zoning Map, 2017
- Water for the Recovery of Climate – A New Water Paradigm, Kravčák et al., 2007
- Water from air: an overlooked source of moisture in arid and semiarid regions Theresa A. McHugh, Ember M. Morrissey, Sasha C. Reed, Bruce A. Hungate & Egbert Schwartz, 2015
- What Matters Most: Voices & Values of CO's NFV (Heart & Soul Project), 2014



# APPENDIX D, PUBLIC COMMENTS

Please see Paonia Comprehensive Plan (2024) Public Comments Document for all public comments submitted during this planning process.

## 4/27/2023 1<sup>ST</sup> PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT SESSION

**ALL COMMUNITY MEMBERS ARE INVITED**  
Reception at 5pm w/ free pizza (first come, first served)

**COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT SESSION**  
1st of 2

**WHEN** Thursday, April 27th  
5:30pm - 8:00pm

**WHERE** Paonia Town Hall Meeting Room  
214 Grand Ave, Paonia, CO

**WHAT** An inclusive and interactive community discussion to craft vision, values and priorities for Paonia's Master Plan.



Visit [bit.ly/paoniainmasterplan](https://bit.ly/paoniainmasterplan) to learn more about the Paonia Master Plan.  
Email your comments and ideas for the Master Plan at [paoniainmasterplan@gmail.com](mailto:paoniainmasterplan@gmail.com)

### Risks, Resilience, & Emergency Preparedness

**We value:**

1. Proactive hazard & threat identification for our community - 2 dots
2. Individual & community preparation - 5 dots
3. Protection of existing constructed & natural infrastructure - 3 dots
4. Nature-based solutions & green infrastructure - 17 dots
5. Private/public efforts to identify & co-address critical factors for food, energy, & water - 7 dots

### Your Values & Vision for Emergency Preparedness & resilience

- More low-water & edible landscaping
- Protection & Priority for our town water infrastructure
- With freedom comes responsibility - be responsible! Quit worrying.
- Climate/Carbon plans vs responding to each individual emergency
- Very Large water reservoir
- Get cows & fire out of watershed
- Plant natives
- Regular transit to/from Delta medical
- Drought education & contingency. Plan for it actually happening as much as trying to prevent it (mitigation & adaptation)
- Climate change is real
- Public transit
- Shared transportation
- Car free zones
- Aggressively encourage walking & biking
- Discourage flush toilets
- Colder Climate Year-round / More rain/floods / Survival w/in lower degrees



- Use local wisdom & experience for public projects
- Transparency & communication for critical infrastructure
- Centralized Resource for community to come together & participate in educational activities to prepare, prevent, & plan
- Develop a really good resource management & resilient community program by involving k-12 (grades 7-12) using Arc GIS
- Active education, programs & incentives for water efficiency in landscape
- Be responsible with the budget & try to be as nature based in your solutions as possible
- A clear detailed plan for fire emergencies for the town
- Drought tolerant ed for garden & open space
- Resilience is also about getting back to normal quickly - economic & nature
- Residents & tourists understand the natural hazards & risks
- Protect our water source from wildfire
- Biodiversity
- The town understands the resources available to reduce & mitigate risks
- Beaver BDA's
- Earthworks to catch water
- Build with fire resistant natural materials

**What are the policies, actions, and goals that go into this?**

- Water Catchment strategies = abundance
- Provide education & resources to increase soil health & water retention
- Educational programming & risk awareness
- Individual Action Support
- Tree pruning - make old trees more capable of weathering the storms
- Wildfire & Watershed Resilience combined plan
- Source water protection plan
- Formal risk assessment (likelihood, impact, response) feeds into Plan
- Emergency Plan (exit routes, medical centers/first aid, transport & power back-up)
- Trees are low priority, town always looks at streets first. Use Pothole tax for tree care
- Set up CERTs - Community Emergency Response Teams

**Given the Vision & Values that have support:**

What are the opportunities?

- To learn permaculture design to create earthworks to catch water for use in the event of a fire

What are the hurdles?

What's needed in the next 5-10 years?

- Water, Water, Water
- Shifting our understanding of water use



What's needed for long term resilience?

- Public transportation
- Intergenerational education

## Water & Infrastructure

### **We Value:**

1. Consistent quality service & maintenance of essential community services & infrastructure - 10 dots
2. Comprehensive & forward thinking (10-20 yrs) & financial planning to ensure resources are available to support service & infrastructure - 15 dots
3. A healthy watershed that supports quality & supply - 12 dots
4. Investments in hard & green infrastructure that supports quality of life, economic prosperity, & continued capacity for residents business, agriculture, recreation, & wildlife - 18 dots

### **Vision**

- Water Catchment strategies
- Conservation of water
- Rainwater catchment program
- smarter/stricter irrigation
- Abundant water, clean & safe for all
- Stop piping all the ditches
- Regenerative farming bioregion
- Independence energy, food, & governance
- Communicate when & which visions will be enacted
- Stop trying to be showy and live more quietly
- Slow & sustainable community growth
- Soil improvement = more water in the system
- Replace all old water lines & give homeowners assistance to replace clay pipes
- Renewables where possible & sensible
- I don't want to see aging infrastructure hurdles preventing town staff from doing "the rest" of their jobs (ie constant water line fixing vs street repair)
- Fireflies! They live in Paonia by the river. Restore their habitat.
- Compost & zero waste goals
- Composting/chipping of yard waste to be sold back or used on town properties
- Town recycling
- Peace & quiet
- Courage to stand for the well-being of all



- #4 Education: Healthy environment, community engagement, agreement based on civil discussion
- #5 Build community, build connections, build resilience
- #6 Bias & prejudice are hurdles, lack of imagination, lack of action & human failure
- Sustainable planning
- Reduce waste
- Renewable energy
- Share & Care
- #1 Intimate knowledge of place
- Infrastructure is more sustainable
- Opportunities for natural farms, beef, & ag
- Health is wealth
- #2 Success looks like contentment
- More community focus on the river
- #3 In person & via social media
- Community Included dialogue & education (remove all control from the water buffaloes)
- Anticipate greater growth & impact on infrastructure (#5)

### Values

- Communication, Communication, Communication
- Effective teamwork
- Integrity, Brotherhood, Unity
- Unified Criteria
- Community Interest over individual interest
- Unified Vision
- Paradigm Shift
- Housing was built in town with 1. No building permits 2. No water taps 3. No inspection - where is the oversight? Where is the “value” this lack of water (or any other) oversight?
- Water catchment & retention
- Climate stabilized by regenerative practices
- Stable climate by new water paradigm
- Watersheds becoming water catchments
- Beavers!
- Beaver dams
- Beaver bioregion
- Plan for drought as much as we work to prevent it
- Bioregion interest over gov & corporate interests
- City works to relocate beavers
- City builds beaver delivery & fences on culverts where there is beaver conflict
- Everyone uses too much water = conserve!



- Beavers
  - Bioregions
  - Regenerative farming
  - Water Catchment
  - Syntropic agroforestry
  - Green & resilient infrastructure development, less concrete!
  - Re-green the desert! Reforest!
  - Gratitude for water & what we have
- 
- Let's do a big drinking water update, it's worth the cost & build in an honest assessment of how many taps are supportable
  - Repair & replace current water system
  - Aging infrastructure (water/sewer pipes)
  - No water being wasted on something we don't value
  - We know how much water there is and how it's being used
  - Affordable water rates
  - Continuously & repeatedly apply for grants to fix our water system infrastructure
- 
- Preserve healthy water & a fine-tuned infrastructure before more growth
  - Ecosystem over money
  - Slow, sink, spread water
  - Local sustainability overgrowth
  - Resilient watershed
  - Healthy & resilient watershed
  - Watershed bioregional identity
  - Resilient watershed
  - Keep updated infrastructure resources
  - Protect & conserve water
  - Water must be #1 priority in any conservation about growth & future planning
  - Educate & activate citizens to protect our watershed by understanding risks & building resilience
  - Watershed implicit in the infrastructure that shapes our daily lives
  - Celebration of the vibrant green infrastructure that makes Paonia awesome & cool
  - Community coordination & education on watershed protection & planning - increasing benefits for wildlife & people & environment, especially mutual benefits
  - Tree maintenance - they don't need to be removed! Maintain before they fall or break in the winds
  - Town \$\$ to match homeowners for pruning
  - More trees, less concrete
  - Plant new trees in vacant tree strips before any more removal happens
  - Budget for maintenance of right of way trees by town



- Alternative sidewalk materials in use - value preservation & green infrastructure
- Taking care of & accommodating ancient beauties (100-year-old trees!)

## Land Use & Housing

### **We Value:**

1. Preservation of open space, agricultural land, and rural character. - 23 dots
2. Walkability - 5 dots
3. Need to maintain affordable housing options - 10 dots
4. Maintain town's Historic Character - 4 dots
5. Clear planning for growing community - 10 dots

### **Vision**

- Approve ADUs and limit all short-term rentals to min 30 days
- Where is the oversight & management for housing?
- Community land trust for affordable & natural build housing
- Private property rights
- Allow forms of waste that work (human-oves, etc)
- Support small Agriculture
- More apartments
- Consider 2nd home tax (e.g. crested butte)
- Local org to promote owner builders
- Create barriers for 2nd/vacation homes & rentals
- Recognize current housing emergency
- Affordable housing must include energy efficiency & beauty. It must be built to house & inspire the spirit
- We can't keep subdividing farms
- Airbnb limits
- Ban on short term renting of single-family homes
- So important to preserve open space & ag lands & rural character in a way that does not lead to stratospheric housing prices & losing locals
- Innovative land share, community cohousing projects
- No more destruction of 100s of acres of farmland covered with solar panels
- Neighborhoods with people living in all the houses on the block
- Affordable, sustainable housing with people who live & vote here as tenants
- Not just affordable housing but also using alternative building materials
- Prioritize selling homes to those already here
- Community Land Trust
- Water drinking fountain on Main Street
- Homes made from local sustainable materials built by local contractors



- Prioritize natural building & housing locals
  - Not wasting space on unnecessary things
  - Protect our wildlife & increase conservation area
  - All types of housing available
  - Flexible land codes for various sizes & types of housing for various affordability
  - Affordable living for current home owners
  - Homes built to suit this environment: cob, earthships, strawbale, geoship
  - We recently had in town building with no: building permits, no water taps, no inspections, no parking
  - Town council support for new businesses
  - Energy efficient housing
  - Solarize the town
  - Community owned & managed housing
  - No restrictive covenant-based development
  - Short term rental moratorium
  - Affordable housing for locals
  - Keep Paonia cultural from becoming a resort feeling community
  - Small starter home options
  - Promote local/family home ownership over investors
  - High school students building tiny homes in school (grades 9-12)
  - Creating an attractive natural tiny homes community. Designate land for this use.
  - No more development
  - Cohousing
  - community gardens
  - Short term (30 days or less) food & housing with referral service for employment, & housing for long term
- 
- Orientate new and old homeowners to where they are situated on the watershed
  - Dark sky lighting - beautiful, safe, healthy
  - Porchfest - town festival, everyone has party porches/performance/art
  - A Paonia Garden Show Event!
- 
- More public open spaces- bike trails, Safe bike lanes on the highway, foot paths connecting open space (not sidewalks)
  - Maintenance & tree pruning to withstand winds/weather & new climate. Save old trees!
  - More local walks
  - Plant more trees
  - Bike paths throughout Town of Paonia
  - More public pathways
  - Bike paths through town
  - Utilize Mercantile land as a community garden



- No cement sidewalks, ground cover instead
- Bike path to Hotchkiss
- Extend river walkway
- Get more access to long walking/biking paths
- Increase bikeability
- Bike paths
- Sidewalks
- Trees
- Upgrade skatepark & community garden

**Given Values & Vision:**

1. Where in town could you see an increase in density (housing)?
  - Limit subdivision of farms
  - Don't let residentially zoned and platted subdivisions in town be turned into conservation easements. Are conservation easements an allowed land use?
  - No more construction obstructing wildlife corridors
  - Not next to my property
  - Facilitate ADUs for local housing
  - No more Hawk's Haven elite gated estates
  - No high density building or housing
  - NIMBY - private owned single-family homes only!
2. What viewsheds (vistas) are important to the town character?
  - All of them equally
  - Vistas? Really? How does that sustain the future?
3. Where should we focus on commercial or industrial businesses?
  - Commercial businesses on 3rd between Niagara & Grand. And Samuel Wade to Bridge. Not to 133.
  - Commercial businesses on grand & to the bridge
  - Near the highway
  - More industrial away from the current location of the tracks toward the northeast because industrial cuts through residential because of the old fruit packing industry
4. What activity, space, or industry is missing from Paonia?
  - Energy from oil, gas, & coal resources
  - Infill before sprawl
  - Maintain core business district
  - Encourage long-term rentals.
  - Limit ADUs to long term rentals
  - I wish we didn't feel driven to fill up all the space, like at the park. And paint all surfaces (like ugly murals). I'd rather see nothing.



- Food production & manufacturing
- Clothing & shoe manufacturing
- Coal, gas, oil industry
- Bring back Rodeo & Carnival
- Light manufacturing
- More value-added foods
- A common gathering space where people can speak freely & debate without WW III
- A tiny home subdivision
- Football field
- Baseball field
- Ice Hockey rink @ volunteer park

## CULTURE & CHARACTER – FACILITATOR NOTES

*To be a real and authentic town - meaning we have a butcher, baker and candlestick maker and they can all afford to live here.*

— public comment from CE #1

*Increase cultural, social and racial diversity. Increase understanding and acceptance. Create policies that ensure rights and protections for all. — public comment from CE #1*

### **1. Our rural and natural environment and opportunities for healthy living, quality food, recreation, and connection to the land.**

Focus on long-term resilience and cultivating a sense of place

Education and support for watershed, foodshed, fibershed Bioregionalism - gatherings, festivals, art, rituals

Public trails easily accessible from town

A big annual gardening event

Continued support for dark skies

### **2. Our small town, community feel (welcoming, safe, respectful, inclusive and affordable).**

Support for social, cultural and racial diversity

Proactive leadership in the area of respect, diversity, and inclusion

Open dialogue spaces for controversial issues

Affordable housing. Housing for low-income families.

### **3. Our community resources and offerings (library, radio station, festivals, art and cultural creatives, churches, etc).**

Community makers spaces

Support for collectives and coops

Participation in Creative Corridor



Develop a public art committee

Walkable. Safe for children to walk and bike  
Keep it funky and child friendly

More support for the library district

#### **4. Our history and heritage (including the newer, funkier forms)**

##### **Policies/Goals/Action Item Outliers:**

Appropriately scaled **economic development**

Increased marketing support for small businesses

Support local interdependence of small scale ag, manufacturing and commerce

##### **Good Governance**

Strengthen the capacity and ability of Town government to lead

Increase constructive community engagement and partnerships

Utilize volunteers, core teams and advisory committees

More proactive focus on topics such as art, culture, recreation and inclusivity

Model healthy, inclusive communication

##### **Scott's Notes**

Seems that overall there was support for the four values offered. History and Heritage only got one dot while Rural and Natural Environment got 24. This is probably a reflection of who was and wasn't there and also, perhaps, changing demographics. History and Heritage was the strongest aspect of the Heart and Soul project that included a lot of more rural folks so it seems it still needs to be included. Maybe it's easier to take for granted than the others and you will notice my addition to it of the newer, funkier forms of our heritage.

In terms of goals, policies, actions, there was heavy focus on affordable housing, the arts, being welcoming and inclusive, and cultivating a sense of place.

Also the leadership vacuum which advisory committees (what someone was calling core teams) could probably really help with. Council members need a lot more support and public cover. This topic probably cuts across all our chapters so let's decide how to best include it.

#### **Community Engagement Session #1 Final Harvest Notes**

##### **Land Use & Housing**

- Values:
  - Top Value - strong support for preservation of open space, ag land, & rural character
  - Not strong desire for density, though people want to limit sprawl
  - Want town to stay the same size
  - Walkability
  - Housing crisis - limited by supply & demand and water taps



- Support for sustainable/water resilient/natural building materials
- Goals, Policies, Actions:
  - How do we create policy & programs to address housing crisis?
  - Keep businesses primarily on Grand & 3rd, keep residential core walkable

## Housing

- Values:
  - Balance of short-term rentals & long term housing
  - Recognition that we are in a housing EMERGENCY
    - Generations are leaving
    - Huge number of homes are investment vehicles
  - Water & housing are tied
  - What does housing look like?
  - Prioritize lowering real estate costs
    - Direction we are heading in is million-dollar homes
- Goals, Policies, Actions:
  - Support for Community Land Trusts to combat land speculation and housing emergency

## Land Use/Zoning

- Values:
  - Equal amounts/Balance housing & open space
- Goals, Policies, Actions:
  - Developable land?
  - Zoning to support light manufacturing (input received via from Economic Development section)
- Other:
  - Water taps are limiting building in the town - so how are folks getting water to houses outside town limits?

## Culture & Character

- Values:
  - Preserving watershed/foodshed, night sky, small town feel
  - Rural & natural environment connection to the land
  - Recreation, land, agriculture
  - Keep it funky & weird
- Goals, Policies, Actions
  - Quality communication between Town govt & residents
  - Hurdles:
    - Tone & tenor of Town meetings
    - Vacuum of leadership in govt



- Vision & communication of town govt
- Opportunities:
  - Creative Coalition & partnerships
  - Being part of regional efforts

### **Economic Development**

- Values:
  - Balance economic development/industry with protecting rural & agricultural character
  - Vibrant & beautiful downtown
  - Prioritize locally owned businesses
  - Mixed feelings about prioritizing tourism as a driver for economic development
  - Want to see more businesses that help meet/give access to local needs (goods & services)
  - Democratize economy - public banks, participatory budgeting, worker co-ops, CLTs, etc.
  - Town should take care of providing basic services to support these businesses
  - Sustainable/Regenerative Economy: planting trees, caring for watershed/foodshed/fibershed
  - Transparent community process around new businesses
- Goals, Policies & Actions:
  - Downtown parking an issue
  - Support for light manufacturing, with zoning to support that

### **Tourism & Recreation**

- Values:
  - Prioritize recreation amenities for locals (over tourism)
    - How to balance this?
    - If we do things for ourselves and that attracts tourists, great!
  - Recreational opportunities for youth
    - Safe streets, skate parks, parks
- Goals, policies, actions:
  - Stop waiting for grants to pay for recreation amenities.
    - Short-term lodging tax, development tax are ways other communities pay for recreation without burdening locals
    - Prioritize easements
    - Incentivize connectivity
    - Teen center
    - Childhood recreation
- Other:



- We already have an abundance of recreational opportunities, close to public land, etc.
- Conflicting tourism/local needs (what are they?)

### **Risks, Resilience & Emergency Preparedness**

- Values:
  - Water availability & reliability a concern
  - Watershed resilience
  - Fire preparedness
  - Education on risk awareness for all ages
- Goals, Policies & Actions:
  - Emergency response plan
  - Risk assessment to identify priority risks
  - Source water protection plan

### **Water & Infrastructure**

#### Values:

- Ecosystem health
- Watershed Resilience
- Climate resiliency
- Natural green infrastructure as a priority part of our water system
  - Beavers
- Transparency
  - Community knows where the \$ goes that the Town receives in loans (and water rates?)
  - Communication & community engagement
  - Increasing representation for folks outside of town

#### Goals, Policies & Actions:

- Green infrastructure - public tree care program to take burden off homeowners for protecting
- Alternative materials for sidewalks (to protect street trees)
- Policies to promote sustainable growth of water supply/system and subsequent development
- Update source water protection plan so Town has a clear vision of what needs to be protected
- Continue Community Water Committee

### **Good Governance**

#### Values:

- Transparency & communication with public
  - Transparent community process around new businesses & development



- Town should take care of providing basic services to support economic development

## **Transportation Comments From Community Engagement Session 4/27/24:**

- No stoplights
  - Address downtown parking
  - Pedestrian friendly downtown
  - Non-motorized trails/connections
- 1) Complete Streets & Non-motorized Connections (safe for bikes & Pedestrians)
    - a) Low-impact recreation - non-motorized, nature-friendly, environment-friendly
    - b) Car-free zones, public & shared transportation
      - i) Consider closing Grand Ave to motorized traffic



## 6/24/2023 2<sup>ND</sup> PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT SESSION



### **Water & Infrastructure Priorities:**

Phase 1 capital improvement, metering springs, allocation

Representation for out-of-town water users: short & long term, board of out of town users

Holistic planning for water, sewer, street trees & sidewalks

Mapping the watershed: who owns the land? We can facilitate conversation (around regeneration?) with watershed landowners

Increase capacity for management and completion of tasks & projects

### **Land Use Priorities:**

Housing needs assessment

Increasing density in existing zones

Preserving & growing open space

Increasing access to river

Keeping commercial corridor in existing places

Desire for historic core to be preserved as it is

Green space/corridor along rail lines (Rails to Trails)

Zoning study

Address short-term rentals

Create design standards, including historic designation for downtown

### **Economic Development Priorities**

Business directory

Website, etc. paonia.com - businesses, service providers, events

Regular meeting of business owners - determine needs & offer trainings & support

Town position for community economic development - need a specific paid position to coordinate

### **Culture & Character/Governance & Participation Priorities**

Monthly public lunch with administrator

Get to know the government day - monthly

Free trainings & resources on good/healthy governance

Productive & healthy town council meetings

Meetings that are easier for both Council & public to engage in and show up to (shorter meeting packets)

Government affairs committee

Improve accessibility to information

Educating the public on how to meaningfully participate in the local democratic process

### **Overarching:**

Paonia is a unique and welcoming small town with strong ethics of self-reliance and care for our families and neighbors. We honor and respect Paonia's rich history and heritage, including arts, agriculture, mining, and the original inhabitants of this land, the Ute.

We balance growth and development with the values of maintaining a small town feel, economic and cultural creativity and diversity, and existing community resources.

We share a deep connection to our rural landscape and natural resources, and support opportunities to cultivate ecological regeneration and stewardship, protection of wildlands, healthy living, and a thriving place-based economy.



## Notes from Community Engagement Session #2

Deep connection to land opportunities

Community self-reliance

Families

Local economy - beyond quality food

Creative opportunity for the north fork

Paonia is a unique and welcoming small town where we value community self-reliance. Center of creative opportunity - anchor/catalyst of the NFV

Care, respect, regeneration = same principles apply to how we raise our community/families/children

Roots to weather the storm/turbulence

A fair and equitable community that takes a place-based approach to protracted growth planning.

Paonia, a community representing the needs, desires & interests of our population, focusing on sustainability, overall quality of life, & the unique character of Paonia. Avoid growth that does not benefit our population & future needs.

We strive to maintain our small-town feel, welcome newcomers and honoring legacy residents. Our streets are bike and pedestrian friendly and there are numerous delays as we stop and enjoy touching base with each other. Neighborly contact is far more important than our destination. Our local government consistently engages in best practices at all levels. Our volunteer engagement thrives as we support those in need. Our local economy thrives as it adapts to change and we focus on supporting local businesses and educate our kids to prepare for new local business opportunities. Honoring the Ute forefunders.

May we take Paonia forward as a regenerative, nourishing, locally thriving community which honors the hard-working collective character of the past, cultivating integrity, communication and mutualizing resources, all sustained in a culture of care and respect.

The Town of Paonia is a place of community collaboration, organic culture, community, and interconnectedness with nature.

The Town of Paonia welcomes a diverse population and offers a healthy sustainable environment of small businesses, creative collaborations, education and recreational opportunities. Residents work together to support the health and well-being of all. Self-sustaining.

Self-sufficiency, regenerative, resiliency, adaptable



Historical legacy - hard work, working together, Ute  
Small town  
Land connection - rural, natural resources  
Care for all ages & all stages of life  
Culture of respect

Rural traditions, organic farming, family, art, innovation, accessibility, public lands, safe streets, balance of growth & development w/ maintaining rural small-town traditions. To welcome, support, and find balance between economic diversity and development, small-town rural traditions, organic farming, and accessible public lands. Honor roots. Thriving community relationships.

Resilience: in that each home has the means to grow a garden and have fruit trees. New homes built by local companies. Homes are sustainable: pest-proof, wind and snow-proof, self-cooling, solar-powered. Within the town limits is a public food forest by the river (Riverbank property). Thriving: We all know the watershed we live in. Regenerative: preserve the wild, self-sufficiency in food, wild in schools, sustainable architecture, future development maintains small-town feel.

Regenerative, resilient, self-sufficient, food security, slower pace of life, friendly, agriculture & wilderness, slow streets, trees & parks, creativity & arts, connection to the land, seasons, food, artisans. A diverse but tight-knit community connected to the land, history and the creative community.

### **Land Use**

Short-term rentals are addressed  
Maintain housing affordability  
Residential land use occupied by locals  
Community-sponsored housing  
Maintain view & agriculture  
Not dependent on tourism  
Bioregional learning center: housing, agriculture, education, arts

### **Water & Infrastructure**

Water & infrastructure systems are clearly organized, well-funded, well-staffed, and affordable (to users?)  
Valuing & managing gray & green infrastructure  
Bundling infrastructure upgrades & maintenance  
Water system education  
Metering

### **Economic Development**

Protecting community assets



Taking care of local needs  
Enabling forward-looking development  
Catalyzing local entrepreneurship to meet local needs, widespread benefit in alignment with local ethics & values

### **Culture & Character**

Create a shared sense of identity & belonging  
Adaptive, self-reliant, building resiliency  
Cultivate respect, care & communication

### **Parks & Recreation**

Parks & rec are built on the nature of the landscape on which stewardship reciprocates outdoor opportunities  
Honor accessibility for all ages & abilities  
Safe streets  
Promote healthy lives & encourage volunteerism to support our collective resources

**6/24/2023 3<sup>RD</sup> PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT SESSION**



Amu's rep meeting Next 2 wks  
week of Mar 12 - ? date  
Bemail, <sup>penetration</sup> as the control  
of water avail  
today.

3/13 going forward  
3/26 on town  
4/3 website  
4/23  
5/1  
5/28  
6/15

planning  
wisdy

# Land Use Element Worksheet

## Paonia Comprehensive Plan

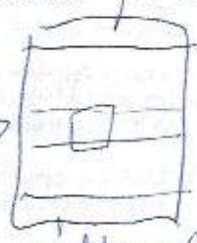
Planning Commission & Public Draft Review March 3rd 2024

jet streams  
polar

### Workshop Agenda

1. Welcome
2. Project Update, and Overview of Land Use
3. Introduction of the Land Use Element
4. Review of Land Use Policies and Actions
5. Review of Future Land Use Map
6. Next Steps
7. Closing

Mid  
latitude  
jet  
stream



between  
g. mesa  
Union p. gre -- unique  
climate.

who  
else lives  
here?

### Vision

Paonia's rural character and slower pace of life are interconnected with the landscape, the seasons, and the thriving community life. Urban agriculture thrives, the community feels connected to the surrounding farmland and natural landscape. Wildlife corridors, greenways and viewsheds are protected and cherished. The Town contains walkable, tree-lined streets that surround a small but vibrant historic downtown. The historic core neighborhoods are celebrated, while "gentle" growth harmoniously adds to the character of the Town and provides housing for all walks of life that make up the diverse local community.

### Values

- Open space, agricultural land, and interconnection with nature.
- The Town's rural character and historic heritage.
- Clear planning for a growing community.
- A diverse and accessible community of all ages, incomes, family status, race, religion or creed.

### Policies & Actions

**Policies** provide guidance for decision making by the Town Board, Planning Commission, and Staff including day-to-day decisions and big picture decisions.

**Actions** are specific steps or strategies that can be taken to support implementation of the policies and the plan in general.

Together policies and actions provide guidance for how the Town will work toward achieving the Community's vision and values in the plan.



## Policies

POLICY LUF-1: Preserve Paonia's rural character while balancing the need for infill, economic growth, housing and redevelopment.

POLICY LUF-2: Approach development with clear and consistent regulations and procedures that are effective and fair.

POLICY LUF-3: Promote a built environment that is in harmony with the existing scale and historic character of Paonia while remaining open to contemporary, energy efficient and alternative building methods.

POLICY LUF-4: Support diverse and affordable housing options for all to ensure that Paonia remains a complete and vibrant community.

POLICY LUF-5: Enhance the Town's resiliency to natural disasters and environmental hazards.

POLICY LUF-6: Promote access to open space, river corridor and surrounding countryside.

POLICY LUF-7: Protect key wildlife habitat and riparian corridors.

POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### *Community Input:*

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**



**Would you remove any policies?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**

fol 7+ create new corridors where possible  
fol 6 - Rebuilding/reforesting... can we incorporate indigenous  
vision here?  
Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet

2



Policies

POLICY LUF-1: Preserve Paonia's rural character while balancing the need for infill, economic growth, housing and redevelopment.

POLICY LUF-2: Approach development with clear and consistent regulations and procedures that are effective and fair. *With strong awareness of town natural resources (water)*

POLICY LUF-3: Promote a built environment that is in harmony with the existing scale and historic character of Paonia while remaining open to contemporary, energy efficient and alternative building methods.

POLICY LUF-4: Support diverse and affordable housing options for all to ensure that Paonia remains a complete and vibrant community. *define*

POLICY LUF-5: Enhance the Town's resiliency to natural disasters and environmental hazards.

POLICY LUF-6: Promote access to open space, river corridor and surrounding countryside.

POLICY LUF-7: Protect key wildlife habitat and riparian corridors. *- How?*

POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

Community Input:

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

- Encourag small manufacturing + non-retail commercial
- Preserving + Prioritizing current residence NOT a policy to attract New growth

**Would you remove any policies?** *\* How to assure "starter" Homes ADUS might create rental but do not make more starter homes available*

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**

*It's important to make this town work for those who live here now - Before we invite more growth. - People might actually stay if*

Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet

*They were able to ~~create~~ a business. <sup>house</sup> 2*



ART  
Coal mine taps is Big Picture  
Apache

Policies

POLICY LUF-1. Preserve Paonia's rural character while balancing the need for infill, economic growth, housing and redevelopment.

POLICY LUF-2: Approach development with clear and consistent regulations and procedures that are effective and fair. *accountability.*

POLICY LUF-3: Promote a built environment that is in harmony with the existing scale and historic character of Paonia while remaining open to contemporary, energy efficient and alternative building methods.

POLICY LUF-4: Support diverse and affordable housing options for all to ensure that Paonia remains a complete and vibrant community.

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POLICY LUF-7: Protect key wildlife habitat and riparian corridors.

POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

*Community Input:*

***Would you add any policies and what would they say?***

***Would you remove any policies?***

***How would you propose to edit any of the policies?***

*Add accountability in policy 2*

*Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet*

*commercial tax Needs Discussion 2*



## Policies

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POLICY LUF-7: Protect key wildlife habitat and riparian corridors.

POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### *Community Input:*

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

ADUs - Subsidizing and encouraging off grid ADUs  
Airbnbs - Only allowed to have unless you live on the property

**Would you remove any policies?**

laws that make it more difficult to live ecologically <sup>(recycling)</sup> v.i.e. no use of grey water and we are not allowed to have composting toilets.

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**

We would be incentivized to live greener maybe a discount on town bills

*Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet*

2



## Policies

POLICY LUF-1: Preserve Paonia's rural character while balancing the need for infill, economic growth, housing and redevelopment.

POLICY LUF-2: Approach development with clear and consistent regulations and procedures that are effective and fair.

POLICY LUF-3: Promote a built environment that is in harmony with the existing scale and historic character of Paonia while remaining open to contemporary, energy efficient and alternative building methods.

POLICY LUF-4: Support diverse and affordable housing options for all to ensure that Paonia remains a complete and vibrant community.

POLICY LUF-5: Enhance the Town's resiliency to natural disasters and environmental hazards.

POLICY LUF-6: Promote access to open space, river corridor and surrounding countryside.

POLICY LUF-7: Protect key wildlife habitat and riparian corridors.

POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### *Community Input:*

***Would you add any policies and what would they say?***

*Preserve & protect the Town's source water  
for our drinking water supply*

***Would you remove any policies?***

***How would you propose to edit any of the policies?***



## Policies

POLICY LUF-1: Preserve Paonia's rural character while balancing the need for infill, ~~economic~~  
~~growth~~, housing and redevelopment.

POLICY LUF-2: Approach development with clear and consistent regulations and procedures  
that are effective and fair.

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POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### Community Input:

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

"Economic Development"  
The Town has a "growing tourist economy"  
which provides necessary sales tax revenue, and  
should be encouraged. And local employment

**Would you remove any policies?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**



Policies

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POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

*Community Input:*

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

Policy LUF-1 -- If you get a lot of infill // economic growth, housing, redevelopment, etc, you will lose the rural character. I'm from Boulder & I've heard the whole narrative about smart growth, gentle growth etc. Now, the whole Front Range is ruined, a concrete jungle. **Would you remove any policies?** It is not affordable, in spite of mega-building.

Policy LUF4 -- Paonia will remain a complete & vibrant community as long as it remains relatively undeveloped. Development ruins every area it envelopes. People are trying to escape high density urban environments. **How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**

Policy LUF4 -- If you build more to try to get more affordable housing, it just attracts more people & the price keeps going up -- look at the Front Range!! So why build at all? why not try something new? **not build?** The price of housing will go up no

2  
102  
11



**Policies**

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POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

**Community Input:**

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

*LEGALLY PROHIBIT GROWTH IN FAVOR SHORT TERM  
(OF LONG TERM RESIDENTS)*

**Would you remove any policies?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**



## Policies

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POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### *Community Input:*

***Would you add any policies and what would they say?***

I'm glad "ARTS" was NOT included in  
mission and values.

***Would you remove any policies?***

***How would you propose to edit any of the policies?***



## Policies

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POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### *Community Input:*

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

*you talk about rural character -  
agriculture development - subdividing*

**Would you remove any policies?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**



## Policies

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POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### *Community Input:*

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

MAINTAIN + ENCOURAGE SUPPORT OF ARTS  
& THE ARTS COMMUNITY

**Would you remove any policies?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**



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## Policies

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POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

### *Community Input:*

***Would you add any policies and what would they say?***

*Promote art & music and cultural scene*

***Would you remove any policies?***

***How would you propose to edit any of the policies?***



\* Maintain Dark skies Paonia  
So that if a Home Depot goes up in the pink space  
Delta County wants to develop - all lights off. No parking lot  
lights.

Policies

POLICY LUF-1: Preserve Paonia's rural character while balancing the need for infill, economic growth, housing and redevelopment.

POLICY LUF-2: Approach development with clear and consistent regulations and procedures that are effective and fair. *strong awareness of towns existing policies.*

POLICY LUF-3: Promote a built environment that is in harmony with the existing scale and historic character of Paonia while remaining open to contemporary, energy efficient and alternative building methods.

POLICY LUF-4: Support diverse and affordable housing options for all to ensure that Paonia remains a complete and vibrant community. *clarifying this price.*

POLICY LUF-5: Enhance the Town's resiliency to natural disasters and environmental hazards.

POLICY LUF-6: Promote access to open space, river corridor and surrounding countryside.

POLICY LUF-7: Protect key wildlife habitat and riparian corridors. *be accountable -*

POLICY LUF-8: Maintain viewsheds, open lands and the rural feel of the Town.

*Take care of people here 1st  
Community Input:*

*there is a LOT  
of wildlife  
in the  
areas outlined  
for development.*

**Would you add any policies and what would they say?**

*WHY DO WE  
NEED THE DEVELOPMENT*

**Would you remove any policies?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the policies?**



## Actions

### Short-term (1-2 yrs)

ACTION LUF-1: Implement the Housing Needs Assessment and Housing Action Plan in order to prioritize access to affordable housing options.

ACTION LUF-2: Create and implement risk management standards and guidelines for development in hazardous areas, including the urban-wildland interface, the FEMA 100-year flood zone, and in areas susceptible to landslide and runoff.

ACTION LUF-3: Identify properties for development that are connected to existing infrastructure and could be promoted for light industrial, commercial space, vocational training and business incubators.

### Medium-term (3-5 yrs)

ACTION LUF-4: Identify vulnerable species and habitat within and near Town and develop strategies for responsible development and protecting crucial land.

ACTION LUF-5: Create and implement a strategy to improve and increase pedestrian access along the Gunnison River corridor, as well as connections to community amenities outside of Town.

ACTION LUF-6: Update land use regulations to align with this Comprehensive Plan.

ACTION LUF-7: Create new design standards and guidelines based on neighborhood context. Create a review framework to support the preservation of the Town Core historic architectural character and scale, and provide a review process that is proportionate to the scale of the intervention and that is open to contemporary, energy efficient and alternative building methods.

## Community Input:

Would you add any actions and what would they say?

*Economic Development  
Short term would support the tourist economy  
and provide employment for local residents  
there is not enough housing for tourists during  
festivals*

Would you remove any actions?

How would you propose to edit any of the actions?



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## *Community Input:*

*Would you add any actions and what would they say?*

*Would you remove any actions?*

*How would you propose to edit any of the actions?*



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*Indigenous guardians - boreal forest. These strategies should be informed by Upper local wisdom*  
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## Community Input:

**Would you add any actions and what would they say?**

**Would you remove any actions?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the actions?**

*Add upkeep standards to Action 7? bumpy roads, lots of junk in yards exposed... any way to improve the aesthetic standards in town?*  
Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet

*Action 4 - can we go further than protecting existing space and add more?*



## Actions

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## Community Input:

*Would you add any actions and what would they say?*

Definitely limit short term rentals — they make housing less affordable by taking housing off the regular rental market.

*Would you remove any actions?*

If the water moratorium stays in place & no growth occurs, why would our water bills be so much higher — without the moratorium, the springs would be serving many more taps — why would that be less expensive than fewer taps?

*How would you propose to edit any of the actions?*



## Actions

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## *Community Input:*

*Would you add any actions and what would they say?*

*(Historic Architectural Designation Protocol?)*

*Would you remove any actions?*

*How would you propose to edit any of the actions?*



Actions

*Need to keep maintenance*  
**Short-term (1-2 yrs)**  
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**Community Input:**

**Would you add any actions and what would they say?**

*Consider the impacts & changes predestined on two hundreds of acres of coal Co. Land & the hundreds of water tags  
Growth pays its own way*

**Would you remove any actions?**

**How would you propose to edit any of the actions?**



## Actions

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## *Community Input:*

*Would you add any actions and what would they say?*

*Would you remove any actions?*

*How would you propose to edit any of the actions?*



**Actions**

**Short-term (1-2 yrs)**

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**Community Input:**

**Would you add any actions and what would they say?**

• Make downtown a walking (business) mall with a park like feel, w/ cheap permits to sell in <sup>small</sup> ~~small~~ popup.  
Have a vacancy fine for housing left empty

**Would you remove any actions?**

Make sure affordable housing is integrated with all other housing so 'blums' or the poor or wealthy are not concentrated

**How would you propose to edit any of the actions?**



I Don't  
want  
Paonia  
to  
grow -  
I don't  
support  
development  
No  
new  
commercial  
districts  
No annexed spaces

Land Use Map

needs to be defined

**Key Considerations:**

- Preserving Paonia's small town feel and rural and historical character
- Maintaining the Town's agricultural legacy and its connection to agricultural and public lands
- The increasing demand for affordable housing
- Identifying options for a gradual density increase
- Maintaining the economic vitality of the historic downtown
- Maintaining commercial development along Grand Ave. and clustering new commercial development along the Town's gateways
- Identifying areas for creative mixed use and business opportunities
- Preserving and increasing access to open space and the river
- Protecting wildlife habitat and riparian corridors
- Identifying natural hazards and their implications on existing and future development

**Community Input:**

**Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?**

Riverbank property - preserve as animal wildlife corridor

**Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?**

yes

**Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?**

only in town core - in current infrastructure, churches, es.

**What areas should not have increased residential density?**

At 2 entrances to Paonia! At Riverbank property.

**The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?**

i wouldn't encourage any more commercial growth

**Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?**



## Land Use Map

### **Key Considerations:**

- Preserving Paonia's small town feel and rural and historical character
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### *Community Input:*

*Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?*

*Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?*

*Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?*

*What areas should not have increased residential density?*

*The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?*

*Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?*



## Land Use Map

### **Key Considerations:**

- Preserving Paonia's small town feel and rural and historical character
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### *Community Input:*

*Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?*

*Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?*

*Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?*

*What areas should not have increased residential density?*

*The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?*

*Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?*



## Land Use Map

### Key Considerations:

- Preserving Paonia's small town feel and rural and historical character
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- Protecting wildlife habitat and riparian corridors
- Identifying natural hazards and their implications on existing and future development

### Community Input:

Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?

All areas not currently developed.

Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?

Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?

Residential density diminishes quality of life - more traffic, less green space. In Denver + Boulder densification has not resulted in greater affordability!

What areas should not have increased residential density?

Every area should not be more dense.

Exceptions are Indigo and the Refinery. The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?

Most of the new stores downtown are yuppie-hippie T-shirt + gift shops, not stores where you can buy necessities. We lost the drug store (Hays drug). This is what happened in Boulder.

Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?

I live on Poplar near the car wash, I'm scared to death my neighborhood (residential) will turn commercial.

Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet



## Land Use Map

### Key Considerations:

- Preserving Paonia's small town feel and rural and historical character
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- The increasing demand for affordable housing
- Identifying options for a gradual density increase
- Maintaining the economic vitality of the historic downtown
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- Identifying natural hazards and their implications on existing and future development

### Community Input:

**Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?**

improve viewshed along Grand Ave and Sun. roads  
some easements along these gateways  
**Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?**

**Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?**

**What areas should not have increased residential density?**

Most of the historic town core

**The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?**

Mostly, but maybe need to improve character along 2nd instead  
of promoting commercial growth... would need design standards  
**Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?**



## Land Use Map

### Key Considerations:

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### Community Input:

#### Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?

I would love to see along 132 remain ag land or ag related business, i.e. cateries, farm stands, U-pick, etc.

#### Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?

Yes,

#### Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?

I'm open to some ADUS in town original, mixed use, and traditional. I thin new dev makes sense in mixed use.

#### What areas should not have increased residential density?

The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?

Yes

#### Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?



## Land Use Map

### Key Considerations:

- Preserving Paonia's small town feel and rural and historical character
- Maintaining the Town's agricultural legacy and its connection to agricultural and public lands
- The increasing demand for affordable housing
- Identifying options for a gradual density increase
- Maintaining the economic vitality of the historic downtown
- Maintaining commercial development along Grand Ave. and clustering new commercial development along the Town's gateways
- Identifying areas for creative mixed use and business opportunities
- Preserving and increasing access to open space and the river
- Protecting wildlife habitat and riparian corridors
- Identifying natural hazards and their implications on existing and future development

### Community Input:

**Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?**

**Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?**

**Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?**

Backyard off grid ADU's

**What areas should not have increased residential density?**

Urban Sprawl

**The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?**

**Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?**



## Land Use Map

### Key Considerations:

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### Community Input:

Where are areas that need to be preserved for open space or agricultural use?

Does the oval generally represent the Historic Town Core well? Would you adjust it?

Where do you see residential density being added within Paonia?

What areas should not have increased residential density?

The Downtown Commercial Core and Mixed Use areas allow for commercial growth and more diversity of uses. Is the Mixed Use area reflective of where you would encourage more commercial growth and other diverse uses?

Are there other areas you would add commercial uses or mixed uses?

*Retail Commercial Development on the Highway 133 corridor should not be encouraged as it will draw revenue away from Historic Downtown and loss of sales tax revenue.*

Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet

4



## Future Land Use Categories

1. **Downtown Commercial Core** – The vibrant commercial heart of Paonia with a unique historic character. This area is oriented towards local businesses and pedestrian access. Its restaurants and the Paradise Theater are the gravitational center of community life. Commercial activities are generally limited to small scale retail, professional offices, and restaurants and food trucks. Maintaining local core businesses that serve the community's daily needs in this district is a key step to preserving the small town feel and sense of self-reliance.

Primary Uses: Small scale retail, restaurants, professional offices, and other compatible commercial uses

Supporting Uses: Institutional, civic and government facilities, parks and recreational facilities, residential

2. **Mixed Use** – This category is intended to support a range of uses that serve and complement the Downtown Core while blending with lower density residential areas. The commercial, residential mix, and light industrial mix contributes to maintaining access to services and provides diverse housing options. Mixed Use areas are walkable and connected to nearby amenities, parks, and open space.

Primary Uses: Mixed residential, light industrial, home office, art studios, commercial, restaurants, public

Supporting Uses: Small scale manufacturing, institutional

3. **Downtown Neighborhood** – Part of the oldest residential neighborhood in the historic town grid, this area is predominantly defined by historical architecture styles and single-family housing. Slightly higher residential density than other residential areas is located here due to its proximity to Grand Ave and the Town's most vibrant commercial axis. Maintaining the historic character and scale while allowing for increased density is the focus in this area.

Primary Uses: Residential including one, two and three family housing

Supporting Uses: Home office/studio, parks, institutional, ADUs

4. **Town Original Neighborhood** – This district encompasses the central residential neighborhood in the historic town grid, characterized by tree-lined streets and an older architecture (turn of the century to 1940's). Its historic architectural character, walkability and small neighborhood feel are highly valued by the community. Maintaining walkability by sidewalk improvement, tree maintenance and off-street parking solutions is key in this area.

Primary Uses: Residential, single family

Supporting Uses: Home office/studio; ADU, institutional

5. **Traditional Neighborhood** – This district defines a more recent residential part of the Town (post 1950), with mostly single-family homes properties. It represents a transition from the historic core residential and mixed use areas towards the lower density residential districts that border agricultural land and open space. Residential density in this area will increase gradually over time with the addition of new ADUs or two family dwellings.

Primary Uses: Residential single family

Supporting Uses: Senior apartments, Two family dwellings and ADUs

*areas near library  
also near where  
public works is if  
the Voc.  
Building  
is bought*



**Gateways** – The two main gateways to Paonia play a crucial role in connecting the Town geographically (through Hwy 133) and represent key nodes in the future of the Town as they are located mostly in UGA areas. They provide opportunities for improved signage, safe pedestrian paths, and recreation access. For more details on planning and development in these areas refer to the Town of Paonia Highway 133 Corridor Master Plan.

- Samuel Wade Road represents the main access point from the highway. While future commercial and residential development is encouraged in this area, it is crucial to preserve agricultural land and the scenic view sheds. Development should be concentrated in clusters in order to maintain Paonia's small-town, agricultural character.
- Grand Avenue is the secondary access to the Town from the highway. Development in this area should focus on landscaping and beautification, on integrating the River Park and on creating a safe bike and pedestrian-friendly access to the Paonia K-8 School.

**Wildlife/River Corridor** - The "green backbone" of the Town, it is a system of areas that include the existing parks, the Gunnison River and Minnesota Creek riparian corridors and the Jumbo Mountain BLM area, complemented by pockets of conservation land within the Town limits. This area overlaps with identified wildlife habitat zones and it is intended to recognize and protect endangered species as well as the existing ecological systems that intersect with the Town. This area offers recreational opportunities as well as habitat continuity and protection for wildlife, and will benefit from further conservation and protection efforts, as well as improved accessibility. Responsible development in the area will include measures to preserve habitat and wildlife corridors.

**Natural Hazards** - Paonia is shaped by the surrounding hills and mesas, as well as the rise and fall of the river and its tributaries. Natural hazards are a part of living close to wilderness and the natural cycles of our environment. It's necessary to plan and prepare for the following risks: the recurrence of floods along the river and other waterways during spring runoff and significant precipitation events; landslides in areas with steep slopes and/or soil conditions susceptible to settling or expansion; runoff across areas that can increase erosion and channelize drainage; and wildfire risk, particularly in neighborhoods within the Wildland-Urban Interface. For information on these areas refer to the FEMA 100 year floodplain, the Colorado State Forest Service Wildland/Urban Interface, and existing maps referencing the region's wildfire hazard areas and areas prone to landslides and runoff.

### Additional Feedback

I don't like the ideas of commercial <sup>or industrial</sup> development in the gateway areas – not inviting (Farnsworth is an eyesore) Residential if done right would be better – subdivide into small "farms" or vineyards etc.



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### Additional Feedback

please avoid commercial  
development on gateways into town.



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### Additional Feedback

- Need to Revisit Conservation Neighborhood as the trailer park is ~~to~~ located there, which is high density. The trailer park is affordable housing and supplies workforce with critical employees.
- Paonia is such a innovative place would be cool to have an innovative housing zone(s)

Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet

7



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### Additional Feedback

I value undeveloped open space, green space of every kind, such as back yards. If back yards are used for additional development, it diminishes greenspace + contributes to global heating. You have to have more paved parking with additional development.

*Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet*

7



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### Additional Feedback

The town could offer a lot of legal leeway for property zoned as something else or used as something else to be turned into housing where ever possible.

~~Paonia Town Council Sponsor dated 1/11/2017~~



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### Additional Feedback

- Jumbo Trail need additional parking, maybe past the gate at Trailhead.
  - Include Mathews Lane and Mesa farms in urban farmland.
  - Trailer park
- Paonia Comprehensive Plan Draft Land Use Element Worksheet
- I think Main St is good place?



Towns could use  
eminent domain to:

- 1) connect Pan American &  
dc. vista -
- 2) Provide adequate parking  
area for Jumbo -

---

Plz. recommend allowing  
dwelling units by right in  
industrial zone - currently  
industrial does not allow dwelling  
by right -

more mixed use further east  
on 2nd st -



# APPENDIX E, SUMMARY OF COMMENTS FROM THE HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY CONDUCTED IN JANUARY 2025

SUMMARY OF HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY RESULTS BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE

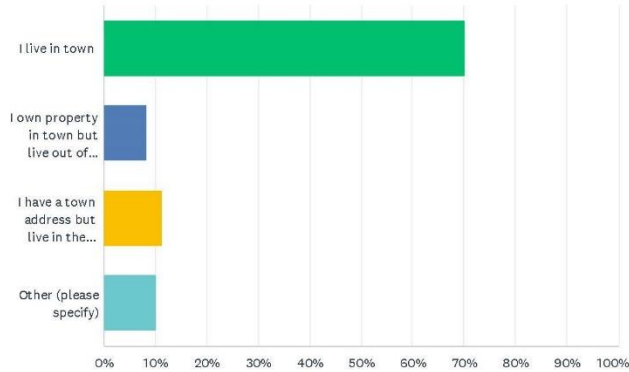


APPENDIX E, SUMMARY OF COMMENTS FROM THE HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY CONDUCTED IN JANUARY 2025

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q1 What is your relationship to the town?

Answered: 97 Skipped: 0



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
I live in town	70.10%	68
I own property in town but live out of town	8.25%	8
I have a town address but live in the county	11.34%	11
Other (please specify)	10.31%	10
TOTAL		97

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

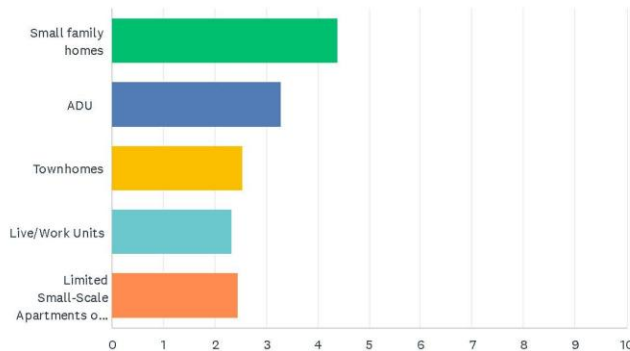
Q2 What do you want to see for housing and neighborhoods in the next 20 years?

Answered: 80 Skipped: 17

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q3 How would you rate the following; 1= most important, 5=least important  
 Policy Housing -11 : Supporting the development of a range of housing options, as may be appropriate in different parts of the community, including, but not limited to small homes, accessory dwelling units, townhomes, live/work units, and limited small-scale apartments or condominiums.

Answered: 96 Skipped: 1



APPENDIX E, SUMMARY OF COMMENTS FROM THE HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY CONDUCTED IN JANUARY 2025

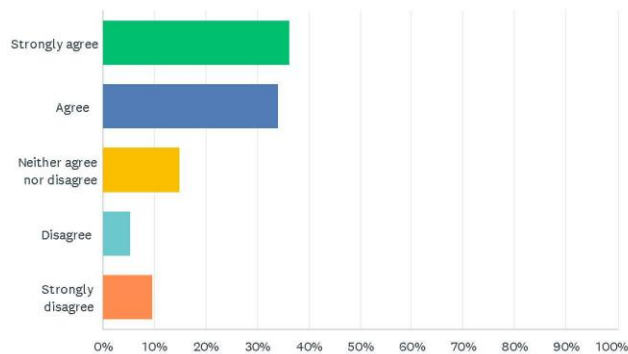
Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	SCORE
Small family homes	63.54% 61	21.88% 21	7.29% 7	5.21% 5	2.08% 2	96	4.40
ADU	20.83% 20	31.25% 30	14.58% 14	21.88% 21	11.46% 11	96	3.28
Townhomes	3.13% 3	17.71% 17	31.25% 30	26.04% 25	21.88% 21	96	2.54
Live/Work Units	0.00% 0	13.54% 13	32.29% 31	27.08% 26	27.08% 26	96	2.32
Limited Small-Scale Apartments or Condominiums	12.50% 12	15.63% 15	14.58% 14	19.79% 19	37.50% 36	96	2.46

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q4 Do You Agree, Disagree, or Have Some Other Opinion About the Following Statement: Policy Housing -16: Expand housing options for the aging population to facilitate aging in place such as ADUs and intergenerational households and housing products for downsizing households.

Answered: 94 Skipped: 3



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	COUNT
Strongly agree	36.17%	34
Agree	34.04%	32
Neither agree nor disagree	14.89%	14
Disagree	5.32%	5
Strongly disagree	9.57%	9
TOTAL		94

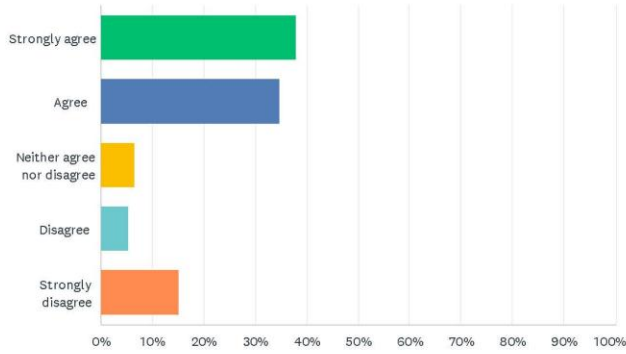


APPENDIX E, SUMMARY OF COMMENTS FROM THE HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY CONDUCTED IN JANUARY 2025

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q5 Do You Agree, Disagree, or Have Some Other Opinion About the Following Statement: Policy Housing - 7: Take advantage of all opportunities to add needed affordable and workforce housing to Paonia and the surrounding area while being mindful of the Town's desire to avoid overconcentration and overly dense construction in any one neighborhood.

Answered: 92 Skipped: 5



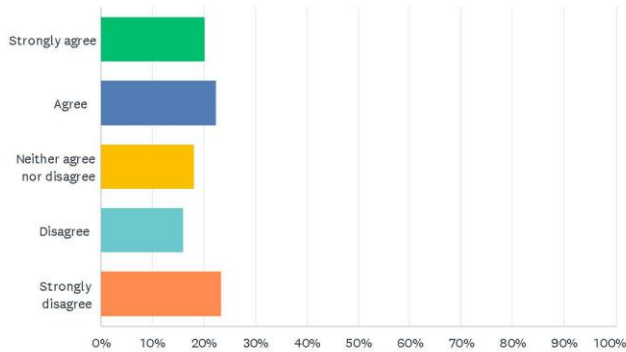
Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Strongly agree	38.04%	35
Agree	34.78%	32
Neither agree nor disagree	6.52%	6
Disagree	5.43%	5
Strongly disagree	15.22%	14
TOTAL		92

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q6 Do You Agree, Disagree, or Have Some Other Opinion About the Following Statement: Policy Housing -25: The Town will create programs and/or incorporate tools within its Land Development Code to reduce substandard housing that will also help to identify specific structures and/or general areas for rehabilitation, redevelopment, and, if appropriate, demolition.

Answered: 94 Skipped: 3



APPENDIX E, SUMMARY OF COMMENTS FROM THE HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY CONDUCTED IN JANUARY 2025

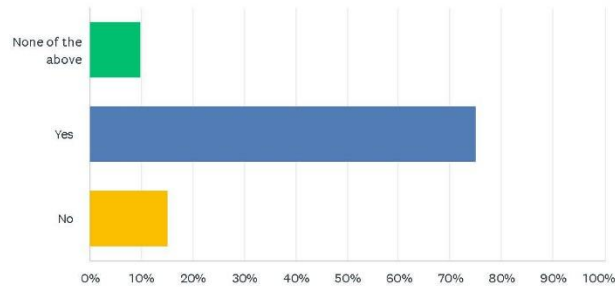
Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Strongly agree	20.21%	19
Agree	22.34%	21
Neither agree nor disagree	18.09%	17
Disagree	15.96%	15
Strongly disagree	23.40%	22
TOTAL		94

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q7 Do you want to see connected neighborhoods to multiple types of transportation such as walking, cycling as well as the automobile?

Answered: 92 Skipped: 5



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
None of the above	9.78%	9
Yes	75.00%	69
No	15.22%	14
TOTAL		92

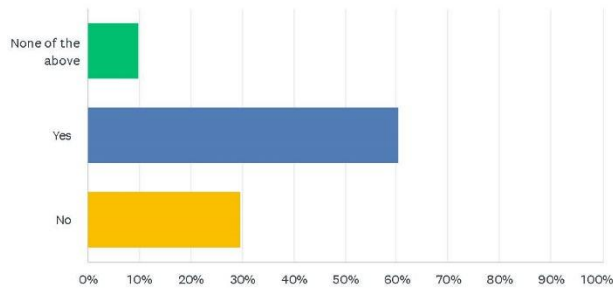


APPENDIX E, SUMMARY OF COMMENTS FROM THE HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY CONDUCTED IN JANUARY 2025

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q8 Are you in favor of encouraging accessory dwelling units that may be restricted as long-term rentals with affordable leases.

Answered: 91 Skipped: 6

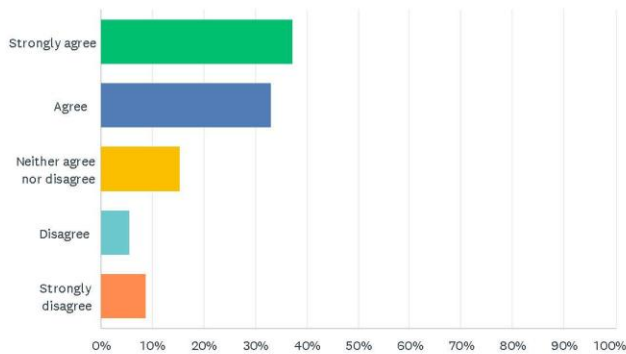


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
None of the above	9.89%	9
Yes	60.44%	55
No	29.67%	27
TOTAL		91

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q9 Do You Agree, Disagree, or Have Some Other Opinion About the Following Statement:Policy Housing – 29: Ensure that all energy efficient designs and construction contemplate both noise trespass and light trespass.

Answered: 91 Skipped: 6



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Strongly agree	37.36%	34
Agree	32.97%	30
Neither agree nor disagree	15.38%	14
Disagree	5.49%	5
Strongly disagree	8.79%	8
TOTAL		91

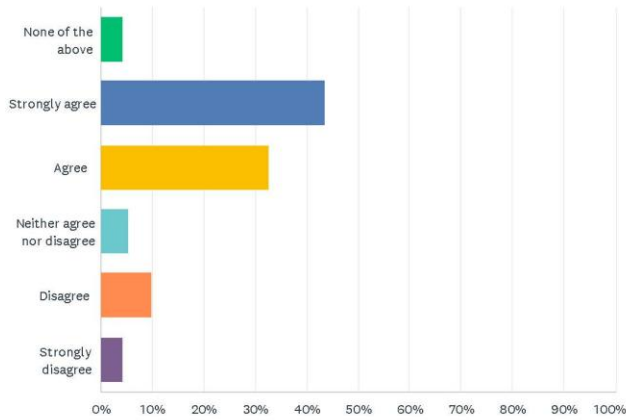


APPENDIX E, SUMMARY OF COMMENTS FROM THE HOUSING ELEMENT SURVEY CONDUCTED IN JANUARY 2025

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q10 Do You Agree, Disagree, or Have Some Other Opinion About the Following Statement: Goal Housing 4 & Policy Housing- 19: Preserve views to the surrounding mountains, natural amenities and scenic vistas from the public realm; ensure views are integrated into planning , for new development. This may include dedication of land, setbacks, height restrictions, modified building orientations or modified placement on a lot.

Answered: 92 Skipped: 5



Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
None of the above	4.35%	4
Strongly agree	43.48%	40
Agree	32.61%	30
Neither agree nor disagree	5.43%	5
Disagree	9.78%	9
Strongly disagree	4.35%	4
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>92</b>

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q11 Are there any policies that you believe should be included in the housing element, or any policies that should be removed and why?

Answered: 40 Skipped: 57

Town Housing and Neighborhoods Survey

Q12 Please provide any other comments that you may have here:

Answered: 35 Skipped: 62



## APPENDIX F, HOUSING NEEDS ASSESMENT AND HOUSING ACTION PLAN

Please view by using the following weblink

[Housing Needs Assessment and Action Plan | Town of Paonia](#)

